

OXREF BUNDLE

OXREF – Biblatex styles inspired by the *Oxford Guide to Style*

Alex Ball

18th January 2021

v2.2

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Introduction

This document provides the documented sources for the oxref bibliography styles:

- `oxnotes`: a style similar to the standard `verbose` and its variants, intended for use with footnotes;
- `oxnum`: a style similar to the standard `numeric`, intended for use with numeric in-text citation labels;
- `oxalph`: a style similar to the standard `alphabetic`, intended for use with alphabetic in-text citation labels;
- `oxyyear`: a style similar to the standard `authoryear`, intended for use with parenthetical in-text citations.

1.1 Quick start

The styles are self-contained, so you can load them with `biblatex`:

<pre>1 \usepackage[style=oxnotes]{biblatex}</pre>	<pre>1 \usepackage[style=oxalph]{biblatex}</pre>
<pre>1 \usepackage[style=oxnum]{biblatex}</pre>	<pre>1 \usepackage[style=oxyyear]{biblatex}</pre>

For further information, including some additional options you can set, please refer to the separate documentation files `oxnotes-doc.pdf`, `oxnum-doc.pdf`, `oxalph-doc.pdf`, and `oxyyear-doc.pdf` respectively.

1.2 Installation

1.2.1 Dependencies

To compile the documentation you will need to have the `minted` package working, which in turn relies on Python 2.6+ and Pygments. See the documentation of that package for details.

1.2.2 Managed way

The latest stable release of the `biblatex-oxref` bundle has been packaged for TeX Live and MiKTeX. If you are running TeX Live and have `tlmgr` installed, you can install the bundle simply by running `tlmgr install biblatex-oxref`. If you are running MiKTeX, you can install the bundle

by running `mpm --install=biblatex-oxref`. Both `tlmgr` and `mpm` have GUI versions that you might find friendlier.

1.2.3 AUTOMATED WAY

A makefile is provided which you can use with the Make utility on UNIX-like systems:

- Running `make source` generates the derived files
 - `README.md`
 - `oxref.bbx`, `oxnotes.bbx`, `oxnotes-ibid.bbx`, `oxnotes-note.bbx`, `oxnotes-inote.bbx`, `oxnotes-trad1.bbx`, `oxnotes-trad2.bbx`, `oxnotes-trad3.bbx`, `oxyear.bbx`, `oxnum.bbx`, `oxalph.bbx`
 - `oxnotes.cbx`, `oxnotes-ibid.cbx`, `oxnotes-note.cbx`, `oxnotes-inote.cbx`, `oxnotes-trad1.cbx`, `oxnotes-trad2.cbx`, `oxnotes-trad3.cbx`, `oxyear.cbx`, `oxnum.cbx`, `oxalph.cbx`
 - `american-oxref.lbx`, `british-oxref.lbx`, `english-oxref.lbx`
 - `oxnotes.dbx`, `oxnotes-ibid.dbx`, `oxnotes-note.dbx`, `oxnotes-inote.dbx`, `oxnotes-trad1.dbx`, `oxnotes-trad2.dbx`, `oxnotes-trad3.dbx`, `oxyear.dbx`, `oxnum.dbx`, `oxalph.dbx`
 - `oxref.bib`
 - `oxref.ins`
 - `oxnotes-doc.tex`, `oxyear-doc.tex`, `oxnum-doc.tex`, `oxalph-doc.tex`
- Running `make` generates the above files and also `oxref.pdf`, `oxnotes-doc.pdf`, `oxyear-doc.pdf`, `oxnum-doc.pdf` and `oxalph-doc.pdf`.
- Running `make inst` installs the files in the user's TeX tree. You can undo this with `make uninst`.
- Running `make install` installs the files in the local TeX tree. You can undo this with `make uninstall`.
- Running `make clean` removes auxiliary files from the working directory.
- Running `make distclean` removes the generated files from the working directory as well.

1.2.4 MANUAL WAY

To install the bundle from scratch, follow these instructions. If you have downloaded the zip file from the Releases page on GitHub, you can skip the first two steps.

1. Run `lualatex oxref.dtx` to generate the source files. (You can safely skip this step if you are confident about step 2.)
2. Compile `oxref.dtx`, `oxnotes-doc.tex`, `oxyear-doc.tex`, and `oxnum-doc.tex` with LuaLaTeX and Biber to generate the documentation. You will need to enable shell escape so that minted can typeset the listings.
3. Move the files to your TeX tree as follows:
 - `source/latex/biblatex-oxref`: `oxref.dtx`, `(oxref.ins)`
 - `tex/latex/biblatex-oxref`: `american-oxref.lbx`, `british-oxref.lbx`, `english-oxref.lbx`, `oxalph.bbx`, `oxalph.cbx`, `oxalph.dbx`, `oxnotes.bbx`, `oxnotes.cbx`, `oxnotes.dbx`, `oxnotes-ibid.bbx`, `oxnotes-ibid.cbx`, `oxnotes-ibid.dbx`, `oxnotes-inote.bbx`, `oxnotes-inote.cbx`, `oxnotes-inote.dbx`, `oxnotes-note.bbx`, `oxnotes-note.cbx`, `oxnotes-note.dbx`, `oxnotes-trad1.bbx`, `oxnotes-trad1.cbx`, `oxnotes-trad1.dbx`, `oxnotes-trad2.bbx`, `oxnotes-trad2.cbx`, `oxnotes-trad2.dbx`, `oxnotes-trad3.bbx`, `oxnotes-trad3.cbx`, `oxnotes-trad3.dbx`, `oxnum.bbx`, `oxnum.cbx`, `oxnum.dbx`, `oxref.bbx`, `oxyear.bbx`, `oxyear.cbx`, `oxyear.dbx`

- doc/latex/biblatex-oxref: README.md, oxalph-doc.pdf, oxalph-doc.tex, oxnotes-doc.pdf, oxnotes-doc.tex, oxnum-doc.pdf, oxnum-doc.tex, oxref.bib, oxref.pdf, oxyear-doc.pdf, oxyear-doc.tex
4. You may then have to update your installation's file name database before TeX and friends can see the files.

1.3 Licence

Copyright 2016–2021 Alex Ball.

This work consists of the documented LaTeX file oxref.dtx and a Makefile.

The text files contained in this work may be distributed and/or modified under the conditions of the LaTeX Project Public License (LPPL), either version 1.3c of this license or (at your option) any later version.

This work is ‘maintained’ (as per LPPL maintenance status) by Alex Ball.

Bibliography styles

2.1 Base style: oxref.bbx

2.1.1 LOADING DEPENDENCIES, SETTING UP LANGUAGES, APPLYING OPTIONS

Dependencies:

- For ease of maintenance, we will patch some definitions with xpatch instead of writing out our own in full.
- We will manipulate strings with xstring.
- We will use graphicx for stretching \bibnamedashes

```
20 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
21 \RequirePackage{xpatch}
22 \RequirePackage{xstring}
23 \RequirePackage{graphicx}
```

Language support may be widened in future, but for now we support British and American English. Adapted language files have the following suffix.

```
24 \DeclareLanguageMappingSuffix{-oxref}
```

We provide some additional bibliography strings:

- roles expressed as functions;

```
25 \NewBibliographyString{%
26   director, performer, reader, conductor, serieseditor, holder, editorcm,
27   directors, performers, readers, conductors, serieseditors, holders, editorcms,
```

- roles expressed as actions;

```
28 bydirector, byperformer, byreader, byconductor, byserieseditor, byholder, byeditorcm,
```

- publication details;

```
29 facsimile, revised, revisedenlarged, revisedreprint, suppto, equals, original,
```

- publication state;

30 impressin,

- pagination;

31 book, books, canto, cantos, stanza, stanzas, act, acts, scene, scenes, folio, folios,
 32 article, articles, clause, clauses, regulation, regulations, rule, rules,
 33 booktotal, booktotals, cantototal, cantototals, stanzatotal, stanzatotals,
 34 acttotal, acttotals, scenetotal, scenetotals, foliototal, foliototals,
 35 articletotal, articletotals, clausetotal, clausetotals, regulationtotal,
 36 regulationtotals, ruletotal, ruletotals,

- types;

37 facebook, tweet, podcast, clip, webcast, poster,

- miscellaneous;

38 nolocation, modified, recorded, uploaded, filed, issued,

- labels;

39 anon, pseudo, urldown,

- country names, patents, and patent requests;

40 countryjp, patentjp, patreqjp,

- borrowed from other styles.

41 1column, 2column, inflayer, suplayer, paper, papyrus, parchment,
 42 eucase, eujoinedcases, commissiondecision, application,
 43 order, bill, draft, opened, signed, adopted, inforce,
 44 }

We base our styles on the standard on the principle of least surprise (and to aid with maintenance in the face of new biblatex versions). We set some defaults different to the standard ones, but the author can still override them.

```
45 \RequireBibliographyStyle{standard}
46 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions{urldate=comp,pagetracker,timezeros=false,time=12h,isbn=false}
```

Here are the new default punctuation conventions. The new `\relatedtypepunct` is for before the `relatedtype` localization string, while `\recordseriespunct` is used for audiovisual resources.

```
47 \renewcommand*{\labelnamepunct}{\addcomma\space}
48 \renewcommand*{\newunitpunct}{\addcomma\space}
49 \renewcommand*{\subtitlepunct}{\addcolon\space}
50 \renewcommand*{\intitlepunct}{\nopunct\space}
51 \renewcommand*{\bibnamedash}{\resizebox{2em}{\height}{\textemdash}\addthinspace}
52 \newcommand*{\recordseriespunct}{\addcomma\space}
53 \newcommand*{\relatedtypepunct}{\addsemicolon\space}
54 \renewcommand*{\relateddelim}{\addsemicolon\space}
```

```

55 \DeclareDelimFormat{revsdnamedelim}{\addcomma}
56 \DeclareDelimFormat{authortypedelim}{\addspace}
57 \DeclareDelimFormat{editortypedelim}{\addspace}
58 \DeclareDelimFormat{translatortypedelim}{\addspace}

```

2.1.2 NAMES

We declare some new name formats so that authors/editors/others who appear mid-reference can be handled differently from those that appear at the head of the reference.

```

59 \DeclareNameAlias{bookauthor}{default}
60 \DeclareNameAlias{bookeditor}{default}

```

Traditionally, Oxford style (for the humanities) prints author names in small capitals in the bibliography, but in normal case in citations. This is falling out of fashion, so we introduce it as an option.

```

61 \newtoggle{blx@ox@scnames}
62 \DeclareBibliographyOption{scnames}[true]{%
63   \settoggle{blx@ox@scnames}{#1}
64 }

```

The style manuals prefer to omit titles but accept they may need to be included in some circumstances. There are some titles that are only used with full names and some that may be used with initials, so we provide an option for manually switching them off.

```

65 \newtoggle{blx@ox@nametitle}\toggleture{blx@ox@nametitle}%
66 \DeclareBilateXOption{global,type,entry}{usenametitles}[true]{%
67   \settoggle{blx@ox@nametitle}{#1}

```

We provide some additional macros for formatting names with titles. Here is the one for natural name order.

```

68 \newbibmacro*{name:title-given-family}[5]{%
69   \usebibmacro{name:delim}{#2#3#1}%
70   \usebibmacro{name:hook}{#2#3#1}%
71   \ifdefvoid{#5}{}{\iftoggle{blx@ox@nametitle}{\mkbibnametitle{#5}\isdot\bibnamedelimd}{}%}
72   \ifdefvoid{#2}{}{\mkbibnamegiven{#2}\isdot\bibnamedelimd}%
73   \ifdefvoid{#3}{}{%
74     \mkbibnameprefix{#3}\isdot
75     \ifprefchar
76       {}
77       {\ifuseprefix{\bibnamedelimc}{\bibnamedelimd}}%
78     \mkbibnamefamily{#1}\isdot
79     \ifdefvoid{#4}{}{\ifnumeral{#4}{\addcomma}\bibnamedelimd\mkbibnamesuffix{#4}\isdot}}

```

Here is the one for inverted name order.

```

80 \newbibmacro*{name:family-title-given}[5]{%
81   \ifuseprefix{%
82     \usebibmacro{name:delim}{#3#1}%
83     \usebibmacro{name:hook}{#3#1}%
84     \ifdefvoid{#3}{}{%
85       \ifcapital{%
86         \mkbibnameprefix{\MakeCapital{#3}}\isdot
87       }{%
88         \mkbibnameprefix{#3}\isdot}}

```

```

89   \ifprefchar{}{\bibnamedelmc}%
90   \mkbibnamefamily{#1}\isdot
91   \ifdefvoid{#4}{}{\ifnumeral{#4}{}{\addcomma}\bibnamedelmd\mkbibnamesuffix{#4}\isdot}%
92   \ifboolexe{%
93     (test {\ifdefvoid{#5}} or not \togg \blx@ox@nametitle)
94     and
95     test {\ifdefvoid{#2}}%
96   }{%
97     \revsdnamepunct}%
98   \ifdefvoid{#5}{}{\iftoggle{\blx@ox@nametitle}{\bibnamedelmd\mkbibnametitle{#5}\isdot}{}}
99   \ifdefvoid{#2}{}{\bibnamedelmd\mkbibnamegiven{#2}\isdot}%
100 }{%
101   \usebibmacro{name:delim}{#1}%
102   \usebibmacro{name:hook}{#1}%
103   \mkbibnamefamily{#1}\isdot
104   \ifdefvoid{#4}{}{\bibnamedelmd\mkbibnamesuffix{#4}\isdot}%
105   \ifboolexe{%
106     (test {\ifdefvoid{#5}} or not \togg \blx@ox@nametitle)
107     and
108     test {\ifdefvoid{#2}}%
109     and
110     test {\ifdefvoid{#3}}%
111   }{%
112     \revsdnamepunct}%
113   \ifdefvoid{#5}{}{\iftoggle{\blx@ox@nametitle}{\bibnamedelmd\mkbibnametitle{#5}\isdot}{}}
114   \ifdefvoid{#2}{}{\bibnamedelmd\mkbibnamegiven{#2}\isdot}%
115   \ifdefvoid{#3}{}{\bibnamedelmd\mkbibnameprefix{#3}\isdot}%

```

Oxford style (for the humanities) is to write author names surname first in the bibliography, but in natural order in citations. We implement this, along with the case changing option, in the following name format. We also add a second hash for checking if names (e.g. author and authoraddon) are the same.

```

116 \def\blx@ox@lasthash{}
117 \DeclareNameFormat{bib-family-given/cite-given-family}{%
118   \iffieldannotation{inferred}{\ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{1}{\bibopenbracket}{}}{%
119     \ifitemannotation{inferred}{\bibopenbracket}{%
120       \ifbibliography{%
121         \iftoggle{\blx@ox@scnames}{%
122           \renewcommand*{\mkbibnamefamily}[1]{\textsc{##1}}%
123           \renewcommand*{\mkbibnamegiven}[1]{\textsc{##1}}%
124           \renewcommand*{\mkbibnameprefix}[1]{\textsc{##1}}%
125           \renewcommand*{\mkbibnamesuffix}[1]{\textsc{##1}}%
126           \renewcommand*{\mkbibnametitle}[1]{\textsc{##1}}%
127         }{%
128           \ifgiveninit{%
129             \usebibmacro{name:family-title-given}{%
130               {\namepartfamily}%
131               {\namepartgiveni}%
132               {\namepartprefix}%
133               {\namepartsuffix}%
134               {\nameparttitle}%
135             }%
136             \usebibmacro{name:family-title-given}{%
137               {\namepartfamily}%
138               {\namepartgiven}%
139               {\namepartprefix}%
140               {\namepartsuffix}%
141               {\nameparttitle}%
142             }%
143             \savefield{hash}{\blx@ox@lasthash}%
144           }%
145         }%
146       }%
147     }%
148   }%
149 }

```

```

144 \ifitemannotation{pseudo}{%
145   \addspace\printtext[parens]{%
146     \iftoggle{blx@ox@scnames}{%
147       \textsc{\bibsstring{pseudo}}%
148     }{%
149       \bibsstring{pseudo}%
150     }%
151   }%
152   \iftoggle{blx@ox@scnames}{%
153     \renewcommand*\mkbibnamefamily[1]{##1}%
154     \renewcommand*\mkbibnamegiven[1]{##1}%
155     \renewcommand*\mkbibnameprefix[1]{##1}%
156     \renewcommand*\mkbibnamesuffix[1]{##1}%
157     \renewcommand*\mkbibnametitle[1]{##1}%
158   }{%
159   }%
160   \ifgiveninits{%
161     \usebibmacro{name:title-given-family}{%
162       {\ifitemannotation{pseudo}{\biblstring{pseudo}}{} \namepartfamily}%
163       {\namepartgiveni}%
164       {\namepartprefix}%
165       {\namepartsuffix}%
166       {\nameparttitle}%
167     }%
168     \usebibmacro{name:title-given-family}{%
169       {\ifitemannotation{pseudo}{\biblstring{pseudo}}{} \namepartfamily}%
170       {\namepartgiven}%
171       {\namepartprefix}%
172       {\namepartsuffix}%
173       {\nameparttitle}%
174     }%
175     \savefield{hash}{\blx@ox@lasthash}%
176   }%
177   \ifitemannotation{inferred}{\bibclosebracket}{}%
178   \usebibmacro{name:andothers}%
179   \iffieldannotation{inferred}{%
180     \ifboolexpr{%
181       test {\ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{\value{maxnames}}}%
182       or%
183       test {\ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{\value{listtotal}}}%
184       or %
185         test {\ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{\value{minnames}}}%
186         and%
187         test {\ifnumgreater{\value{listtotal}}{\value{maxnames}}}%
188       }%
189     }{\bibclosebracket}{}%
190   }%
191 }

```

We change the regular given-family format to include the alternative-name hash and use the title-enhanced name format. We also add a toggle for triggering special formatting if authoraddon or editoraddon are annotated with variant.

```

192 \newtoggle{blx@ox@variantname}%
193 \DeclarNameFormat{given-family}{%
194   \ifgiveninits{%
195     \usebibmacro{name:title-given-family}{%
196       {\namepartfamily}%
197       {\namepartgiveni}%
198       {\namepartprefix}%
199       {\namepartsuffix}%

```

```

200   {\nameparttitle}%
201   {\usebibmacro{name:title-given-family}%
202     {\namepartfamily}%
203     {\namepartgiven}%
204     {\namepartprefix}%
205     {\namepartsuffix}%
206     {\nameparttitle}}%
207   \savefield{hash}{\blx@ox@lasthash}%
208   \ifitemannotation{variant}{%
209     \global\settoggle{blx@ox@variantname}{true}%
210   }{%
211     \global\settoggle{blx@ox@variantname}{false}%
212   }%
213   \usebibmacro{name:andothers}%

```

We do likewise for the regular family-given format.

```

213 \Declarnamformat{family-given}{%
214   \ifgiveninits
215     {\usebibmacro{name:family-title-given}%
216       {\namepartfamily}%
217       {\namepartgiveni}%
218       {\namepartprefix}%
219       {\namepartsuffix}%
220       {\nameparttitle}}%
221     {\usebibmacro{name:family-title-given}%
222       {\namepartfamily}%
223       {\namepartgiven}%
224       {\namepartprefix}%
225       {\namepartsuffix}%
226       {\nameparttitle}}%
227   \savefield{hash}{\blx@ox@lasthash}%
228   \ifitemannotation{variant}{%
229     \global\settoggle{blx@ox@variantname}{true}%
230   }{%
231     \global\settoggle{blx@ox@variantname}{false}%
232   }%
233   \usebibmacro{name:andothers}%

```

There is no comma before numeric suffixes, but there is before textual ones (e.g. ‘junior’).

```

233 \xpatchbibmacro{name:given-family}%
234   {\bibnamedelimd\mkbibnamesuffix{#4}}%
235   {\ifnumeral{#4}{\addcomma}\bibnamedelimd\mkbibnamesuffix{#4}}%
236   {}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch name:given-family}}
237 \xpatchbibmacro{name:family-given}%
238   {\bibnamedelimd\mkbibnamesuffix{#4}}%
239   {\ifnumeral{#4}{\addcomma}\bibnamedelimd\mkbibnamesuffix{#4}}%
240   {}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch name:family-given}}

```

Pseudonyms are printed after the main name, enclosed in parentheses (OGS) or brackets (NHR). Biblatex provides the nameaddon field for this use case, but it is a literal field (it doesn’t format the name provided).

```

241 \Declarnamformat{nameaddon}{\mkbibbrackets{#1}}%
242 \Declarnamformat{namevariant}{\mkbibparens{\bibstring{equals}\space #1}}%

```

We provide an alternative method that uses new name fields authoraddon and editoraddon. To do this, we define a bibmacro that reimplements the loopcode logic of `\printnames`, but operates on two name lists simultaneously; we use saveboxes to extract the hashes, and only print the alternative name if it has a different hash. The same technique is used by oxyear below to pair up names with the short form used in references, so this bibmacro is written to handle both cases.

The `namepairs` bibmacro takes two arguments: the data fields holding the main name and alternative name respectively.

```

243 \newcounter{namepairs}
244 \newsavebox{\blx@ox@namebox}
245 \newsavebox{\blx@ox@altnamebox}
246 \newbibmacro*[namepairs][2]{%
247   \setcounter{namepairs}{0}%
248   \savebibmacro{name:andothers}%
249   \renewbibmacro*[name:andothers]{}%
250   \whileboolexpr{%
251     test {\ifnumless{\value{namepairs}}{\value{#1}}}%
252     and (%
253       test {\ifdefvoid{\c@maxnames}}%
254       or%
255       test {\ifnumequal{\c@maxnames}{0}}%
256       or%
257       test {\ifnumless{\value{#1}}{\c@maxnames}}%
258       or%
259       test {\ifnumequal{\value{#1}}{\c@maxnames}}%
260       or%
261       test {\ifdefvoid{\c@minnames}}%
262       or%
263       test {\ifnumequal{\c@minnames}{0}}%
264       or%
265       test {\ifnumless{\value{namepairs}}{\c@minnames}}%
266     )%
267   }%
268   \stepcounter{namepairs}%
269   \ifnumgreater{\value{namepairs}}{1}{%
270     \ifnumequal{\value{#1}}{2}{%
271       \setunit{\addspace\thebibstring{and}\addspace}%
272     }%
273     \ifnumequal{\value{namepairs}}{\value{#1}}{%
274       \setunit{\addcomma\space\thebibstring{and}\addspace}%
275     }%
276     \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
277   }%
278 }%
279 }%
280 \savebox{\blx@ox@namebox}{%
281   \printnames[#1][\value{namepairs}-\value{namepairs}]{#1}%
282 }%
283 \let\blx@ox@firsthash=\blx@ox@lasthash

```

This is the part intended for `authoraddon` and `editoraddon`. Note that it contains an additional test for the variant name toggle.

```

284 \IfEndWith{#2}{addon}{%
285   \savebox{\blx@ox@altnamebox}{%
286     \printnames[by#1][\value{namepairs}-\value{namepairs}]{#2}%
287   }%
288   \let\blx@ox@secondhash=\blx@ox@lasthash
289   \ifdefstreq{\blx@ox@firsthash}{\blx@ox@secondhash}{%
290     \unhbox\blx@ox@namebox
291   }%
292   \unhbox\blx@ox@namebox\addspace
293   \iftoggle{blx@ox@variantname}{%
294     \ifbibliography{%
295       \printtext[namevariant]{\printnames[#1][\value{namepairs}-
296         \value{namepairs}]{#2}}%
297     }%
298   }%
299 }%
300 
```

```

296     }{%
297     }%
298     \printtext[nameaddon]{\unhbox\blx@ox@altnamebox}%
299     }%
300     }%

```

This is the part intended for shortauthor and shorteditor. There are differences in the formatting, and the alternative name is actually printed before the main name.

```

301 }%
302 \savebox{\blx@ox@altnamebox}{%
303   \printnames[#1][\value{namepairs}-\value{namepairs}]{#2}%
304 }%
305 \let\blx@ox@secondhash=\blx@ox@lasthash
306 \ifdefstrequal{\blx@ox@firsthash}{\blx@ox@secondhash}{%
307   \unhbox\blx@ox@namebox
308 }%
309   \unhbox\blx@ox@altnamebox
310   \addspace\mkbibparens{\unhbox\blx@ox@namebox}%
311 }%
312 }%
313 }%

```

Now we return to common code.

```

314 \ifboolexpr{
315   test {\ifnumequal{\value{namepairs}}{\c@minnames}}
316   and
317   test {\ifnumgreater{\value{#1}}{\c@maxnames}}
318 }{%
319   \ifnumgreater{\c@minnames}{1}{%
320     \finalandcomma
321   }{%
322     \printdelim{andothersdelim}\bibstring{andothers}%
323   }{%
324     \restorebibmacro{name:andothers}%
325   }

```

We use this now for authors. We provide additional handling to support printing editors or translators promoted to joint authorship status.

```

326 \newbibmacro*{author+altauthor}{%
327   \ifboolexpr{
328     test {\ifnameundef{authoraddon}}
329     and
330     test {\ifnameundef{jointauthor}}
331   }{%
332     \printnames{author}%
333   }{%
334     \ifnumequal{\value{authoraddon}}{\value{author}}{%
335       \usebibmacro{namepairs}{author}{authoraddon}%
336     }{%
337       \printnames{author}%
338       \ifnameundef{authoraddon}{}{%
339         \setunit{\addspace}%
340         \printtext[nameaddon]{\printnames[byauthor]{authoraddon}}%
341       }{%
342         \ifnameundef{jointauthor}{}{%
343           \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
344           \iffieldundef{jointauthortype}{%

```

```

345     \bibstring{byeditor}%
346     }{%
347         \printfield{jointauthortype}%
348         \setunit{\addspace}%
349         \printnames[author]{jointauthor}%
350     }%
351     }%
352 }
353 \DeclareFieldFormat{jointauthortype}{%
354     \ifbibstring{by#1}{\bibstring{by#1}}{#1}}

```

This is the (simpler) implementation for editors.

```

355 \newbibmacro*{editor+altereditor}{%
356     \ifnameundef{editoraddon}{%
357         \printnames{editor}%
358     }{%
359         \ifnumequal{\value{editoraddon}}{\value{editor}}{%
360             \usebibmacro{namepairs}{editor}{editoraddon}%
361         }{%
362             \printnames{editor}%
363             \setunit*{\addspace}%
364             \printtext[nameaddon]{\printnames[byeditor]{editoraddon}}%
365         }%
366     }%
367 }

```

Traditional Oxford style is to use dashes instead of repeating author names, but NHR recommends abandoning the practice as it interferes with text mining. We therefore turn this feature off by default, but allow authors to switch it on with dashed=true.

```

368 \newbibmacro*{bbx:savehash}{}
369 \DeclareBibliographyOption{dashed}[true]{%
370     \ifstreq{\#1}{true}{%
371         \ExecuteBibliographyOptions{pagetracker}%
372         \renewbibmacro*{bbx:savehash}{\savefield{fullhash}{\bbx@lasthash}}%
373     }{%
374         \renewbibmacro*{bbx:savehash}{%
375     }%
376 }
377 \InitializeBibliographyStyle{%
378     \global\undef\bbx@lasthash}
379 \newbibmacro*{bbx:dashcheck}[2]{%
380     \ifboolexpr{%
381         test {\iffieldequals{fullhash}{\bbx@lasthash}}%
382         and%
383         not test \iffirstonpage%
384         and%
385         (%
386             not bool {\bbx@inset}%
387             or%
388             test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysetcount}{1}}%
389         )%
390     }{#1}{#2}%
391 }

```

The following is used in the authortitle and authoryear styles to switch off the dash check macro for reference sets.

```

392 \newbool{bbx@inset}
393 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{set}{%
394   \booltrue{bbx@inset}%
395   \entryset{}{}%
396   \newunit\newblock
397   \usebibmacro{setpageref}%
398   \finentry

```

We provide options for how to handle the author name ‘Anonymous’.

```

399 \newtoggle{blx@ox@autoanon}
400 \newtoggle{blx@ox@abbranon}
401 \DeclareBibliographyOption[string]{anon}[short]{%
402   \ifcsdef{blx@ox@opt@anon@#1}{%
403     \csuse{blx@ox@opt@anon@#1}%
404   }{%
405     \PackageError{biblatex-oxref}%
406     {Invalid option 'anon=#1'}%
407     {Valid values are 'long', 'short', and 'literal'.}}%
408 \csdef{blx@ox@opt@anon@literal}{\togglefalse{blx@ox@autoanon}}
409 \csdef{blx@ox@opt@anon@long}{\togglertrue{blx@ox@autoanon}\togglefalse{blx@ox@abbranon}}
410 \csdef{blx@ox@opt@anon@short}{\togglertrue{blx@ox@autoanon}\togglertrue{blx@ox@abbranon}}

```

We copy the author to `rawauthor` for easier testing.

```

411 \DeclareStyleSourcemap{
412   \maps[datatype=bibtex]{%
413     \map{%
414       \step[fieldsource=author]{%
415         \step[fieldset=rawauthor, origfieldval]{%
416       }%
417     }%
418   }%

```

The author macro is enhanced from the standard version by

- checking if the author name is ‘Anonymous’;
- including a dash check, to see if the name(s) should be replaced with a dash (as in `authortitle` and `authoryear`);
- inserting the `nameaddon` field if provided;
- inserting the author type if provided (as in `authoryear`).

```

419 \newcommand*\oxrefanon{Anonymous}
420 \newtoggle{blx@ox@isanon}
421 \renewbibmacro*{author}{%
422   \iffieldequals{rawauthor}{\oxrefanon}{%
423     \togglertrue{blx@ox@isanon}%
424   }{%
425     \togglefalse{blx@ox@isanon}%
426   }%
427   \ifboolexpr{%
428     test \ifuseauthor
429     and
430     ( not test {\ifnameundef{author}} )
431     and (
432       ( not tog {blx@ox@isanon} )
433       or
434       ( not tog {blx@ox@autoanon} )
435       or

```

```

435     test {\ifbibliography}
436   )
437 }
438 {\usebibmacro{bbx:dashcheck}
439 {\bibnamedash}
440 {\usebibmacro{bbx:savehash}%
441 \ifboolexpr{
442   togl {blx@ox@autoanon}
443   and
444   togl {blx@ox@isanon}
445 }{%
446   \iftoggle{blx@ox@abbranon}{\bibcpsstring{anon}}{\bibcplstring{anon}}%
447 }{%
448   \usebibmacro{author+altauthor}%
449 }%
450 \iffieldundef{nameaddon}
451 {}
452 {\setunit{\addspace}%
453 \printfield{nameaddon}}%
454 {\setunit{\printdelim{authortypedelim}}}%
455 \iffieldundef{authortype}
456 {}
457 {\usebibmacro{authorstrg}%
458 \setunit{\addspace}}%
459 {\global\undef\bbx@lasthash}}
460 \DeclareFieldFormat{authortype}{\mkbibparens{#1}}

```

We make the punctuation between a title and ‘by [author]’ configurable.

```
461 \newcommand{\titlebyauthordelim}{\addspace}
```

Following `authortitle` and `authoryear`, we redefine the `editor` and `editor+others` macros to use a common `bbx:editor` macro. The macro we use is the similar to the normal one except we delegate printing editor names to `editor+altereditor`, and we don’t yet add the year label.

```

462 \renewbibmacro*{editor}{%
463   \usebibmacro{bbx:editor}{editorstrg}%
464 \renewbibmacro*{editor+others}{%
465   \usebibmacro{bbx:editor}{editor+othersstrg}%
466 \newbibmacro*{bbx:editor}[1]{%
467   \ifboolexpr{
468     test \ifuseeditor
469     and
470     not test {\ifnameundef{editor}}}
471 }%
472 {\usebibmacro{bbx:dashcheck}
473 {\bibnamedash}
474 {\usebibmacro{editor+altereditor}%
475 \setunit{\printdelim{editortypedelim}}%
476 {\usebibmacro{bbx:savehash}%
477 \usebibmacro{#1}%
478 \clearname{editor}}%
479 {\global\undef\bbx@lasthash}}
480 \DeclareFieldFormat{editortype}{\mkbibparens{#1}}}
```

We do the same for translator as well.

```
481 \renewbibmacro*{translator}{%
482   \usebibmacro{bbx:translator}{translatorstrg}%
483 \renewbibmacro*{translator+others}{%
```

```

484 \usebibmacro{bbx:translator}{\translator+othersstrg}
485 \newbibmacro*[bbx:translator][1]{%
486   \ifboolexpr{
487     test \ifusetranslator
488     and
489     not test {\ifnameundef{translator}}}
490   }
491   {\usebibmacro{bbx:dashcheck}
492    {\bibnamedash}
493    {\printnames{translator}%
494     \setunit{\printdelim{translatortypedelim}}%
495     \usebibmacro{bbx:savehash}}%
496    \usebibmacro{#1}%
497    \clearname{translator}%
498    \setunit{\addspace}%
499    {\global\edef\bbx@lasthash{}}
500   \xpatchbibmacro{translatorstrg}{%
501     {\bibstring}%
502     {\bibstring[\mkbibparens]}%
503   }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch translatorstrg}}%
504   \xpatchbibmacro{translator+othersstrg}{%
505     {\bibstring}%
506     {\bibstring[\mkbibparens]}%
507   }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch translator+othersstrg}}%

```

When referencing one work from a collection by the same author, Oxford style traditionally puts ‘id.’ in the bookauthor position (instead of omitting it as in standard biblatex).

```

508 \renewbibmacro*[bybookauthor]{%
509   \ifnamesequal{\author}{\bookauthor}%
510   {\bibstring{idem}\thefield{gender}}%
511   {\printnames{\bookauthor}}}

```

Similarly, with mixed collections, if referencing a work by the editor of the collection, the editor name is replaced with ‘id.’. We insert this logic into a copy of the editor+others macro, which will *not* get a year inserted into it by oxyear.

```

512 \newbibmacro*[bookeditor]{%
513   \ifboolexpr{
514     test \ifuseeditor
515     and
516     not test {\ifnameundef{editor}}}
517   }{%
518   \ifnamesequal{\author}{\editor}{%
519     \bibstring{idem}\thefield{gender}}%
520     \setunit{\addspace}%
521     \usebibmacro{editor+othersstrg}%
522     \clearname{editor}%
523   }{%
524     \printnames[bookeditor]{\editor}%
525     \setunit{\addspace}%
526     \usebibmacro{editor+othersstrg}%
527     \clearname{editor}%
528   }%
529 }

```

We provide a macro for printing series editors.

```

530 \newbibmacro*[byserieseditor]{%
531   \ifnameundef{serieseditor}
532     {}
533   {\usebibmacro{bytypestrg}{serieseditor}{serieseditor}%
534     \setunit{\addspace}%
535     \printnames[byeditor]{serieseditor}%
536     \newunit}}

```

2.1.3 TITLES

Title handling is mostly as it is in the standard styles, except that the `titleaddon` is printed in square brackets; it is not preceded by punctuation.

```

537 \renewbibmacro*[title]{%
538   \ifboolexpr{
539     test {\iffieldundef{title}}
540     and
541     test {\iffieldundef{subtitle}}
542   }
543   {}
544   {\printtext[title]{%
545     \printfield[titlecase]{title}%
546     \setunit{\subtitlepunct}%
547     \printfield[titlecase]{subtitle}}%
548     \setunit{\addspace}%
549     \usebibmacro{origtitle}%
550     \setunit{\addspace}%
551     \printfield{titleaddon}%
552     \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{equals}{%
553       \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
554         \usebibmacro{related:init}%
555         \usebibmacro{related}%
556         \clearfield{related}%
557       }{}%
558     }{}%
559   }
560 \DeclareFieldFormat{titleaddon}{\mkbibbrackets{#1}}

```

The `origtitle` field is used for translated works. If the cited work is a native language translation of a foreign work, the original title is given in parentheses. If the cited work is foreign translation of a native language work, the original title is printed in square brackets, preceded by the name of the foreign language and ‘translation of’.

```

561 \DeclareFieldFormat{origtitle}{\mkbibemph{#1}}
562 \newbibmacro*[origtitle]{%
563   \iffieldundef{origtitle}{}{%
564     \iflistundef{language}{%
565       \printtext[parens]{\printfield{origtitle}}%
566     }{%
567       \printtext[brackets]{%
568         \printlist[language]\space
569         \bibstring{translationof}\space
570         \printfield{origtitle}}}}}

```

2.1.4 DATES AND TIMES

Year ranges are truncated (e.g. 2012–3). Therefore, we provide a command that compares two years, and outputs a full or truncated version of the second year, depending on how similar it is

to the first. It is adapted from code by Marco Daniel.¹

```
571 \newcommand{\blx@ox@compyear}[2]{%
572   \def\num@one{\#1}%
573   \def\num@two{\#2}%
574   \StrLen{\num@one}[\num@one@len]%
575   \StrLen{\num@two}[\num@two@len]%
```

The year is only trimmed if it is greater than, but has the same number of digits as, the comparison number.

```
576 \ifboolexpr{%
577   test {\ifnumequal{\num@one@len}{\num@two@len}}%
578   and
579   test {\ifnumless{\num@one}{\num@two}}%
580 }%
```

For years since 1000, at least two digits must be the same before trimming occurs.

```
581   \StrCompare{\num@one}{\num@two}[\Result]%
582   \ifnum\num@two@len>3%
583     \IfStrEq{\Result}{2}{\def\Result{1}}{}%
584   \fi
```

Since `\Result` is the number of digits to trim from the left hand side of the year, plus one, we provide an extra sacrificial zero before trimming.

```
585   \StrGobbleLeft{0\num@two}{\Result}%
586 }{\num@two}}
```

We patch the date range formats from `biblatex.sty` to use the above function.

```
587 \patchcmd{\mkdaterangefull}{%
588   \csuse{mkbibdate#1}{#2endyear}{#2endmonth}{#2endday}%
589 }{%
590   \iffieldundef{#2endmonth}%
591     {\blx@ox@compyear{\thefield{#2year}}{\thefield{#2endyear}}}%
592     {\csuse{mkbibdate#1}{#2endyear}{#2endmonth}{#2endday}}%
593 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch mkdaterangefull}}%
594 \patchcmd{\mkdaterangefullext}{%
595   \csuse{mkbibdate#1}{#2endyear}{#2endmonth}{#2endday}%
596 }{%
597   \iffieldundef{#2endmonth}%
598     {\blx@ox@compyear{\thefield{#2year}}{\thefield{#2endyear}}}%
599     {\csuse{mkbibdate#1}{#2endyear}{#2endmonth}{#2endday}}%
600 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch mkdaterangefullext}}%
601 \patchcmd{\mkdaterangetrunc@i}{%
602   \csuse{mkbibdate#1}{#2endyear}{#2endmonth}{#2endday}%
603 }{%
604   \iffieldundef{#2endmonth}%
605     {\blx@ox@compyear{\thefield{#2year}}{\thefield{#2endyear}}}%
606     {\csuse{mkbibdate#1}{#2endyear}{#2endmonth}{#2endday}}%
607 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch mkdaterangetrunc@i}}%
608 \patchcmd{\mkdaterangetruncextra@i}{%
609   \csuse{mkbibdate#1}{#2endyear}{#2endmonth}{#2endday}%
610 }{%
611   \iffieldundef{#2endmonth}%
612     {\blx@ox@compyear{\thefield{#2year}}{\thefield{#2endyear}}}%
```

¹<http://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/23483/>

```

613   {\csuse{mkbibdate#1}{#2endyear}{#2endmonth}{#2endday}}%
614 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch mkgdatearangetruncextra@i}}

```

We provide a way of prefacing dates (and times) with a type. This is mainly intended for online resources.

```

615 \DeclareFieldFormat{datetype}{%
616   \ifbibstring{#1}{\bibstring{#1}{#1\isdot}}%
617 }
618 \newtoggle{blx@ox@timefirst}
619 \DeclareBiblatexOption{global,type,entry}{timefirst}[true]{%
620   \settoggle{blx@ox@timefirst}{#1}}
621 \newbibmacro*{date+time}{%
622   \ifboolexpr{%
623     test {\iffieldundef{year}}%
624     and%
625     test {\iffieldundef{season}}%
626     and%
627     test {\iffieldundef{month}}%
628     and%
629     test {\iffieldundef{hour}}%
630   }{%
631     \printfield{datetype}}%
632   \setunit*{\addspace}%
633   \iftoggle{blx@ox@timefirst}{%
634     \printtime
635     \setunit*{\addcomma\space}}{%
636   \printdate
637   \iftoggle{blx@ox@timefirst}{%
638     \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
639     \printtime}}%
640 }
641 \renewbibmacro*{date}{\usebibmacro{date+time}}

```

We provide an equivalent for origdate. This is mainly intended for audiovisual resources (for the date of recording).

```

642 \DeclareFieldFormat{origdatetype}{%
643   \ifbibstring{#1}{\bibstring{#1}{#1\isdot}}%
644 }
645 \newbibmacro*{origdate+time}{%
646   \ifboolexpr{%
647     test {\iffieldundef{origyear}}%
648     and%
649     test {\iffieldundef{origseason}}%
650     and%
651     test {\iffieldundef{origmonth}}%
652     and%
653     test {\iffieldundef{orighour}}%
654   }{%
655     \printfield{origdatetype}}%
656   \setunit*{\addspace}%
657   \iftoggle{blx@ox@timefirst}{%
658     \printorigtime
659     \setunit*{\addcomma\space}}{%
660   \printorigdate
661   \iftoggle{blx@ox@timefirst}{%
662     \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
663     \printorigtime}}%
664 }

```

If a date is inferred, it goes in square brackets.

```
665 \DeclareFieldFormat{date}{%
666   \def\currentfield{date}%
667   \iffieldannotation{inferred}{\mkbibbrackets{\#1}}{\#1}%
668   \undef\currentfield}
669 \DeclareFieldFormat{origdate}{%
670   \def\currentfield{origdate}%
671   \iffieldannotation{inferred}{\mkbibbrackets{\#1}}{\#1}%
672   \undef\currentfield}
673 \DeclareFieldFormat{eventdate}{%
674   \def\currentfield{eventdate}%
675   \iffieldannotation{inferred}{\mkbibbrackets{\#1}}{\#1}%
676   \undef\currentfield}
```

2.1.5 EDITIONS, PAGES, AND OTHER NUMBER-LIKE FIELDS

We let edition take a localization key as well as a number.

```
677 \xpatchfieldformat{edition}{%
678   {\#1\isdot}%
679   {\ifbibstring{\#1}{\bibstring{\#1}}{\#1\isdot}}%
680 }{\wlog{[WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch edition}}}
```

Page ranges are compressed, but are not usually marked with ‘pp.’. The exception is if the page numbers are not obviously numbers.

```
681 \DeclareFieldFormat{pages}{%
682   \iffieldundef{bookpagination}%
683   {\mkcomprange{\#1}}%
684   {\mkcomprange[\mkpageprefix[bookpagination]]{\#1}}%
685 }
```

The same is true in citations.

```
686 \DeclareFieldFormat{postnote}{%
687   \iffieldundef{pagination}%
688   {\mkcomprange{\#1}}%
689   {\mkcomprange[\mkpageprefix]{\#1}}%
690 }
```

2.1.6 PUBLISHERS

The *Oxford Guide to Style* says it is fine to omit publisher names uniformly from bibliographic information. This is odd, but we can support it with a simple option.

```
691 \DeclareBibliographyOption{nopublisher}[true]{%
692   \DeclareFieldInputHandler{publisher}{\def\NewValue{}}
693 }
```

The style guides are less forgiving about omitting the place of publication. We provide a bibliography option that fills in such gaps with the *nolocation* localization string for selected entry types. It works using a source map, which is a clean solution but cannot easily be switched off again or used on a per-type basis.

```

694 \DeclareBibliographyOption{nolocation}[true]{%
695   \DeclareStyleSourcemap{%
696     \maps[datatype=bibtex]{%
697       \map{%
698         \pertype{book}%
699         \pertype{mvbook}%
700         \pertype{bookinbook}%
701         \pertype{inbook}%
702         \pertype{suppbook}%
703         \pertype{collection}%
704         \pertype{mvcollection}%
705         \pertype{incollection}%
706         \pertype{suppcollection}%
707         \pertype{reference}%
708         \pertype{mvreference}%
709         \pertype{inreference}%
710         \pertype{proceedings}%
711         \pertype{mvproceedings}%
712         \pertype{inproceedings}%
713         \step[notfield=location, fieldset=location,
714           ↳ fieldvalue={\noexpand\bibstring{nolocation}}]%
715       }%
716     }%
717   }%
}

```

We also provide an entry option that has the same effect; this works using the `\restorelist` mechanism instead.

```

718 \newtoggle{blx@ox@noloc}%
719 \def\blx@ox@noloc{{\bibstring{nolocation}}}%
720 \DeclareEntryOption{nolocation}[true]{%
721   \settoggle{blx@ox@noloc}{#1}%
722   \iflistundef{location}{%
723     \iftoggle{blx@ox@noloc}{\restorelist{location}{\blx@ox@noloc}}{}%
724   }%
}

```

2.1.7 URLs

The OGS recommends the ISO convention of enclosing URLs in angle brackets, but NHR recommends leaving URLs bare so as not to interfere with text-mining. The latter is the default.

```

725 \DeclareBibliographyOption{isourls}[true]{%
726   \ifstreq{\#1}{true}{%
727     {\DeclareFieldFormat{url}{$\langle$\url{\#1}\rangle$}}%
728     {\DeclareFieldFormat{url}{\url{\#1}}}}%
729   }%
730 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions{isourls=false}

```

NHR specifies that URLs should be broken across lines after slashes and percents, and before other punctuation. They should never break after hyphens.

```

731 \renewcommand*\biburlsetup{%
732   \Urlmuskip=0mu plus 2mu\relax
733   \mathchardef\UrlBigBreakPenalty=100\relax
734   \mathchardef\UrlBreakPenalty=200\relax
735   \def\UrlBigBreaks{\do/\do:}%
736   \def\UrlNoBreaks{\do(\do[\do\{\do\<]}%
737   \def\UrlBreaks{%

```

```

738 \do\>\do\}\do\]\do\)\do\\do\|%
739 \do\'\do\$do\*\do^\do")}%
740 \appto\UrlSpecials{%
741   \do!{\mathbin{}\mskip-\Urlmuskip\mathchar`!\mskip\Urlmuskip}%
742   \do\&{\mathbin{}\mskip-\Urlmuskip\mathchar`\&\mskip\Urlmuskip}%
743   \do+{\mathbin{}\mskip-\Urlmuskip\mathchar`+\mskip\Urlmuskip}%
744   \do,{\mathbin{}\mskip-\Urlmuskip\mathchar`\,\mskip\Urlmuskip}%
745   \do-\{\mathbin{}\mskip-\Urlmuskip\mathchar`-\mskip\Urlmuskip}%
746   \do.\{\mathbin{}\mskip-\Urlmuskip\mathchar`\.\mskip\Urlmuskip}%
747   \do;\{\mathbin{}\mskip-\Urlmuskip\mathchar`\;\mskip\Urlmuskip}%
748   \do={\mathbin{}\mskip-\Urlmuskip\mathchar`\=\mskip\Urlmuskip}%
749   \do?{\mathbin{}\mskip-\Urlmuskip\mathchar`\?\mskip\Urlmuskip}%
750   \do\_{\mathbin{}\mskip-\Urlmuskip\_mskip\Urlmuskip}%
751   \do#\{\mathbin{}\mskip-\Urlmuskip#\mskip\Urlmuskip}%
752 }%
753 \ifnumgreater{\value{biburlnumpenalty}}{0}{%
754   {\def\do##1{\appto\UrlSpecials{\do##1{\mathchar`##1 \penalty\value{biburlnumpenalty}}}}%%
755   \do\1\do\2\do\3\do\4\do\5\do\6\do\7\do\8\do\9\do\0}%
756 }%
757 \ifnumgreater{\value{biburlucpenalty}}{0}{%
758   {\def\do##1{\appto\UrlSpecials{\do##1{\mathchar`##1 \penalty\value{biburlucpenalty}}}}%%
759   \do\A\do\B\do\C\do\D\do\E\do\F\do\G\do\H\do\I\do\J}%
760   \do\K\do\L\do\M\do\N\do\O\do\P\do\Q\do\R\do\S\do\T}%
761   \do\U\do\V\do\W\do\X\do\Y\do\Z}%
762 }%
763 \ifnumgreater{\value{biburllcpenalty}}{0}{%
764   {\def\do##1{\appto\UrlSpecials{\do##1{\mathchar`##1 \penalty\value{biburllcpenalty}}}}%%
765   \do\a\do\b\do\c\do\d\do\do\do\do\do\do\do\do\j}%
766   \do\k\do\l\do\m\do\o\do\o\do\p\do\q\do\r\do\s\do\t}%
767   \do\u\do\v\do\w\do\x\do\y\do\z}%
768 }%
769 \let\do=\noexpand

```

URL dates are set off with a comma rather than parentheses.

```

770 \DeclareFieldFormat{urldate}{\bibstring{urlseen}\space#1}
771 \xpatchbibmacro{url+urldate}{%
772   {\setunit{\addspace}}%
773   {\setunit{\addcomma\addspace}}%
774 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch url+urldate}}

```

The DOI is introduced by ‘doi’ in lowercase.

```

775 \xpatchfieldformat{doi}{%
776   {\mkbibacro{DOI}}%
777   {\printtext{doi}}%
778 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch doi}}

```

Unlike URLs, DOIs are preceded by a full stop.

```

779 \xpatchbibmacro{doi+eprint+url}{%
780   {\printfield{doi}}%
781   {\setunit{\addperiod\space}\printfield{doi}}%
782 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch doi+eprint+url}}

```

2.1.8 ADDENDA

The publication state is given in parentheses. Other addenda are added plain.

```

783 \renewbibmacro*{addendum+pubstate}{%
784   \ifboolexpr{
785     test {\iffieldequalstr{labeldatesource}{pubstate}}
786     or
787     test {\iffieldequalstr{labeldatesource}{pubstate}}
788   }{}{%
789     \nopunct
790     \ifbibstring{\thefield{pubstate}}{%
791       \printtext[pubstate]{\bibstring{\thefield{pubstate}}}}{%
792     }{%
793       \printfield{pubstate}}}{%
794     \setunit{\addsemicolon\addspace}\newblock
795     \printfield{addendum}
796   }\ DeclareFieldFormat{pubstate}{\mkbibparens{#1}}

```

Publication descriptions are printed plain for unpublished works, and in brackets for other entry types.

```

797 \DeclareFieldFormat{howpublished}{\mkbibbrackets{#1}}
798 \DeclareFieldFormat[misc,unpublished]{howpublished}{#1}

```

2.1.9 ARTICLES AND PERIODICALS

Subtypes for articles and similar are in square brackets.

```

799 \DeclareFieldFormat[article,periodical,supperperiodical,review]{entrysubtype}{\mkbibbrackets{#1}}

```

We provide a command for testing if a title is abbreviated. We use the traditional L^AT_EX accent commands in case a non-Unicode input encoding is being used. Testing for Ç and § causes errors when using OT1 encoding.

```

800 \newcommand*{\blx@ox@abbrevstring}{%
801   A\^{A}BCDEFG\u{G}HI\.{I}\^{\.{I}}JKLMNO\"{O}\^{\.{O}}PQRSTU\"{U}\^{\.{U}}VWXYZ. }%
802 \AtBeginDocument{%
803   \ifdefstring{\encodingdefault}{OT1}{}{%
804     \renewcommand*{\blx@ox@abbrevstring}{%
805       A\^{A}BC\c{C}DEFG\u{G}HI\.{I}\^{\.{I}}JKLMNO\"{O}\^{\.{O}}PQRS\c{S}TU\"{U}\^{\.{U}}VWXYZ. }%
806   }%
807 }
808 \newcommand*{\ifabbrev}[3]{%
809   \StrRight{#1}{1}[\blx@ox@lastchar]%
810   \expandafter\IfSubStr*{\blx@ox@abbrevstring}{\blx@ox@lastchar}{#2}{#3}%
811 }

```

We renew the journal+issuetitle macro so that if a work takes up a whole issue (signified by using issuetitle instead of title), the title and journal title are separated by '=' instead of the usual punctuation. It also inserts an appropriate localization string if the publication status demands it. We insert a comma after the journal title, regardless of what follows. There is also a comma after numeric (but not textual) series.

```

812 \renewbibmacro*{journal+issuetitle}{%
813   \ifboolexpr{
814     test {\iffieldequalstr{title}{}}
815     and
816     not test {\iffieldequalstr{issuetitle}{}}
817   }{%
818     \usebibmacro{issue}%

```

```

819   \setunit{\addspace =\addspace}%
820 }%
821 \ifboolexpr{
822   ( not test {\iffieldundef{pubstate}} )
823   and
824   test {\ifbibxstring{\thefield{pubstate}in}}
825 }{%
826   \printtext{\bibstring{\thefield{pubstate}in}\space}%
827   \clearfield{pubstate}%
828 }{}%
829 \usebibmacro{journal}%
830 \iffieldundef{journalsubtitle}{%
831   \ifabbrev{\strfield{journaltitle}}{\setunit{\addspace}{\newunit}}%
832 }%
833   \ifabbrev{\strfield{journalsubtitle}}{\setunit{\addspace}{\newunit}}%
834 \iffieldundef{series}{%
835   \newunit\newblock
836   \printfield{series}%
837   \ifbibxstring{\thefield{series}}{%
838     \setunit{\addspace}%
839   }{%
840     \newunit}%
841   \usebibmacro{volume+number+eid}%
842   \setunit{\addspace}%
843   \usebibmacro{issue+date}%
844   \newunit

```

We renew the `title+issuetitle` macro (for whole periodical issues) to apply the same punctuation changes after the periodical name and series. At the same time, we delegate handling of volume and issue numbers to the appropriate macro so we can customize it.

```

845 \renewbibmacro*{title+issuetitle}{%
846   \usebibmacro{periodical}%
847   \iffieldundef{subtitle}{%
848     \ifabbrev{\strfield{title}}{\setunit{\addspace}{\newunit}}%
849   }%
850     \ifabbrev{\strfield{subtitle}}{\setunit{\addspace}{\newunit}}%
851 \iffieldundef{series}{%
852   \newunit\newblock
853   \printfield{series}%
854   \ifbibxstring{\thefield{series}}{%
855     \setunit{\addspace}%
856   }{%
857     \newunit}%
858   \usebibmacro{volume+number+eid}%
859   \setunit{\addspace}%
860   \usebibmacro{issue+date}%
861   \newunit

```

OGS and NHR provide plentiful options for formatting volume and issue numbers. We implement four of them here as options. The default is to use a slash between volume and issue number. Note that we prevent the `volume+number+eid` macro from actually printing the EID; this is printed by `issue+date` instead (see below).

```

862 \DeclareBibliographyOption[string]{issuestyle}[slash]{%
863   \ifcsdef{blx@ox@issuestyle@#1}{%
864     \csuse{blx@ox@issuestyle@#1}%
865   }{%
866     \PackageError{biblatex-oxref}%
867       {Invalid option 'issuestyle=#1'}%

```

```

868     {Valid values are 'slash', 'colon', 'comma', 'parens'}%
869   }%
870 }
871 \csdef{blx@ox@issuestyle@slash}{%
872   \renewbibmacro*{volume+number+eid}{%
873     \printfield{volume}%
874     \setunit*{\addslash}%
875     \printfield{number}%
876   }%
877 }
878 \csdef{blx@ox@issuestyle@colon}{%
879   \renewbibmacro*{volume+number+eid}{%
880     \printfield{volume}%
881     \setunit*{\addcolon\space}%
882     \printfield{number}%
883   }%
884 }
885 \csdef{blx@ox@issuestyle@comma}{%
886   \renewbibmacro*{volume+number+eid}{%
887     \printfield{volume}%
888     \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
889     \printfield{number}%
890   }%
891 }
892 \csdef{blx@ox@issuestyle@parens}{%
893   \renewbibmacro*{volume+number+eid}{%
894     \printfield{volume}%
895     \setunit*{\addspace}%
896     \printfield[parens]{number}%
897   }%
898 }
899 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions{issuestyle=slash}

```

OGS consistently prints dates of newspapers and magazines bare, but those of academic journals in parentheses. NHR seems to favour printing dates in parentheses regardless, but notes that some publishing houses take the OGS approach.

We provide an option for switching between the two approaches. If active and an issue has no volume or issue numbers (first block), the season and date are printed bare. Otherwise (second block) they are printed in parentheses just as in the standard version of the macro.

```

900 \newtoggle{blx@ox@varissuedate}
901 \DeclareBiblatexOption{global,type,entry}{varissuedate}[true]{%
902   \settoggle{blx@ox@varissuedate}{#1}}
903 \DeclareBiblatexOption{global,type,entry}{issuedate-plain}[true]{%
904   \settoggle{blx@ox@varissuedate}{#1}}
905 \renewbibmacro*{issue+date}{%
906   \ifboolexpr{
907     test {\iffieldundef{issue}}
908     and
909     test {\iffieldundef{year}}
910     and
911     test {\iffieldundef{season}}
912     and
913     test {\iffieldundef{month}}}
914 }{%
915   \ifboolexpr{
916     \togl {blx@ox@varissuedate}
917     and
918     test {\iffieldundef{volume}}}
919   and

```

```

920     test {\iffieldundef{number}}
921     }%
922     \newunit
923     \printtext{%
924       \iffieldundef{issue}{%
925         \usebibmacro{date}
926       }%
927       \printfield{issue}%
928       \setunit{\addspace}%
929       \usebibmacro{date}}%
930     }%
931     \printtext[parens]{%
932       \iffieldundef{issue}{%
933         \usebibmacro{date}}%
934       }%
935       \printfield{issue}%
936       \setunit{\addspace}%
937       \usebibmacro{date}}}}%
938   \newunit
939   \printfield{eid}%
940 }
```

Our article driver is like the standard one except

- it has no ‘in’ macro;
- there is a handler for the suppto relation;
- there is no language macro;
- the punctuation before related items is configurable.

```

941 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{article}{%
942   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
943   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
944   \usebibmacro{author+translator+others}%
945   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
946   \usebibmacro{title}%
947   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
948   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
949   \newunit\newblock
950   \usebibmacro{bytranslator+others}%
951   \newunit\newblock
952   \printfield{version}%
953   \newunit\newblock
954   \usebibmacro{journal+issuetitle}%
955   \newunit
956   \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
957   \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{suppto}{%
958     \setunit{\addsemicolon\space}%
959     \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
960       \usebibmacro{related:init}%
961       \usebibmacro{related}%
962       \clearfield{related}%
963     }{}%
964   }{}%
965   \newunit
966   \usebibmacro{note+pages}%
967   \newunit\newblock
968   \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}{%
969     {\printfield{isbn}}%
970   }{}%
971 }
```

```

972 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
973 \newunit\newblock
974 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
975 \iftoggle{bbx:related}%
976   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
977    \usebibmacro{related}%
978   }%
979 \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
980 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
981 \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

Similar changes are made to the periodical driver.

```

982 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{periodical}{%
983   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
984   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
985   \usebibmacro{editor}%
986   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
987   \usebibmacro{title+issuetitle}%
988   \newunit\newblock
989   \usebibmacro{byeditor}%
990   \newunit\newblock
991   \printfield{note}%
992   \newunit\newblock
993   \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}%
994     {\printfield{issn}%
995     }%
996   \newunit\newblock
997   \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
998   \newunit\newblock
999   \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1000  \iftoggle{bbx:related}%
1001    {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1002     \usebibmacro{related}%
1003   }%
1004 \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1005 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1006 \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

The suppperiodical driver is just like the article one, except the note comes sooner after the title. This is to allow it to be used as a descriptor. Since we're breaking the alias, we need to explicitly replicate the article formatting for the rest of the entry.

```

1007 \DeclareFieldFormat[suppperiodical]{title}{%
1008   \def\currentfield{title}%
1009   \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{#1}{\mkbibquote{#1\isdot}}%
1010   \undef\currentfield}
1011 \DeclareFieldFormat[suppperiodical]{volume}{#1}%

$$\textit{volume of a journal}$$

1012 \DeclareFieldFormat[suppperiodical]{number}{#1}%

$$\textit{number of a journal}$$

1013 \DeclareFieldFormat[suppperiodical]{series}{% series of a journal
1014   \ifinteger{#1}%
1015     {\mkbibordseries{#1}\~\bibstring{jourser}}%
1016     {\ifbibstring{#1}{\bibstring{#1}\{#1\}}}%
1017 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{suppperiodical}{%
1018   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1019   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1020   \usebibmacro{author/translator+others}%
1021   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1022   \usebibmacro{title}%
1023   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock

```

```

1024 \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1025 \newunit\newblock
1026 \usebibmacro{bytranslator+others}%
1027 \newunit\newblock
1028 \printfield{note}\clearfield{note}%
1029 \newunit\newblock
1030 \printfield{version}%
1031 \newunit\newblock
1032 \usebibmacro{journal+issuetitle}%
1033 \newunit
1034 \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1035 \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{suppto}{%
1036   \setunit{\addsemicolon\space}%
1037   \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
1038     \usebibmacro{related:init}%
1039     \usebibmacro{related}%
1040     \clearfield{related}%
1041   }{}%
1042 }{}%
1043 \newunit
1044 \usebibmacro{note+pages}%
1045 \newunit\newblock
1046 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}%
1047   {\printfield{issn}}%
1048   {}%
1049 \newunit\newblock
1050 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1051 \newunit\newblock
1052 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1053 \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
1054   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1055   \usebibmacro{related}}%
1056 }{}%
1057 \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1058 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1059 \usebibmacro{finentry}%

```

2.1.10 BOOKS AND WORKS IN BOOKS

By default, editors do not appear before the title in book or reference entries.

```
1060 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions[book,mvbook,reference,mvreference]{useeditor=false,usetranslator=false}
```

The titles of books that have been collected into an anthology are treated like regular chapters and set in quotes. Poems and plays, however, are set in italics.

```

1061 \DeclareFieldFormat[bookinbook]{title}{%
1062   \ifboolexpr{%
1063     test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{poem}}%
1064     or%
1065     test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{play}}%
1066   }{%
1067     \mkbibemph{\#1}%
1068   }{%
1069     \mkbibquote{\#1\isdot}%
}

```

Unlike the standard styles, we have a separate driver for `inreference`, so we need to change the title style accordingly.

```
1070 \DeclareFieldFormat[inreference]{title}{\mkbibquote{#1}\isdot}
```

Volume numbers in monograph-style entries are formatted as roman numerals (if they are indeed numbers). We take some care here to support simple ranges (e.g. 1-3, 4-9). Support for more complex ranges may be considered on request.

```
1071 \DeclareFieldFormat[book,mvbook,bookinbook,inbook,suppbook,%
1072 collection,mvcollection,incollection,suppcollection,%
1073 proceedings,mvproceedings,inproceedings,%
1074 reference,mvreference,inreference]{volume}{%
1075 \IfSubStr{#1}{-}{%
1076   \StrCount{#1}{-}[\blx@ox@dashnum]%
1077   \StrBefore{#1}{-}[\blx@ox@volnum]%
1078   \expandafter\ifinteger\blx@ox@volnum{\Rn{\blx@ox@volnum}}{\blx@ox@volnum}\bibrangedash
1079   \StrBehind[\blx@ox@dashnum]{#1}{-}[\blx@ox@volnum]%
1080   \expandafter\ifinteger\blx@ox@volnum{\Rn{\blx@ox@volnum}}{\blx@ox@volnum}%
1081 }%
1082 \ifinteger{#1}{\Rn{#1}}{#1}}
```

Where a multi-volume work is more like a series, the volume number and main title are put in a bracketed block between the volume title and the usual publication block.

```
1083 \newbibmacro*[maintitle+volume]{%
1084   \ifboolexpr{
1085     test {\iffieldundef{maintitle}}
1086     or
1087     test {\iffieldundef{volume}}
1088   }{}%
1089   {\printtext[maintitle+volume]{%
1090     \bibstring{volume}\addspace
1091     \printfield{volume}\printfield{part}\addspace
1092     \bibstring{ofseries}\addspace
1093     \usebibmacro{maintitle}}}
1094 }
1095 \DeclareFieldFormat{maintitle+volume}{\mkbibbrackets{#1}}
```

The *in* before the booktitle is suppressed for works in yearbooks.

```
1096 \renewbibmacro*[in:]{%
1097   \iffieldequalsstr{entrysubtype}{yearbook}{%
1098     \printtext{\bibstring{in}\intitlepunct}}}
```

Oxford style signifies formal publication by putting the relevant details in parentheses.

```
1099 \DeclareFieldFormat{publication}{\mkbibparens{#1}}
```

Standard biblatex puts a space between series name and number. OGS separates them with a comma. It also has an example with a series editor.

```
1100 \renewbibmacro*[series+number]{%
1101   \printfield{series}%
1102   \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
1103   \usebibmacro{byserieseditor}%
1104   \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
1105   \printfield{number}}
```

We provide an option for displaying the series information before, instead of within, the publication block.

```

1106 \newtoggle{blx@ox@altbookseries}
1107 \DeclareBibliographyOption[string]{bookseries}[in]{%
1108   \ifstrequal{\#1}{out}{%
1109     \toggletrue{blx@ox@altbookseries}%
1110   }%
1111   \togglefalse{blx@ox@altbookseries}%
1112   \ifstrequal{\#1}{in}{%
1113     \PackageError{biblatex-oxref}%
1114     {Invalid option 'bookseries=\#1'}%
1115     {Valid values are 'in' and 'out'.}}}}}
```

When citing both the first and a later edition, the first one comes first, and the later one comes after a semicolon. As per standard biblatex, the elements of a single edition are separated by commas except that the publisher is preceded by a colon. The origdate is only printed here if at least one of the edition, the origlocation or the origpublisher is also specified.

```

1116 \newcounter{locpubpairs}
1117 \newbibmacro*[edition+publisher+location+date]{%
1118   \printlist{origlocation}%
1119   \iflistundef{origpublisher}%
1120     {\setunit*{\addcomma\space}}%
1121     {\setunit*{\addcolon\space}}%
1122   \printlist{origpublisher}%
1123   \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
1124   \ifboolexpr{%
1125     test {\iflistundef{origlocation}}%
1126     and%
1127     test {\iflistundef{origpublisher}}%
1128     and%
1129     test {\iffieldundef{edition}}%
1130   }{%
1131     \printorigdate}%
1132   \setunit{\addsemicolon\space}%
1133   \printfield{edition}%
1134   \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
1135 }
```

If there are the same number of locations and publishers, and there are more than one pair, we print them pairwise rather than in two separate lists. This uses the same principle as the namepairs bibmacro, but does not have the list truncation apparatus.

```

1135 \ifboolexpr{%
1136   test {\ifnumcomp{\value{publisher}}{>}{1}}%
1137   and%
1138   test {\ifnumequal{\value{location}}{\value{publisher}}}%
1139 }{%
1140   \setcounter{locpubpairs}{0}%
1141   \savebibmacro{list:andothers}%
1142   \renewbibmacro*[list:andothers]{%
1143     \whileboolexpr{%
1144       test {\ifnumcomp{\value{locpubpairs}}{<}{\value{publisher}}}%
1145     }{%
1146       \stepcounter{locpubpairs}%
1147       \ifnumcomp{\value{locpubpairs}}{>}{1}{%
1148         \ifnumequal{\value{publisher}}{2}{%
1149           \setunit*{\addspace\bibstring{and}\addspace}%
1150         }{%
1151           \ifnumequal{\value{locpubpairs}}{\value{publisher}}{%
1152             \setunit*{\addcomma\space\bibstring{and}\addspace}%
1153           }{%
1154             \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
1155           }%
1156         }%
1157       }%
1158     }%
1159   }%
1160 }
```

```

1155      }%
1156      }%
1157  }{}%
1158  \printlist[][\value{locpubpairs}-\value{locpubpairs}]{location}%
1159  \setunit{\addcolon\space}%
1160  \printlist[][\value{locpubpairs}-\value{locpubpairs}]{publisher}%
1161  }%
1162  \restorebibmacro{list:andothers}%
1163 }{%
1164  \printlist{location}%
1165  \iflistundef{publisher}%
1166  {\setunit{\addcomma\space}}%
1167  {\setunit{\addcolon\space}}%
1168  \printlist{publisher}%
1169 }%
1170  \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
1171  \usebibmacro{date}%
1172 }

```

Oxford style is to provide publication details – series name and number, edition, publisher, location, date – in a parenthetical block after the title information.

```

1173 \newbibmacro*{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}{%
1174   \iftoggle{blx@ox@altbookseries}{%
1175     \usebibmacro{series+number}%
1176     \setunit{\addspace}\newblock}{}%
1177   \ifboolexpr{%
1178     test {\iffieldundef{series}}%
1179     and%
1180     test {\iffieldundef{number}}%
1181     and%
1182     test {\iffieldundef{edition}}%
1183     and%
1184     test {\iflistundef{publisher}}%
1185     and%
1186     test {\iflistundef{location}}%
1187     and%
1188     test {\iffieldundef{year}}%
1189     and%
1190     test {\iffieldundef{season}}%
1191     and%
1192     test {\iffieldundef{month}}%
1193   }{}{%
1194     \nopunct%
1195     \printtext[publication]{%
1196       \iftoggle{blx@ox@altbookseries}{}{%
1197         \usebibmacro{series+number}%
1198         \setunit{\addsemicolon\addspace}}%
1199         \usebibmacro{edition+publisher+location+date}%
1200         \usebibmacro{copub}}}}%
1201   \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{copub}{\clearfield{related}}{%
1202     \setunit{\addspace}\newblock%
1203     \usebibmacro{origpub}%
1204   }

```

The edition information for reference works is recorded earlier in the reference, so we provide a variant that excludes it from the publication block.

```

1205 \newbibmacro*{series+number+publisher+location+date}{%
1206   \iftoggle{blx@ox@altbookseries}{%

```

```

1207     \usebibmacro{series+number}%
1208     \setunit{\addspace}\newblock}{}%
1209 \ifboolexpr{
1210   test {\iffieldundef{series}}
1211   and
1212   test {\iffieldundef{number}}
1213   and
1214   test {\iflistundef{publisher}}
1215   and
1216   test {\iflistundef{location}}
1217   and
1218   test {\iffieldundef{year}}
1219   and
1220   test {\iffieldundef{season}}
1221   and
1222   test {\iffieldundef{month}}
1223 }{}%
1224 \nopunct
1225 \printtext[publication]{%
1226   \iftoggle{blx@ox@altbookseries}{%
1227     \usebibmacro{series+number}%
1228     \setunit{\addsemicolon\addspace}{}%
1229     \usebibmacro{publisher+location+date}%
1230     \usebibmacro{copub}{}%
1231     \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{copub}{\clearfield{related}}%
1232     \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
1233     \usebibmacro{origpub}%
1234   }

```

The copub macro prints co-publication details.

```

1235 \newbibmacro*{copub}{%
1236   \ifboolexpr{
1237     \togg \{bbx:related\}
1238     and
1239     \test {\iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{copub}}%
1240   }{}%
1241   \setunit{\addsemicolon\space}%
1242   \usebibmacro{related:init}%
1243   \usebibmacro{related}%
1244 }{}%
1245 }

```

The origpub macro prints the origdate field if it has not yet been cleared.

```

1246 \newbibmacro*{origpub}{%
1247   \ifboolexpr{
1248     \test {\iflistundef{origlocation}}
1249     and
1250     \test {\iflistundef{origpublisher}}
1251     and
1252     \test {\iffieldundef{edition}}
1253     and
1254     ( \not \test {\iffieldundef{origyear}} )
1255   }{}%
1256   \printtext[parens]{\bibstring{origpubin}\space\printorigdate}%
1257 }{}%
1258 }

```

The changes to the book driver compared to the standard style are as follows:

- maintitle is processed with volume just before series, instead of with title;

- edition is processed where the standard style processes note, and vice versa;
- volumes is omitted;
- series to date information is delegated to a separate macro;
- support is added for howpublished field;

```

1259 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{book}{%
1260   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1261   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1262   \usebibmacro{author/editor+others/translator+others}%
1263   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1264   \usebibmacro{title}%
1265   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
1266   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1267   \newunit\newblock
1268   \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1269   \newunit\newblock
1270   \printfield{note}%
1271   \newunit\newblock
1272   \usebibmacro{maintitle+volume}%
1273   \newunit
1274   \usebibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}%
1275   \setunit{\addspace}%
1276   \printfield{howpublished}%
1277   \newunit\newblock
1278   \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1279   \newunit
1280   \printfield{pagetotal}%
1281   \newunit\newblock
1282   \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}%
1283     {\printfield{isbn}}
1284     {}%
1285   \newunit\newblock
1286   \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1287   \newunit\newblock
1288   \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1289   \iftoggle{bbx:related}%
1290     {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1291       \usebibmacro{related}%
1292     {}%
1293   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1294   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1295   \usebibmacro{finentry}
```

Unlike the standard styles, we have a separate driver for mvbook which behaves slightly differently. It is in fact closer to the standard book driver. The changes are as follows:

- volume/part is processed just after maintitle+title;
- edition is processed where the standard style processes note;
- note is processed after volumes;
- series to date information is delegated to a separate macro;

```

1296 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{mvbook}{%
1297   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1298   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1299   \usebibmacro{author/editor+others/translator+others}%
1300   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1301   \usebibmacro{maintitle+title}%
1302   \newunit
```

```

1303 \ifboolexpr{
1304   test {\iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{multivolume}}
1305   or
1306   ( not test {\iffieldundef{maintitle}} )
1307 }{}%
1308   \printfield{volume}%
1309   \printfield{part}%
1310 \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
1311 \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1312 \newunit\newblock
1313 \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1314 \newunit\newblock
1315 \printfield{volumes}%
1316 \newunit\newblock
1317 \printfield{note}%
1318 \newunit\newblock
1319 \ifboolexpr{
1320   test {\iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{multivolume}}
1321   and
1322   test {\iffieldundef{maintitle}}
1323 }{}%
1324   \printfield{volume}%
1325   \printfield{part}%
1326 }{}%
1327 \newunit\newblock
1328 \usebibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}%
1329 \newunit\newblock
1330 \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1331 \newunit
1332 \printfield{pagetotal}%
1333 \newunit\newblock
1334 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}%
1335   {\printfield{isbn}}
1336   {}%
1337 \newunit\newblock
1338 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1339 \newunit\newblock
1340 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1341 \iftoggle{bbx:related}%
1342   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1343     \usebibmacro{related}%
1344   {}%
1345 \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1346 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1347 \usebibmacro{finentry}%

```

Our `inbook` driver modifies the standard one in just the same way as our `mvbook` driver modifies the standard book.

```

1348 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{inbook}%
1349   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1350   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1351   \usebibmacro{author/translator+others}%
1352   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1353   \usebibmacro{title}%
1354   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
1355   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1356   \newunit\newblock
1357   \usebibmacro{in:}%
1358   \usebibmacro{bybookauthor}%
1359   \newunit\newblock

```

```

1360 \usebibmacro{maintitle+booktitle}%
1361 \newunit
1362 \iffieldundef{maintitle}
1363   {\printfield{volume}%
1364     \printfield{part}}%
1365   {}%
1366 \newunit\newblock
1367 \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1368 \newunit\newblock
1369 \printfield{volumes}%
1370 \newunit\newblock
1371 \printfield{note}%
1372 \newunit\newblock
1373 \usebibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}%
1374 \newunit\newblock
1375 \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1376 \newunit\newblock
1377 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1378   {\printfield{isbn}}%
1379   {}%
1380 \newunit\newblock
1381 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1382 \newunit\newblock
1383 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1384 \iftoggle{bbx:related}
1385   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1386     \usebibmacro{related}}%
1387   {}%
1388 \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1389 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1390 \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

Our `suppbook` driver is just like `inbook` except that the note is moved nearer the title so it can be used as a descriptor.

```

1391 \DeclareFieldFormat[suppbook]{title}{%
1392   \def\currentfield{title}%
1393   \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{#1}{\mkbibemph{#1}}%
1394   \undef\currentfield}
1395 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{suppbook}{%
1396   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1397   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1398   \usebibmacro{author/translator+others}%
1399   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1400   \usebibmacro{title}%
1401   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
1402   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1403   \newunit\newblock
1404   \printfield{note}%
1405   \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
1406   \usebibmacro{in:}%
1407   \usebibmacro{bybookauthor}%
1408   \newunit\newblock
1409   \usebibmacro{maintitle+booktitle}%
1410   \newunit
1411   \iffieldundef{maintitle}
1412     {\printfield{volume}%
1413       \printfield{part}}%
1414     {}%
1415 \newunit\newblock
1416 \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%

```

```

1417 \newunit\newblock
1418 \printfield{volumes}%
1419 \newunit\newblock
1420 \usebibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}%
1421 \newunit\newblock
1422 \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1423 \newunit\newblock
1424 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1425   {\printfield{isbn}}
1426   {}%
1427 \newunit\newblock
1428 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1429 \newunit\newblock
1430 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1431 \iftoggle{bbx:related}
1432   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1433     \usebibmacro{related}%
1434   {}%
1435 \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1436 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1437 \usebibmacro{finentry}}
```

We also provide a `bookinbook` driver that handles `origdate` differently.

```

1438 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{bookinbook}{%
1439   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1440   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1441   \usebibmacro{author/translator+others}%
1442   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1443   \usebibmacro{title}%
1444   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
1445   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1446   \newunit\newblock
1447   \usebibmacro{in:}%
1448   \usebibmacro{bybookauthor}%
1449   \newunit\newblock
1450   \usebibmacro{maintitle+booktitle}%
1451   \newunit
1452   \iffieldundef{maintitle}
1453     {\printfield{volume}%
1454      \printfield{part}%
1455     {}%
1456   \newunit\newblock
1457   \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1458   \newunit\newblock
1459   \printfield{volumes}%
1460   \newunit\newblock
1461   \printfield{note}%
1462   \newunit\newblock
1463   \usebibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}%
1464   \newunit\newblock
1465   \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1466   \newunit\newblock
1467   \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1468     {\printfield{isbn}}
1469     {}%
1470   \newunit\newblock
1471   \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1472   \newunit\newblock
1473   \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1474   \iftoggle{bbx:related}
```

```

1475   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1476     \usebibmacro{related}%
1477   }%
1478   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1479   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1480   \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

Our collection driver modifies the standard one in just the same way as our book driver.

```

1481 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{collection}{%
1482   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1483   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1484   \usebibmacro{editor+others}%
1485   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1486   \usebibmacro{title}%
1487   \newunit\newblock
1488   \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1489   \newunit\newblock
1490   \printfield{note}%
1491   \newunit\newblock
1492   \usebibmacro{maintitle+volume}%
1493   \newunit
1494   \usebibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}%
1495   \newunit\newblock
1496   \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1497   \newunit
1498   \printfield{pagetotal}%
1499   \newunit\newblock
1500   \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}%
1501     {\printfield{isbn}%
1502     }%
1503     \newunit\newblock
1504     \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1505     \newunit\newblock
1506     \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1507     \iftoggle{bbx:related}%
1508       {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1509         \usebibmacro{related}%
1510       }%
1511       \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1512       \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1513       \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

Our mvcollection driver modifies the standard collection driver in just the same way as our mvbook driver modifies the standard book.

```

1514 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{mvcollection}{%
1515   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1516   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1517   \usebibmacro{editor+others}%
1518   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1519   \usebibmacro{maintitle+title}%
1520   \newunit
1521   \ifboolexpr{
1522     test {\iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{multivolume}}
1523     or
1524     ( not test {\iffieldundef{maintitle}} )
1525   }{%
1526     \printfield{volume}%
1527     \printfield{part}%
1528   }%
1529   \newunit\newblock

```

```

1529 \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1530 \newunit\newblock
1531 \printfield{volumes}%
1532 \newunit\newblock
1533 \printfield{note}%
1534 \newunit\newblock
1535 \ifboolexpr{
1536   test {\iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{multivolume}}
1537   and
1538   test {\iffieldundef{maintitle}}
1539 }%
1540   \printfield{volume}%
1541   \printfield{part}%
1542 }%
1543 \newunit\newblock
1544 \usebibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}%
1545 \newunit\newblock
1546 \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1547 \newunit
1548 \printfield{pagetotal}%
1549 \newunit\newblock
1550 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1551   {\printfield{isbn}}
1552   {}%
1553 \newunit\newblock
1554 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1555 \newunit\newblock
1556 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1557 \iftoggle{bbx:related}
1558   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1559   \usebibmacro{related}%
1560   {}%
1561   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1562   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1563   \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

Our `incollection` driver modifies the standard one in the same way as our `mvbook` driver modifies the standard `book`. In addition, the `bookeditor` macro precedes `maintitle` instead of `byeditor+others` following it.

```

1564 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{incollection}{%
1565   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1566   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1567   \usebibmacro{author/translator+others}%
1568   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1569   \usebibmacro{title}%
1570   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
1571   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1572   \newunit\newblock
1573   \usebibmacro{in:}%
1574   \usebibmacro{bookeditor}%
1575   \newunit\newblock
1576   \usebibmacro{maintitle+booktitle}%
1577   \newunit
1578   \iffieldundef{maintitle}
1579     {\printfield{volume}%
1580     \printfield{part}%
1581     {}%
1582     \newunit\newblock
1583     \printfield{volumes}%
1584     \newunit\newblock

```

```

1585 \printfield{note}%
1586 \newunit\newblock%
1587 \usebibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}%
1588 \newunit\newblock
1589 \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1590 \newunit\newblock
1591 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1592   {\printfield{isbn}}
1593   {}%
1594 \newunit\newblock
1595 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1596 \newunit\newblock
1597 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1598 \iftoggle{bbx:related}
1599   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1600     \usebibmacro{related}{}}
1601   {}%
1602 \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1603 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1604 \usebibmacro{finentry}
```

Our `suppcollection` driver is just like `incollection` except that the note is moved nearer the title so it can be used as a descriptor.

```

1605 \DeclareFieldFormat[suppcollection]{title}{%
1606   \def\currentfield{title}%
1607   \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{#1}{\mkbibemph{#1}}%
1608   \undef\currentfield}
1609 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{suppcollection}{%
1610   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1611   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1612   \usebibmacro{author/translator+others}%
1613   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1614   \usebibmacro{title}%
1615   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
1616   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1617   \newunit\newblock
1618   \printfield{note}%
1619   \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
1620   \usebibmacro{in:}%
1621   \usebibmacro{bookeditor}%
1622   \newunit\newblock
1623   \usebibmacro{maintitle+booktitle}%
1624   \newunit
1625   \iffieldundef{maintitle}
1626     {\printfield{volume}%
1627      \printfield{part}{}}
1628   {}%
1629   \newunit\newblock
1630   \printfield{volumes}%
1631   \newunit\newblock
1632   \usebibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}%
1633   \newunit\newblock
1634   \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1635   \newunit\newblock
1636   \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1637     {\printfield{isbn}{}}
1638     {}%
1639   \newunit\newblock
1640   \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1641   \newunit\newblock
```

```

1642 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1643 \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
1644   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1645    \usebibmacro{related}%
1646    {}%}
1647   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1648   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1649   \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

Unlike the standard styles, we provide a separate driver for reference. It is just like book except that edition is given directly after the title.

```

1650 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{reference}{%
1651   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1652   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1653   \usebibmacro{author/editor+others/translator+others}%
1654   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1655   \usebibmacro{title}%
1656   \newunit\newblock
1657   \printfield{edition}%
1658   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
1659   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1660   \newunit\newblock
1661   \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1662   \newunit\newblock
1663   \printfield{note}%
1664   \newunit\newblock
1665   \usebibmacro{maintitle+volume}%
1666   \newunit
1667   \usebibmacro{series+number+publisher+location+date}%
1668   \newunit\newblock
1669   \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1670   \newunit
1671   \printfield{pagetotal}%
1672   \newunit\newblock
1673   \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}{%
1674     {\printfield{isbn}%
1675     {}%}
1676   \newunit\newblock
1677   \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1678   \newunit\newblock
1679   \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1680   \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
1681     {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1682      \usebibmacro{related}{}%
1683     {}%}
1684   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1685   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1686   \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

Similarly, mvreference is just like mvbook except that edition is given directly after the title.

```

1687 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{mvreference}{%
1688   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1689   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1690   \usebibmacro{author/editor+others/translator+others}%
1691   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1692   \usebibmacro{maintitle+title}%
1693   \newunit
1694   \ifboolexpr{%
1695     test {\iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{multivolume}}%

```

```

1696     or
1697     ( not test {\iffieldundef{maintitle} } )
1698     }{%
1699       \printfield{volume}%
1700       \printfield{part}%
1701       \newunit\newblock
1702       \printfield{edition}%
1703       \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
1704       \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1705       \newunit\newblock
1706       \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1707       \newunit\newblock
1708       \printfield{volumes}%
1709       \newunit\newblock
1710       \printfield{note}%
1711       \newunit\newblock
1712       \ifboolexpr{
1713         test {\iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{multivolume}}
1714         and
1715         test {\iffieldundef{maintitle}}
1716       }{%
1717         \printfield{volume}%
1718         \printfield{part}%
1719       }{%
1720         \newunit\newblock
1721         \usebibmacro{series+number+publisher+location+date}%
1722         \newunit\newblock
1723         \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1724         \newunit
1725         \printfield{pagetotal}%
1726         \newunit\newblock
1727         \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}%
1728           {\printfield{isbn}}
1729           {}%
1730         \newunit\newblock
1731         \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1732         \newunit\newblock
1733         \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1734         \iftoggle{bbx:related}%
1735           {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1736             \usebibmacro{related}%
1737           }{%
1738             \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1739             \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1740             \usebibmacro{finentry}%

```

Our `inreference` driver is just like `inbook` except `bookeditor` replaces `bybookauthor` and `edition` is given just before `byeditor+others`.

```

1741 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{inreference}{%
1742   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1743   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1744   \usebibmacro{author/translator+others}%
1745   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1746   \usebibmacro{title}%
1747   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
1748   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1749   \newunit\newblock
1750   \iffieldundef{editor}{}{%
1751     \usebibmacro{in:}%
1752     \usebibmacro{bookeditor}%

```

```

1753     \newunit\newblock}%
1754     \usebibmacro{maintitle+booktitle}%
1755     \newunit
1756     \iffieldundef{maintitle}
1757         {\printfield{volume}%
1758          \printfield{part}}%
1759     {}%
1760     \newunit\newblock
1761     \printfield{edition}%
1762     \newunit
1763     \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1764     \newunit\newblock
1765     \printfield{volumes}%
1766     \newunit\newblock
1767     \printfield{note}%
1768     \newunit\newblock%
1769     \usebibmacro{series+number+publisher+location+date}%
1770     \newunit\newblock
1771     \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1772     \newunit
1773     \printfield{pagetotal}%
1774     \newunit\newblock
1775     \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1776         {\printfield{isbn}}%
1777     {}%
1778     \newunit\newblock
1779     \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1780     \newunit\newblock
1781     \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1782     \iftoggle{bbx:related}
1783         {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1784          \usebibmacro{related}}%
1785     {}%
1786     \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1787     \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1788     \usebibmacro{finentry}%

```

2.1.11 WORKS PRESENTED AT MEETINGS

By default, editors do not appear before the title in proceedings entries.

```
1789 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions[proceedings,mvproceedings]{useeditor=false,usetranslator=false}
```

In our version of the event+venue+date macro, the venue and date are set off with commas respectively instead of parentheses.

```

1790 \renewbibmacro*{event+venue+date}{%
1791     \printfield{eventtitle}%
1792     \newunit
1793     \printfield{eventtitleaddon}%
1794     \newunit
1795     \printfield{venue}%
1796     \newunit%
1797     \printeventdate%
1798     \newunit}

```

The changes to the proceedings driver compared to the standard style are as follows:

- We support the concept of an author before the title, which is usually the organization;
- editor comes after the title, not before;

- volume/part is processed just after maintitle+title;
- note is moved to before series;
- series to date information is delegated to a separate macro;

As in the (inherited) standard style, mvproceedings is an alias for this driver, since it is unlikely that the proceedings of a single meeting will be split into long series of independently published volumes!

```

1799 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{proceedings}{%
1800   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1801   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1802   \usebibmacro{author}%
1803   \newunit
1804   \usebibmacro{maintitle+title}%
1805   \newunit
1806   \iffieldundef{maintitle}
1807     {\printfield{volume}%
1808      \printfield{part}}
1809     {}%
1810   \newunit\newblock
1811   \usebibmacro{event+venue+date}%
1812   \newunit\newblock
1813   \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1814   \newunit\newblock
1815   \printfield{volumes}%
1816   \newunit\newblock
1817   \printfield{note}%
1818   \newunit\newblock
1819   \printlist{organization}%
1820   \newunit
1821   \usebibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}%
1822   \newunit\newblock
1823   \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1824   \newunit
1825   \printfield{pagetotal}%
1826   \newunit\newblock
1827   \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1828     {\printfield{isbn}}
1829     {}%
1830   \newunit\newblock
1831   \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1832   \newunit\newblock
1833   \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1834   \iftoggle{bbx:related}
1835     {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1836       \usebibmacro{related}}
1837     {}%
1838   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1839   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1840   \usebibmacro{finentry}}
```

Our inproceedings driver modifies the standard one in the same way as our proceedings driver modifies the standard one.

```

1841 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{inproceedings}{%
1842   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1843   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1844   \usebibmacro{author/translator+others}%
1845   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1846   \usebibmacro{title}%
1847   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
```

```

1848 \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1849 \newunit\newblock
1850 \usebibmacro{in:}%
1851 \usebibmacro{maintitle+booktitle}%
1852 \newunit
1853 \iffieldundef{maintitle}
1854   {\printfield{volume}%
1855     \printfield{part}}%
1856   {}%
1857 \newunit\newblock
1858 \usebibmacro{event+venue+date}%
1859 \newunit\newblock
1860 \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1861 \newunit\newblock
1862 \printfield{volumes}%
1863 \newunit\newblock
1864 \printfield{note}%
1865 \newunit\newblock
1866 \printlist{organization}%
1867 \newunit
1868 \usebibmacro{series+number+publisher+location+date}%
1869 \newunit\newblock
1870 \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1871 \newunit\newblock
1872 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1873   {\printfield{isbn}}%
1874   {}%
1875 \newunit\newblock
1876 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1877 \newunit\newblock
1878 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1879 \iftoggle{bbx:related}
1880   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1881     \usebibmacro{related}}%
1882   {}%
1883 \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1884 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1885 \usebibmacro{finentry}%

```

2.1.12 GREY LITERATURE

We provide a macro for handling type+number. We provide some extra logic to insert ‘No.’ before the number if there is no type.

```

1886 \newbibmacro*{series+type+number}{%
1887   \ifboolexpr{
1888     test {\iffieldundef{series}}
1889     and
1890     test {\iffieldundef{type}}}
1891   {}{%
1892     \printfield{series}%
1893     \newunit
1894     \ifboolexpr{%
1895       test {\iffieldundef{type}}
1896       and
1897       not test {\iffieldundef{number}}}
1898     {}{%
1899       \bibcpstring{number}}
1900     {}%
1901     \printfield{type}}%

```

```

1902 }%
1903 \setunit*{\addspace}%
1904 \printfield{number}}}

```

Our version of the institution+location+date macro is just like the standard one except it is wrapped in parentheses, and the preceding punctuation is therefore suppressed. This is used by the report driver.

```

1905 \renewbibmacro*{institution+location+date}{%
1906   \ifboolexpr{%
1907     ( test {\iffieldundef{number}}%
1908       or%
1909       not test {\iffieldundef{type}}%
1910       or%
1911       not test {\iffieldundef{series}}%
1912     )%
1913     and%
1914     test {\iflistundef{institution}}%
1915     and%
1916     test {\iflistundef{location}}%
1917     and%
1918     test {\iffieldundef{year}}%
1919     and%
1920     test {\iffieldundef{season}}%
1921     and%
1922     test {\iffieldundef{month}}%
1923   }{}%
1924   \nopunct%
1925   \printtext[publication]{%
1926     \ifboolexpr{%
1927       test {\iffieldundef{series}}%
1928       and%
1929       test {\iffieldundef{type}}%
1930     }{}%
1931     \printfield{number}%
1932     \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
1933   }{}%
1934   \printlist{location}%
1935   \iflistundef{institution}%
1936   {\setunit*{\addcomma\space}}%
1937   {\setunit*{\addcolon\space}}%
1938   \printlist{institution}%
1939   \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
1940   \usebibmacro{date}}}}

```

We provide a slightly more complicated version with the type included at the beginning. It is used by the thesis driver. We provide two versions: one with the type outside and one with it inside the parentheses.

```

1941 \newtoggle{blx@ox@altthesis}%
1942 \newtoggle{blx@ox@plainthesis}%
1943 \DeclareFieldAlias{thesis:publication}{publication}%
1944 \DeclareFieldFormat{plain}{#1}%
1945 \DeclareBibliographyOption{altthesis}[true]{%
1946   \settoggle{blx@ox@altthesis}{#1}%
1947 }%
1948 \DeclareBibliographyOption[string]{thesis}[out]{%
1949   \ifstrequal{#1}{plain}{%
1950     \toggletrue{blx@ox@altthesis}%
1951     \toggletrue{blx@ox@plainthesis}%

```

```

1952 \DeclareFieldAlias{thesis:publication}{plain}%
1953 }%
1954 \togglefalse{blx@ox@plainthesis}%
1955 \DeclareFieldAlias{thesis:publication}{publication}%
1956 \ifstrequal{#1}{in}{%
1957   \toggletrue{blx@ox@altthesis}%
1958 }%
1959   \togglefalse{blx@ox@altthesis}%
1960 \ifstrequal{#1}{out}{%
1961   \PackageError{biblatex-oxref}%
1962     {Invalid option 'bookseries=#1'}%
1963     {Valid values are 'in', 'out', and 'plain'.}}}}}
1964 \newbibmacro*{type+institution+location+date}{%
1965   \iftoggle{blx@ox@altthesis}{%
1966     \ifboolexpr{%
1967       test {\iffieldundef{type}}%
1968       and%
1969       test {\iflistundef{institution}}%
1970       and%
1971       test {\iflistundef{location}}%
1972       and%
1973       test {\iffieldundef{year}}%
1974       and%
1975       test {\iffieldundef{season}}%
1976       and%
1977       test {\iffieldundef{month}}%
1978     }{%
1979       \iftoggle{blx@ox@plainthesis}{}{\nopunct}%
1980       \printtext[thesis:publication]{%
1981         \printfield{type}%
1982         \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
1983         \printlist{location}%
1984         \iflistundef{institution}{%
1985           \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
1986         }{%
1987           \setunit*{\addcolon\space}%
1988           \printlist{institution}%
1989           \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
1990           \usebibmacro{date}}%
1991     }%
1992     \printfield{type}%
1993   \newunit
1994   \usebibmacro{institution+location+date}}}}}
```

We provide an even more convoluted version that also includes series, title and number, and uses the more common publisher in place of institution. We also include some logic that means organization is used instead of publisher if no publisher is provided; otherwise it is printed before location. This is used by the manual driver.

```

1995 \newbibmacro*{type+series+number+edition+organization+publisher+location+date}{%
1996   \ifboolexpr{%
1997     test {\iffieldundef{type}}%
1998     and%
1999     test {\iffieldundef{series}}%
2000     and%
2001     test {\iffieldundef{number}}%
2002     and%
2003     test {\iffieldundef{edition}}%
2004     and%
2005     test {\iflistundef{organization}}%
2006     and%
```

```

2007 test {\iflistundef{publisher}}
2008 and
2009 test {\iflistundef{location}}
2010 and
2011 test {\iffieldundef{year}}
2012 and
2013 test {\iffieldundef{season}}
2014 and
2015 test {\iffieldundef{month}}
2016 }{}%
2017 \nopunct
2018 \printtext[publication]{%
2019   \usebibmacro{series+type+number}%
2020   \setunit{\addsemicolon\space}%
2021   \printfield{edition}%
2022   \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
2023   \iflistundef{publisher}{}{%
2024     \printlist{organization}%
2025     \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
2026     \printlist{location}%
2027   \iflistundef{publisher}{}{%
2028     \iflistundef{organization}{}{%
2029       \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
2030     }%
2031     \setunit*{\addcolon\space}%
2032     \printlist{organization}%
2033   }%
2034   \setunit*{\addcolon\space}%
2035   \printlist{publisher}%
2036   \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
2037   \usebibmacro{date}}}

```

The changes to the report driver compared to the standard style are as follows:

- support is added for `volume`, `maintitle` and `series`;
- `type` and `number` are moved to just before the publication information block;
- the punctuation is slightly different for the legal entry subtype.

```

2038 \newcommand*{\legereport}{legal}
2039 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{report}{%
2040   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
2041   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
2042   \usebibmacro{author}%
2043   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
2044   \usebibmacro{maintitle+title}%
2045   \newunit
2046   \iffieldundef{maintitle}%
2047     {\printfield{volume}%
2048      \printfield{part}}%
2049   }%
2050   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
2051   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
2052   \newunit\newblock
2053   \printfield{version}%
2054   \newunit\newblock
2055   \printfield{note}%
2056   \newunit\newblock
2057   \usebibmacro{series+type+number}%
2058   \setunit{\addspace}%
2059   \usebibmacro{institution+location+date}%

```

```

2060 \iffieldequals{entrysubtype}{\letereport}
2061   {\setunit{\addspace}\nopunct}
2062   {\newunit\newblock}%
2063 \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
2064 \newunit
2065 \printfield{pagetotal}%
2066 \newunit\newblock
2067 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
2068   {\printfield{isrn}}
2069   {}%
2070 \newunit\newblock
2071 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
2072 \newunit\newblock
2073 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
2074 \iftoggle{bbx:related}
2075   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
2076     \usebibmacro{related}{}}
2077   {}%
2078 \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
2079 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
2080 \usebibmacro{finentry}
```

We patch the thesis driver to use our slightly more complex version.

```

2081 \xpatchbibdriver{thesis}{%
2082   \printfield{type}%
2083   \newunit
2084   \usebibmacro{institution+location+date}%
2085 }{%
2086   \usebibmacro{type+institution+location+date}%
2087 }{}\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch thesis}
```

We give booklet entries descriptor support.

```

2088 \DeclareFieldFormat[booklet]{title}{%
2089   \def\currentfield{title}%
2090   \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{\#1}{%
2091     \mkbibquote{\#1\isdot}}%
2092   \undef\currentfield}
```

With patents, the titles are italic and the patent type is not abbreviated.

```

2093 \DeclareFieldFormat[patent]{title}{\mkbibemph{\#1}}
2094 \DeclareFieldFormat[patent]{type}{\ifbibrstring{\#1}{\biblstring{\#1}}{\#1}}
```

The holder, origdate and date fields have explicit signposting; the latter two use origdatetype and datetype, with some sensible defaults.

```

2095 \DeclareNameAlias{byholder}{default}
2096 \renewbibmacro*[byholder]{%
2097   \ifnameundef{holder}{}{%
2098     \bibstring{byholder}%
2099     \setunit{\addspace}%
2100     \printnames[byholder]{holder}{}}
2101 \newbibmacro*[location+dates]{%
2102   \ifboolexpr{
2103     test {\iffieldundef{location}}
2104     and
2105     test {\iffieldundef{origyear}}}
```

```

2106     and
2107     test {\iffieldundef{origmonth}}
2108     and
2109     test {\iffieldundef{year}}
2110     and
2111     test {\iffieldundef{month}}
2112 }{}{%
2113   \nopunct
2114   \printtext[publication]{%
2115     \printlist[][-\value{listtotal}]{location}%
2116     \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
2117     \ifboolexpr{
2118       test {\iffieldundef{origyear}}
2119       and
2120       test {\iffieldundef{origmonth}}
2121     }{}{%
2122       \iffieldundef{origdatatype}{%
2123         \bibstring{filed}
2124       }{%
2125         \printfield{origdatatype}}%
2126         \setunit{\addspace}%
2127         \usebibmacro{origdate+time}%
2128         \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
2129         \ifboolexpr{
2130           test {\iffieldundef{year}}
2131           and
2132           test {\iffieldundef{month}}
2133         }{}{%
2134           \iffieldundef{datatype}{%
2135             \bibstring{issued}
2136           }{%
2137             \printfield{datatype}}%
2138             \setunit{\addspace}%
2139             \usebibmacro{date}}}}}
```

The patent driver differs from the regular one by having note moved further forward, and having a publication block consisting of location, origdate and date.

```

2140 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{patent}{%
2141   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
2142   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
2143   \usebibmacro{author}%
2144   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
2145   \usebibmacro{title}%
2146   \newunit
2147   \printlist{language}%
2148   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
2149   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
2150   \newunit\newblock
2151   \printfield{note}%
2152   \newunit\newblock
2153   \printfield{type}%
2154   \setunit{\addspace}%
2155   \printfield{number}%
2156   \newunit\newblock
2157   \usebibmacro{byholder}%
2158   \newunit\newblock
2159   \usebibmacro{location+dates}%
2160   \newunit\newblock
2161   \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
2162   \newunit\newblock
```

```

2163 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
2164 \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
2165   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
2166    \usebibmacro{related}%
2167   }%
2168   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
2169   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
2170   \usebibmacro{finentry}%

```

Direct use of the manual entry type is not encouraged, but it serves as a basis for other entry types, notably standards, and software. The main change to the manual driver compared to the standard style is that type, series, number, edition and organization are moved into the publication information block with publisher, location and date. Note that standards will put the number field at the head of the reference if there is no author.

```

2171 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{manual}{%
2172   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
2173   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
2174   \ifboolexpr{%
2175     test {\ifentrytype{standard}%
2176       and%
2177       ( test {\ifnameundef{author}}%
2178         or%
2179         not test \ifuseauthor )%
2180       and%
2181       not test {\iffieldundef{number}}%
2182     }%
2183     {\printfield{number}\clearfield{number}%
2184      \newunit\newblock
2185     }%
2186   \usebibmacro{author/editor}%
2187   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
2188   \ifentrytype{software}{%
2189     {\usebibmacro{title+version}%
2190      {\usebibmacro{title}}%
2191     \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
2192     \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
2193     \newunit\newblock
2194     \usebibmacro{byeditor}%
2195     \newunit
2196     \ifentrytype{software}{%
2197       {}%
2198       {\newunit\printfield{version}}%
2199     \newunit
2200     \printfield{note}%
2201     \newunit\newblock
2202     \usebibmacro{type+series+number+edition+organization+publisher+location+date}%
2203     \newunit\newblock
2204     \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
2205     \newunit
2206     \printfield{pagetotal}%
2207     \newunit\newblock
2208     \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}{%
2209       {\printfield{isbn}}%
2210     }%
2211     \newunit\newblock
2212     \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
2213     \newunit\newblock
2214     \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
2215     \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
2216       {\usebibmacro{related:init}}%

```

```

2217   \usebibmacro{related}%
2218   {}%
2219   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
2220   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
2221   \usebibmacro{finentry}%
2222   \DeclareBibliographyAlias{standard}{manual}
2223   \ExecuteBibliographyOptions[standard]{useeditor=false}

```

2.1.13 AUDIOVISUAL MATERIALS

The publication block for audiovisual resources is quite different from the normal, as the type, series and number come between the publisher and date. The punctuation or otherwise between elements depends on the combination present. The date and time of recording is given before the block if a number is provided (indicating a published recording) but within it otherwise.

```

2224 \newbibmacro*{publisher+type+series+number+date}%
2225   \iffieldundef{number}{}{%
2226     \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
2227     \usebibmacro{origdate+time}%
2228   }%
2229   \ifboolexpr{%
2230     test {\iflistundef{origpublisher}}%
2231     and
2232     test {\iflistundef{location}}%
2233     and
2234     test {\iflistundef{publisher}}%
2235     and
2236     test {\iffieldundef{type}}%
2237     and
2238     test {\iffieldundef{series}}%
2239     and
2240     test {\iffieldundef{number}}%
2241     and
2242     test {\iffieldundef{year}}%
2243     and
2244     test {\iffieldundef{season}}%
2245     and
2246     test {\iffieldundef{month}}%
2247     and
2248     test {\iffieldundef{origyear}}%
2249     and
2250     test {\iffieldundef{origseason}}%
2251     and
2252     test {\iffieldundef{origmonth}}%
2253     and
2254     test {\iffieldundef{hour}}%
2255   }{}{%
2256     \nopunct
2257     \printtext[publication]{%
2258       \printlist{origpublisher}%
2259       \setunit*{\addsemicolon\space}%
2260       \printlist{location}%
2261       \iflistundef{publisher}%
2262         {\setunit*{\addcomma\space}}%
2263         {\setunit*{\addcolon\space}}%
2264       \printlist{publisher}%
2265       \iffieldundef{series}%
2266         {\setunit*{\addspace}}%
2267         {\setunit*{\recordseriespunct}}%
2268       \printfield{series}%

```

```

2269   \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
2270   \printfield{type}%
2271   \iflistundef{publisher}{%
2272     {\setunit{\addcomma\space}}%
2273     {\setunit{\addspace}}%
2274   \printfield{number}%
2275   \iffieldundef{number}{%
2276     \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
2277     \usebibmacro{origdate+time}%
2278   }{}%
2279   \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
2280   \usebibmacro{date+time}}}}

```

We provide the `endeditor` option to determine if credits should be placed before or after the publication block.

```

2281 \newtoggle{blx@ox@endeditor}
2282 \DeclareEntryOption{endeditor}[true]{%
2283   \settoggle{blx@ox@endeditor}{#1}}
2284 \newbibmacro*{pre-byeditor+others}{%
2285   \iftoggle{blx@ox@endeditor}{}{%
2286     \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
2287   }%
2288 \newbibmacro*{post-byeditor+others}{%
2289   \iftoggle{blx@ox@endeditor}{%
2290     \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
2291   }{}}

```

We provide a specialist audio driver. It borrows elements from the book and online drivers, and incorporates the above variations.

```

2292 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{audio}{%
2293   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
2294   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
2295   \usebibmacro{author}%
2296   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
2297   \usebibmacro{title}%
2298   \newunit
2299   \usebibmacro{maintitle}%
2300   \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{includes}{%
2301     \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
2302       \newunit\newblock
2303       \usebibmacro{related:init}%
2304       \usebibmacro{related}%
2305       \clearfield{related}%
2306     }{}%
2307   }{}%
2308   \setunit{\addspace}
2309   \usebibmacro{onlinetype}%
2310   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
2311   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
2312   \newunit\newblock
2313   \usebibmacro{pre-byeditor+others}%
2314   \newunit\newblock
2315   \printfield{volumes}%
2316   \newunit\newblock
2317   \printfield{note}%
2318   \newunit\newblock
2319   \printlist{organization}%
2320   \newunit\newblock%

```

```

2321 \usebibmacro{publisher+type+series+number+date}%
2322 \setunit{\addspace}%
2323 \printfield{howpublished}%
2324 \newunit\newblock
2325 \usebibmacro{post-byeditor+others}%
2326 \newunit\newblock
2327 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}{%
2328   {\printfield{isbn}}%
2329 }%
2330 \newunit\newblock
2331 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
2332 \newunit\newblock
2333 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
2334 \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
2335   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
2336     \usebibmacro{related}}%
2337 }%
2338 \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
2339 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
2340 \usebibmacro{finentry}

```

The same driver will do very well for music, video and movie.

```

2341 \DeclareBibliographyAlias{music}{audio}
2342 \DeclareBibliographyAlias{movie}{audio}
2343 \DeclareBibliographyAlias{video}{audio}

```

In parallel with book-like entries, we provide an `inaudio` driver for citing tracks from an album.

```

2344 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{inaudio}{%
2345   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
2346   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
2347   \usebibmacro{author}%
2348   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
2349   \usebibmacro{title}%
2350   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
2351   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
2352   \newunit\newblock
2353   \usebibmacro{in:}%
2354   \usebibmacro{bybookauthor}%
2355   \newunit\newblock
2356   \usebibmacro{maintitle+booktitle}%
2357   \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{includes}{%
2358     \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
2359       \newunit\newblock
2360       \usebibmacro{related:init}%
2361       \usebibmacro{related}%
2362       \clearfield{related}%
2363     }%
2364   }%
2365   \setunit{\addspace}
2366   \usebibmacro{onlinetype}%
2367   \newunit\newblock
2368   \usebibmacro{pre-byeditor+others}%
2369   \newunit\newblock
2370   \printfield{volumes}%
2371   \newunit\newblock
2372   \printfield{note}%
2373   \newunit\newblock
2374   \printlist{organization}%
2375   \newunit\newblock%

```

```

2376 \usebibmacro{publisher+type+series+number+date}%
2377 \setunit{\addspace}%
2378 \printfield{howpublished}%
2379 \newunit\newblock
2380 \usebibmacro{post-byeditor+others}%
2381 \newunit\newblock
2382 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}{%
2383   {\printfield{isbn}}%
2384 }%
2385 \newunit\newblock
2386 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
2387 \newunit\newblock
2388 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
2389 \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
2390   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
2391     \usebibmacro{related}}%
2392 }%
2393 \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
2394 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
2395 \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

The same driver will do very well for `inmusic`, `invideo` and `inmovie`. The latter two are for completeness but probably not useful.

```

2396 \DeclareBibliographyAlias{inmusic}{inaudio}
2397 \DeclareBibliographyAlias{inmovie}{inaudio}
2398 \DeclareBibliographyAlias{invideo}{inaudio}

```

We set up appropriate inheritance rules.

```

2399 \DeclareDataInheritance{audio,music,movie,video}{inaudio,inmusic,inmovie,invideo}{%
2400   \inherit{title}{booktitle}
2401   \inherit{subtitle}{booksubtitle}
2402   \inherit{titleaddon}{booktitleaddon}
2403   \noinherit{shorttitle}
2404   \noinherit{sorttitle}
2405   \noinherit{indextitle}
2406   \noinherit{indexsorttitle}
2407 }

```

Titles for videos do not have a consistent format, so we define some `entrysubtype`-based variation. We also allow the use of descriptors; note that the title is transformed into a descriptor by means of an annotation, rather than using a dedicated field. This greatly simplifies the code used elsewhere.

```

2408 \DeclareFieldFormat[audio,music]{title}{%
2409   \def\currentfield{title}%
2410   \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{\#1}{%
2411     \iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{podcast}{%
2412       \mkbibquote{\#1\isdot}%
2413     }{%
2414       \mkbibemph{\#1}}%
2415     \undef\currentfield
2416   }%
2417   \DeclareFieldFormat[movie,video]{title}{%
2418     \def\currentfield{title}%
2419     \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{\#1}{%
2420       \ifboolexpr{%
2421         test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{episode}}%
2422         or
2423         test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{clip}}%
2424       }{%
2425         \mkbibemph{\#1}%
2426       }{%
2427         \mkbibquote{\#1\isdot}%
2428       }%
2429     }%
2430   }%
2431 }

```

```

2423     or
2424     test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{webcast}}
2425   }%
2426   \mkbibquote{\#1\isdot}%
2427 }%
2428   \mkbibemph{\#1}}}}%
2429 \undef\currentfield
2430 \DeclareFieldFormat[inaudio,inmusic,inmovie,invideo]{title}{%
2431   \def\currentfield{title}%
2432   \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{#1}{%
2433     \mkbibquote{\#1\isdot}%
2434   }%
2435   \undef\currentfield
2436 \DeclareFieldFormat[inaudio,inmusic]{booktitle}{%
2437   \def\currentfield{booktitle}%
2438   \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{#1}{%
2439     \iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{podcast}{%
2440       \mkbibquote{\#1\isdot}%
2441     }%
2442       \mkbibemph{\#1}}}}%
2443 \undef\currentfield
2444 \DeclareFieldFormat[inmovie,invideo]{booktitle}{%
2445   \def\currentfield{booktitle}%
2446   \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{#1}{%
2447     \ifboolexpr{%
2448       test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{episode}}}
2449       or
2450       test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{clip}}}
2451       or
2452       test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{webcast}}}
2453     }%
2454     \mkbibquote{\#1\isdot}%
2455   }%
2456     \mkbibemph{\#1}}}}%
2457 \undef\currentfield

```

The performance driver is similar to the audio driver, but instead of a publication block, it displays a set of event-related fields. With a bit of generosity, it can also work for artworks and images.

```

2458 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{performance}{%
2459   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
2460   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
2461   \usebibmacro{author}%
2462   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
2463   \usebibmacro{title}%
2464   \newunit
2465   \usebibmacro{maintitle}%
2466   \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{includes}{%
2467     \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
2468       \newunit\newblock
2469       \usebibmacro{related:init}%
2470       \usebibmacro{related}%
2471       \clearfield{related}%
2472     }{}%
2473   }%
2474   \setunit{\addspace}
2475   \usebibmacro{onlinetype}%
2476   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
2477   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
2478   \newunit\newblock
2479   \usebibmacro{pre-byeditor+others}%

```

```

2480 \setunit{\addspace}%
2481 \printfield{howpublished}%
2482 \newunit\newblock
2483 \printfield{type}%
2484 \newunit\newblock
2485 \printfield{note}%
2486 \ifboolexpr{
2487   test {\iffieldundef{origyear}}
2488   and
2489   test {\iffieldundef{origmonth}}
2490 }{}{%
2491   \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
2492   \printtext[publication]{\usebibmacro{origdate+time}}}
2493 \newunit\newblock
2494 \usebibmacro{event+venue+location+date}%
2495 \newunit\newblock
2496 \usebibmacro{post-byeditor+others}%
2497 \newunit\newblock
2498 \printlist{organization}%
2499 \newunit\newblock
2500 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}%
2501   {\printfield{isbn}}
2502   {}%
2503 \newunit\newblock
2504 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
2505 \newunit\newblock
2506 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
2507 \iftoggle{bbx:related}%
2508   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
2509     \usebibmacro{related}%
2510   {}%
2511   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
2512   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
2513   \usebibmacro{finentry}%
2514 \DeclareBibliographyAlias{image}{performance}
2515 \DeclareBibliographyAlias{artwork}{performance}

```

Here is the macro used for printing the event location and date for performances and exhibitions.

```

2516 \newbibmacro*{event+venue+location+date}{%
2517   \printfield{eventtitle}%
2518   \newunit
2519   \printfield{eventtitleaddon}%
2520   \newunit
2521   \printlist{institution}%
2522   \newunit
2523   \printfield{venue}%
2524   \newunit
2525   \printlist{location}%
2526   \newunit%
2527   \ifboolexpr{
2528     test {\iffieldundef{year}}
2529     and
2530     test {\iffieldundef{month}}
2531   }{\printeventdate}{\usebibmacro{date+time}}}

```

2.1.14 DIGITAL MEDIA

Website articles and social media

The titles of web pages and similar intrinsically online resources are written in roman text within quotes.

```
2532 \DeclareFieldFormat[online,image]{title}{%
2533   \def\currentfield{title}%
2534   \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{#1}{\mkbibquote{#1\isdot}}%
2535   \undef\currentfield}
```

We provide an `onlinetype` macro for clarifying the type of online material. It is triggered by appropriate values of `entrysubtype`.

```
2536 \newbibmacro*{onlinetype}{%
2537   \ifboolexpr{
2538     test {\iffieldundef{url}}
2539     or
2540     test {\iffieldundef{entrysubtype}}
2541   }{%
2542     \ifbibxstring{\thefield{entrysubtype}}{%
2543       \printtext[brackets]{\bibstring{\thefield{entrysubtype}}}
2544     }{}}
```

The changes to the `online` driver compared to the standard style are as follows:

- We support the use of `maintitle` for, say, the title of the website in which the web page is located. This comes after `title`.
- We insert the aforementioned `onlinetype` macro after `maintitle`.
- The date is wrapped in parentheses if present.
- We support displaying a publisher after the date; this is a legacy feature based on examples that are now deprecated.

```
2545 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{online}{%
2546   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
2547   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
2548   \usebibmacro{author/editor+others/translator+others}%
2549   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
2550   \usebibmacro{title}%
2551   \newunit
2552   \usebibmacro{maintitle}%
2553   \setunit{\addspace}%
2554   \usebibmacro{onlinetype}%
2555   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
2556   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
2557   \newunit\newblock
2558   \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
2559   \newunit\newblock
2560   \printfield{version}%
2561   \newunit
2562   \printfield{note}%
2563   \newunit\newblock
2564   \printlist{organization}%
2565   \iffieldundef{year}{}{%
2566     \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
2567     \printtext[parens]{\usebibmacro{date+time}}%
2568   }%
2569   \newunit\newblock
```

```

2570 \printlist{publisher}%
2571 \newunit\newblock
2572 \iftoggle{bbx:eprint}
2573   {\usebibmacro{eprint}}
2574   {}%
2575 \newunit\newblock
2576 \usebibmacro{url+urldate}%
2577 \newunit\newblock
2578 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
2579 \iftoggle{bbx:related}
2580   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
2581     \usebibmacro{related}%
2582   {}%
2583   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
2584   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
2585   \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

Software

The version for software goes between the title and titleaddon.

```

2586 \newbibmacro*[title+version]{%
2587   \ifboolexpr{
2588     test {\iffieldundef{title}}
2589     and
2590     test {\iffieldundef{subtitle}}
2591   }
2592   {}
2593   {\printtext[title]{%
2594     \printfield[titlecase]{title}%
2595     \setunit{\subtitlepunct}%
2596     \printfield[titlecase]{subtitle}}%
2597     \setunit{\addspace}%
2598   \printfield[version]%
2599   \setunit{\addspace}%
2600   \printfield[titleaddon]%
2601 }
2602 \DeclareFieldFormat[software]{version}{\mkbibparens{\bibstring{version}\~\#1}}

```

The url date string is different for software: ‘downloaded’ rather than ‘accessed’.

```

2603 \DeclareFieldFormat[software]{urldate}{\bibstring{urldown}\space\#1}

```

The software driver is a variant of the manual driver.

```

2604 \DeclareBibliographyAlias{software}{manual}

```

Datasets

The main change to the dataset driver compared to the standard style is that type, series, number, edition and organization are moved into the publication information block with publisher, location and date.

```

2605 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{dataset}{%
2606   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
2607   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
2608   \usebibmacro{author/editor+others/translator+others}%
2609   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock

```

```

2610 \usebibmacro{title}%
2611 \newunit
2612 \printlist{language}%
2613 \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
2614 \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
2615 \newunit\newblock
2616 \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
2617 \newunit\newblock
2618 \printfield{type}%
2619 \newunit
2620 \printfield{version}%
2621 \newunit\newblock
2622 \printfield{note}%
2623 \newunit\newblock
2624 \usebibmacro{type+series+number+edition+organization+publisher+location+date}%
2625 \newunit\newblock
2626 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
2627 \newunit\newblock
2628 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
2629 \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
2630   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
2631    \usebibmacro{related}%
2632    {}%
2633   }%
2634   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
2635   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
2636   \usebibmacro{finentry}}%

```

2.1.15 LEGAL REFERENCES

Legal references are a law unto themselves, and thus require extensive fiddly coding. This entire section is adapted from oscola by Paul Stanley.

Entry options

```

2636 \newtoggle{bbx:scotstyle}
2637 \DeclareEntryOption{scottish-style}[true]{%
2638   \settoggle{bbx:scotstyle}{#1}}
2639 \newboolean{bbx@year-essential}\setboolean{bbx@year-essential}{false}
2640 \DeclareEntryOption{year-essential}[true]{%
2641   \setboolean{bbx@year-essential}{#1}}
2642 \newboolean{bbx@paryear-essential}\setboolean{bbx@paryear-essential}{false}
2643 \DeclareEntryOption{paryear-essential}[true]{%
2644   \setboolean{bbx@paryear-essential}{#1}}
2645 \newtoggle{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}
2646 \newtoggle{bbx:altcourt}
2647 \DeclareBilateXOption{global,type,entry}{court-plain}[true]{%
2648   \settoggle{bbx:altcourt}{#1}}
2649 \newtoggle{bbx@ecliuse}
2650 \newtoggle{bbx@eclionly}
2651 \DeclareBibliographyOption[string]{ecli}[yes]{%
2652   \ifstreq{#1}{no}{%
2653     \global\togglefalse{bbx@ecliuse}%
2654     \global\togglefalse{bbx@eclionly}%
2655   }%
2656   \global\toggletrue{bbx@ecliuse}%
2657   \ifstreq{#1}{only}{%
2658     \global\toggletrue{bbx@eclionly}%
2659   }}}%

```

Field formats

```

2660 \DeclareFieldFormat{casenotetitle}{\mkbibquote{\mkbibemph{#1}}}
2661 \DeclareFieldFormat[jurisdiction,legislation,legal]{journaltitle}{#1}
2662 \DeclareFieldFormat[jurisdiction]{volume}{#1}
2663 \DeclareFieldFormat[jurisdiction]{titleaddon}{\mkbibparens{#1}}
2664 \DeclareFieldFormat{romanvol}{\RN{#1}}
2665 \DeclareListFormat[jurisdiction]{listb}{}%
2666 \DeclareFieldFormat{usseries}{\ifinteger{#1}{\mkusbibordinal{#1}}{#1}}
2667 \DeclareFieldFormat{verba}{#1}
2668
2669 \DeclareListFormat{echrinst}{%
2670   \ifboolexpr{%
2671     test {\ifnumequal{\value{listtotal}}{1}}%
2672     or
2673     test {\ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{\value{listtotal}}}%
2674   }%
2675   \ifboolexpr{%
2676     test {\ifdefstring{\Commission}{#1}}%
2677     or
2678     test {\ifdefstring{\commission}{#1}}%
2679   }%
2680   \bibstring{commissiondecision}%
2681 }{#1}%
2682 }%
2683 \setcounter{blx@tmpcnt}{\value{listcount}}%
2684 \addtocounter{blx@tmpcnt}{1}%
2685 \ifnumequal{\value{blx@tmpcnt}}{\value{listtotal}}{%
2686   #1\space\bibstring{and}\addspace
2687 }{%
2688   #1\addcomma\space}}}}%
2689
2690 \newcommand*\commission{commission}
2691 \newcommand*\Commission{Commission}
2692 \DeclareListFormat{ectrh}{%
2693   \ifboolexpr{%
2694     test {\ifdefstring{\Commission}{#1}}%
2695     or
2696     test {\ifdefstring{\commission}{#1}}%
2697   }{\bibstring[\mkbibparens]{commissiondecision}\toggletrue{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}}}}%
2698
2699 \newcommand*\pcijrep{PCIJ Rep}
2700 \DeclareFieldFormat{international}{%
2701   \iffieldequals{journaltitle}{\pcijrep}{%
2702     \bibcpstring{jourser}\space #1%
2703   }{#1}}%
2704
2705 \DeclareListFormat{checkcontains}{%
2706   \bbx@check{#1}}%
2707 \newtoggle{bbx@institutiontoggle}
2708 \newcommand\iflistcontains[2]{%
2709   \global\togglefalse{bbx@institutiontoggle}%
2710   \def\bbx@check##1{%
2711     \ifdefstring{##2}{##1}{\global\toggletrue{bbx@institutiontoggle}}{}}%
2712   \printlist[checkcontains]{#1}%
2713   \iftoggle{bbx@institutiontoggle}{}}%
2714
2715 \DeclareFieldFormat{draftleg}{%
2716   \StrBefore{#1}{ Bill}}%
2717
2718 \DeclareListFormat{billprinting}{%
2719   \ifstreq{#1}{HC}{%
```

```

2720   \mkbibbrackets{\strfield{number}}%
2721   \toggletrue{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}%
2722 }%
2723 \strfield{number}%
2724 \togglefalse{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}}}

2725
2726 \newcommand*\treatysep{\allowbreak ---\allowbreak}
2727 \DeclareListFormat[treaty]{%
2728   \ifmoreitems{}{%
2729     \ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{1}{%
2730       \bibopenparen
2731     }{%
2732       \ifnumgreater{\value{liststop}}{\value{listcount}}{%
2733         #1\treatysep
2734       }%
2735       #1\bibcloseparen}}}

2736
2737 \def\siganddate#1{%
2738   \def\bbx@tempa{#1}%
2739   \expandafter\bbx@signeddatei#1/relax}
2740 \def\bbx@signeddatei#1=#2/relax{%
2741   \def\bbx@tempa{#2-}%
2742   \bibstring{#1}\space\expandafter\makebbx@datei\bbx@tempa}
2743 \def\makebbx@datei#1-#2-#3-{%
2744   \makebbx@dateii{#1}{#2}{#3}}
2745 \def\makebbx@dateii#1#2#3{%
2746   \blx@imc@stripzeros{#3}\~\mkbibmonth{#2}%
2747   \space
2748   #1}
2749 \DeclareListFormat[treatydates]{%
2750   \ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{1}{%
2751     \siganddate{#1}%
2752   }{%
2753     \addcomma\space\siganddate{#1}}}

```

Pagination formats

We define an alternative to `\mkpageprefix` that takes a pagination key directly.

```

2754 \newrobustcmd*\mkrawpageprefix[1][none]{%
2755   \begingroup
2756   \def\blx@tempa{\blx@mkpageprefix@i}%
2757   \ifstreq{\#1}{none}{}{%
2758     \ifbibstring{\#1}{%
2759       \def\blx@tempa{\blx@mkpageprefix{\#1}}%
2760     }%
2761     \blx@warning@entry{Unknown pagination type '#1'}}}%
2762 \ifnextchar[%]
2763   {\blx@tempa}
2764   {\blx@tempa[\@firstofone]}}

2765
2766 \newcommand*\paragraphmarkings[{}]
2767 \DeclareFieldFormat[jurisdiction,legislation,legal]{postnote}{%
2768   \iffieldundef{pagination}{%
2769     \ifboolexpr{%
2770       test {\ifkeyword{eu}}
2771       or
2772       test {\ifkeyword{echr}}}
2773     }{%
2774       \mkcomprange[{\mkrawpageprefix[paragraph]}]{#1}}%

```

```

2775 }%
2776 \mkcomprange{#1}%
2777 }%
2778 \iffieldequals{pagination}{\paragraphmarkings}{%
2779   \mkcomprange[\mkbibbrackets]{#1}%
2780 }%
2781 \mkcomprange[{\mkpageprefix[pagination]}]{#1}}}

```

Shorthands

With legal references, the introduction of shorthands is less verbose.

```

2782 \renewbibmacro*{shorthandintro}{%
2783   \iffieldundef{shorthandintro}%
2784     {\iffieldundef{shorthand}%
2785       {}%
2786       {\setunit{\addspace}%
2787         \printtext[parens]{%
2788           \ifboolexpr{%
2789             test {\ifentrytype{jurisdiction}}%
2790             or
2791             test {\ifentrytype{legal}}%
2792             or
2793             test {\ifentrytype{legislation}}%
2794           }{}%
2795           \bibstring{citedas}\space}%
2796           \printfield{shorthand}}}}%
2797     {\setunit{\addspace}%
2798       \printtext[parens]{\printfield{shorthandintro}}}}}

```

Common macros

```

2799 \newbibmacro*{issue/volume}{%
2800   \iffieldundef{volume}{%
2801     {\iffieldundef{issue}{%
2802       {}%
2803       {\printfield{issue}}}}%
2804     {\printfield[default]{volume}}}}%
2805 \newcommand*{\subtypenewsp}{newspaper}%
2806 \newbibmacro*{year+vol+report}[1][default]{%
2807   \iffieldequals{entrysubtype}{\subtypenewsp}{%
2808     \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
2809   }%
2810   \usebibmacro{journaldate}%
2811   \setunit{\addspace}%
2812   \printfield[parens]{origyear}%
2813   \setunit{\addspace}%
2814   \printfield{volume}%
2815   \setunit{\addspace}}%
2816   \printfield{journaltitle}%
2817   \setunit*{\addspace}%
2818   \iffieldundef{series}{}{%
2819     \setunit{\addspace}%
2820     \printfield[#1]{series}%
2821     \setunit{\addspace}}%
2822   \iffieldequals{entrysubtype}{\subtypenewsp}{%
2823     \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
2824     \printdate}%
2825 }

```

```

2826 \newbibmacro*{journaldate}[1][]{%
2827   \ifboolexpr{
2828     test {\iffieldundef{#1volume}}
2829     or
2830     bool {bbx@#1year-essential}
2831   }{%
2832     \ifboolexpr{
2833       test {\ifkeyword{sc}}
2834       or
2835       test {\iftoggle{bbx:scotstyle}}
2836     }{%
2837       \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
2838       \printfield[#1year]%
2839     }{%
2840       \printfield[brackets]{#1year}}%
2841   }{%
2842     \printfield[parens]{#1year}}}
2843 \newcommand*{\casenote}{casenote}
2844 \newcommand{\casenotetext}{\bibstring{casenote}}
2845 \newbibmacro{journaltitle}{%
2846   \iffieldequals{entrysubtype}{\casenote}{%
2847     \iffieldundef{crossref}{%
2848       \usebibmacro{title}}%
2849     }{%
2850       \iffieldundef{note}{%
2851         \restorefield{note}{\casenotetext}}%
2852     }{%
2853       \ifboolexpr{
2854         test {\iffootnote}
2855         and test {\iftoggle{bbx@samefootnote}}
2856         and test {\iffieldequals{crossref}{\blx@lastkey@foot}}%
2857       }{%
2858         \printfield[casenotetitle]{title}}}}%
2859   \usebibmacro{title}}}
2860 \newbibmacro*{unreported}[1][default]{%
2861   \iffieldundef{verba}{%
2862     \ifboolexpr{
2863       test {\iflistundef{institution}}
2864       and
2865       test {\iffieldundef{date}}
2866       and
2867       test {\iffieldundef{year}}}
2868   }{%
2869     \ifboolexpr{
2870       test {\iffieldundef{date}}
2871       and
2872       test {\iffieldundef{year}}}
2873   }{%
2874     \mkbibparens{\printlist[jurisdiction]{institution}}%
2875   }{%
2876     \togglertrue{\blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}%
2877     \iflistundef{institution}{%
2878       \mkbibparens{\usebibmacro{date}}%
2879     }{%
2880       \printtext[parens]{%
2881         \printlist[#1]{institution}%
2882         \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
2883         \usebibmacro{date}}}}}}%
2884   \iftoggle{bbx@ecliuse}{%
2885     \printfield[verba]{}}
2886 \newbibmacro{court-note}{%

```

```

2888 \iffieldundef{note}{%
2889   {}%
2890   {\printfield{note}{%
2891     \toggletrue{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}}}
2892 \newbibmacro*[jurisdictionpages]{%
2893   \iffielddequals{entrysubtype}{\subtypenewsp}{%
2894     \setunit{\addspace}{%
2895       \printfield{pages}}}}
2896 \newbibmacro{pcitenote}{%
2897   \iffieldundef{parreporter}{%
2898     \setunit{\addcomma\space}{%
2899       \iffieldundef{postnote}{%
2900         \printfield{postnote}{%
2901           \clearfield{postnote}{%
2902             \setunit{\addsemicolon\space}}}}}
2903 \newbibmacro*[courtid]{%
2904   \iffieldundef{number}{%
2905     \ifboolexpr{%
2906       test {\iflistundef{institution}}%
2907       and%
2908       test {\iffieldundef{location}}%
2909     }{%
2910       \togglefalse{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}%
2911     }%
2912     \ifboolexpr{%
2913       test {\iffieldundef{journaltitle}}%
2914       or%
2915       not \t gl {bbx:altcourt}%
2916     }{%
2917       \printtext[parens]{%
2918         \printfield{location}{%
2919           \setunit{\addspace}{%
2920             \printlist{institution}{%
2921               \usebibmacro{unrep:date}{%
2922                 \toggletrue{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}}}}%
2923       }%
2924       \setunit{\addcomma\space}{%
2925         \printfield{location}{%
2926           \setunit{\addspace}{%
2927             \printlist{institution}}}}%
2928     }%
2929     \togglefalse{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}}}}
2930 \newbibmacro*[unrep:date]{%
2931   \ifboolexpr{%
2932     test {\iffieldundef{journaltitle}}%
2933     and%
2934     test {\iffieldundef{number}}%
2935   }{%
2936     \setunit{\addcomma\space}{%
2937       \usebibmacro{date}}%
2938   }%
2939 }
```

Legal cases

There are different formats depending on the jurisdiction.

```

2939 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{jurisdiction}{%
2940   \usebibmacro{bibindex}{%
2941   \usebibmacro{begentry}{%
2942     \usebibmacro{juriscitation}}%
```

```

2943 \usebibmacro{doi+print+url}%
2944 \setunit{\addspace}\% \newblock
2945 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
2946 \setunit{\addspace}\% \newblock
2947 \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
2948   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
2949    \usebibmacro{related}}%
2950  }%
2951 \setunit{\bibpageref punct}\newblock
2952 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
2953 \usebibmacro{finentry}%
2954 \newtoggle{bbx@juriscitedone}%
2955 \newbibmacro{juriscitation}{%
2956   \togglefalse{bbx@juriscitedone}%
2957   \renewcommand{\do}[1]{%
2958     \ifkeyword{##1}{%
2959       \toggletrue{bbx@juriscitedone}\usebibmacro{##1juriscitation}%
2960       \listbreak
2961     }{}%
2962   }%
2963   \docslist{eu,echr,int,ca,us}%
2964   \iftoggle{bbx@juriscitedone}{\usebibmacro{enjuriscitation}}%
}

```

Here is the format for EU cases.

```

2965 \newtoggle{bbx@commissionondecision}%
2966 \newbibmacro*{eujuriscitation}{%
2967   \ifboolexpr{%
2968     test {\iflistcontains{institution}{\commission}}
2969     or
2970     test {\iflistcontains{institution}{\Commission}}
2971   }%
2972   \toggletrue{bbx@commissionondecision}%
2973 }%
2974 \togglefalse{bbx@commissionondecision}%
2975 \iftoggle{bbx@commissionondecision}{%
2976   \usebibmacro{eucasenumber}%
2977   \usebibmacro{title}%
2978   \setunit{\addspace}%
2979   \iftoggle{bbx@commissionondecision}{%
2980     \usebibmacro{eucommissionondecision}%
2981   }%
2982   \setunit{\addspace}%
2983   \usebibmacro{eu:reportinfo}%
2984   \iftoggle{bbx@commissionondecision}{%
2985     \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
2986   }%
2987   \setunit{\addspace}%
2988   \usebibmacro{altreportdetails}%
2989   \usebibmacro{court-note}%
2990 }%
2991 \newcommand*{\oxrefand}[2]{%
2992   \newbibmacro{eucasetype}{%
2993     \iffieldundef{type}{%
2994       \ifboolexpr{%
2995         test {\IfSubStr{\thefield{number}}{,}}
2996         or
2997         test {\IfSubStr{\thefield{number}}{--}}
2998         or
2999         test {\IfSubStr{\thefield{number}}{\oxrefand}}
2999     }%
3000     \bibstring{eujoinedcases}%
3001   }%
}

```

```

3002     \bibstring{eucase}}}%
3003 }%
3004     \printfield{type}}%
3005 }
3006 \newbibmacro{eucasenumber}{%
3007     \usebibmacro{eucasetype}%
3008     \setunit{\addnbspace}%
3009     \printfield{number}%
3010     \setunit{\addspace}%
3011 \newbibmacro{eucommissionondecision}{%
3012     \iffieldundef{userb}{%
3013         \iffieldundef{number}{}{%
3014             \printtext[parens]{%
3015                 \usebibmacro{eucasetype}%
3016                 \setunit{\addnbspace}%
3017                 \printfield{number}}}}%
3018 }%
3019     \printtext[parens]{%
3020         \usebibmacro{eucasetype}%
3021         \setunit{\addnbspace}%
3022         \printfield{userb}}%
3023         \setunit{\addspace}%
3024     \iffieldundef{number}{}{%
3025         \iffieldundef{type}{}{%
3026             \setunit{\addspace\bibstring{commissionondecision}\addspace}}%
3027 }{%
3028     \setunit{\addspace\printfield{type}\addspace}}%
3029     \printfield{number}}%
3030 }%
3031 }
3032 \newbibmacro*{eu:reportinfo}{%
3033     \iftoggle{bbx@eclionly}{%
3034         \iffieldundef{verba}{%
3035             \usebibmacro{eu:osreport}%
3036         }%
3037         \printfield{verba}}%
3038 }%
3039     \usebibmacro{eu:osreport}}}
3040 \newbibmacro*{eu:osreport}{%
3041     \iftoggle{bbx@ecliuse}{%
3042         \iffieldundef{verba}{}{%
3043             \printfield{verba}%
3044             \setunit{\addcomma\space}}%
3045 }{%
3046     \iffieldundef{journaltitle}{%
3047         \usebibmacro{unreported}%
3048     }%
3049         \usebibmacro{eu:year+vol+report}}}%
3050 \newcommand*\officialjournaltitle{OJ}%
3051 \newcommand*\ecrreporttitle{ECR}%
3052 \newbibmacro*{eu:year+vol+report}{%
3053     \iffieldequals{journaltitle}{\ecrreporttitle}{%
3054         \printfield[brackets]{year}%
3055         \setunit{\addspace}%
3056         \printfield{journaltitle}%
3057         \setunit{\addspace}%
3058         \printfield{volume}%
3059         \setunit*{\printtext{--\allowbreak}}%
3060         \printfield{pages}}%
3061 }%
3062     \iffieldequals{journaltitle}{\officialjournaltitle}{%
3063         \printfield[brackets]{year}}%

```

```

3064   \setunit{\addspace}%
3065   \printfield{journaltitle}%
3066   \setunit{\addspace}%
3067   \printfield[default]{series}%
3068   \usebibmacro{issue/volume}%
3069   \setunit{\printtext{\slash}}%
3070   \printfield{pages}%
3071 }%
3072   \usebibmacro{year+vol+report}%%

```

Here is the format for European Human Rights cases.

```

3073 \newbibmacro*{echrjuriscitation}{%
3074   \usebibmacro{title}%
3075   \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3076   \iffieldundef{number}{}{%
3077     \printtext[parens]{%
3078       \def\adddot{}%
3079       \bibstring{application}\space
3080       \bibstring{number}\space
3081       \printfield{number}%
3082     }\setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3083   \iffieldundef{journaltitle}{%
3084     \usebibmacro{unreported}[echrininst]%
3085   }%
3086   \usebibmacro{echr:year+vol+report}%
3087   \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3088   \usebibmacro{echr:courtid}%
3089   \setunit{\addspace}%
3090   \usebibmacro{court-note}%
3091   \newblock
3092   \setunit{\addspace}}
3093 \newcommand*{\seriesa}{Series A}
3094 \newcommand*{\echrreports}{ECHR}
3095 \newbibmacro*{echr:year+vol+report}{%
3096   \iffieldequals{journaltitle}{\seriesa}{%
3097     \usebibmacro{seriesareport}%
3098   }%
3099   \iffieldequals{journaltitle}{\echrreports}{%
3100     \usebibmacro{echrreports}%
3101   }%
3102   \usebibmacro{year+vol+report}%
3103   \setunit{\addspace}%
3104   \printfield{pages}}}%
3105 \newbibmacro*{seriesareport}{%
3106   \printfield[parens]{year}%
3107   \setunit{\addspace}%
3108   \printfield{journaltitle}%
3109   \setunit{\addspace}%
3110   \printtext{\def\adddot{}\bibstring{number}\addspace}%
3111   \printfield{pages}%
3112 \newbibmacro*{echrreports}{%
3113   \printfield{journaltitle}%
3114   \setunit{\addspace}%
3115   \printfield{year}%
3116   \iffieldundef{volume}{}{%
3117     \printtext{--}\printfield[romanvol]{volume}%
3118   }\setunit{\addspace}%
3119   \printfield{pages}%
3120 \newcommand*{\decisionsandreports}{DR}
3121 \newcommand*{\collectionofdecisions}{CD}

```

```

3122 \newbibmacro*{echr:courtid}{%
3123   \ifboolexpr{
3124     test {\iffieldequals{journaltitle}{\decisionsandreports}}
3125     or
3126     test {\iffieldequals{journaltitle}{\collectionofdecisions}}%
3127   }{%
3128     \printlist[echr]{institution}}}

```

Here is the format for international cases.

```

3129 \newbibmacro*{intjuriscitation}{%
3130   \iflistundef{institution}{%
3131     \setunit{\printtext{}}%
3132   }{%
3133     \printlist{institution}%
3134     \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
3135   }%
3136   \usebibmacro{int:title}%
3137   \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3138   \iffieldundef{journaltitle}{%
3139     \printfield{number}%
3140     \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3141     \printtext[parens]{\printdate}%
3142   }%
3143   \usebibmacro{year+vol+report}[international]%
3144 }%
3145 \setunit{\addspace}%
3146 \usebibmacro{int:jurisdictionpages}%
3147 \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3148 \usebibmacro{court-note}%
3149 }%
3150 \newbibmacro*{int:title}{%
3151   \ifboolexpr{
3152     test {\iffieldundef{title}}
3153     and
3154     test {\iffieldundef{subtitle}}%
3155   }{%
3156     \printtext{title}%
3157     \printfield[titlecase]{title}%
3158     \setunit{\addspace}%
3159     \printfield[parens]{subtitle}}%
3160   \setunit{\addspace}%
3161   \printfield{titleaddon}%
3162 }%
3163 \newbibmacro*{int:jurisdictionpages}{%
3164   \iffieldequals{journaltitle}{\pcijrep}{%
3165     \printtext{\bibcpstring{number}\addspace}%
3166     \iffieldundef{pages}{%
3167       \printfield{number}%
3168     }{%
3169       \printfield{pages}}%
3170   }%
3171   \printfield{pages}}}

```

Here is the format for Canadian cases.

```

3171 \newbibmacro{canjuriscitation}{%
3172   \usebibmacro{title}%
3173   \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3174   \printfield{number}%
3175   \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
3176   \iffieldundef{journaltitle}}%

```

```

3177      \usebibmacro{can:year+vol+report}%
3178      \usebibmacro{jurisdictionpages}%
3179      \usebibmacro{pcitenote}%
3180      \usebibmacro{altreportdetails}%
3181      \unspace\printlist[jurisdiction][1-\value{listtotal}]{listb}%
3182      \newunit\newblock
3183      \usebibmacro{courtid}%
3184      \newunit%
3185      \usebibmacro{court-note}%
3186      \newblock%
3187      \newunit}
3188      \newbibmacro*{can:year+vol+report}{%
3189      \iffieldundef{number}{%
3190          \setunit{\addspace}%
3191      }{%
3192          \ifboolexpr{%
3193              test {\iffieldundef{volume}}%
3194              or
3195              bool {bbx@year-essential}%
3196          }{%
3197              \clearfield{year}%
3198          \iffieldequals{entrysubtype}{\subtypenewsp}{}{%
3199              \iffieldundef{year}{}{%
3200                  \usebibmacro{journaldate}%
3201                  \setunit{\addspace}%
3202                  \printfield{volume}%
3203                  \setunit{\addspace}%
3204                  \printfield{journaltitle}%
3205                  \setunit*{\addspace}%
3206                  \iffieldundef{series}{}{%
3207                      \setunit{\addspace}%
3208                      \printtext[parens]{\printfield[usseries]{series}}%
3209                      \setunit{\addspace}%
3210          \iffieldequals{entrysubtype}{\subtypenewsp}{}{%
3211              \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
3212              \usebibmacro{newspaperdate}%
3213          }%
3214      }%

```

Here is the format for American cases.

```

3214      \newbibmacro{usjuriscitation}{%
3215          \usebibmacro{title}%
3216          \setunit{\addcomma\space}\newblock%
3217          \iffieldundef{journaltitle}{%
3218              \printfield{number}%
3219              \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
3220              \printfield[default]{eprint}%
3221              \clearfield{eprint}%
3222          }{%
3223              \usebibmacro{us:vol+report}%
3224              \setunit{\addspace}%
3225              \usebibmacro{jurisdictionpages}%
3226              \usebibmacro{us:postnote}%
3227              \usebibmacro{altreportdetails}%
3228              \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3229              \unspace\printlist[jurisdiction][1-\value{listtotal}]{listb}%
3230              \setunit{\addspace}%
3231              \usebibmacro{us:courtid+date}%
3232              \setunit{\addspace}%
3233              \usebibmacro{court-note}%
3234              \newblock
3235              \setunit{\addspace}%

```

```

3236 \newbibmacro{us:vol+report}{%
3237   \printfield{volume}%
3238   \setunit{\addspace}%
3239   \printfield{journaltitle}%
3240   \iffieldundef{series}{}{%
3241     \setunit{\addspace}%
3242     \printfield[usseries]{series}}}%
3243 \newbibmacro{us:postnote}{%
3244   \iffieldundef{postnote}{}{%
3245     \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
3246     \printfield{postnote}%
3247     \clearfield{postnote}%
3248   }}%
3249 \newbibmacro{us:courtid+date}{%
3250   \ifboolexpr{
3251     test {\iflistundef{institution}}%
3252     and
3253     test {\iflistundef{location}}%
3254     and
3255     test {\iffieldundef{year}}%
3256   }{}{%
3257     \printtext[parens]{%
3258       \printlist{location}%
3259       \setunit{\addspace}%
3260       \printlist{institution}%
3261       \setunit{\addspace}%
3262       \printfield{year}%
3263       \nopunct}}}%

```

Here is the format for English cases.

```

3264 \newbibmacro{enjuriscitation}{%
3265   \usebibmacro{title}%
3266   \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3267   \printfield{number}%
3268   \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
3269   \iffieldundef{journaltitle}{}{%
3270     \usebibmacro{year+vol+report}}%
3271   \usebibmacro{jurisdictionpages}%
3272   \usebibmacro{pcitenote}%
3273   \usebibmacro{altreportdetails}%
3274   \unspace\printlist[jurisdiction][1-\value{listtotal}]{listb}%
3275   \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3276   \usebibmacro{courtid}%
3277   \setunit{\addspace}%
3278   \usebibmacro{court-note}%
3279   \newbibmacro{altreportdetails}{%
3280     \restorefield{prenote}{\postnotessecond}%
3281     \iffieldundef{parreporter}{}{%
3282       \usebibmacro{journaldate}[par]%
3283       \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3284       \usebibmacro{altreportvolume}%
3285       \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3286       \usebibmacro{altjournaltitle}%
3287       \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3288       \usebibmacro{altseries}%
3289       \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3290       \usebibmacro{altjurisdictionpages}%
3291       \iffieldundef{prenote}{}{%
3292         \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
3293         \printfield[postnote]{prenote}}}}

```

```

3294 \newbibmacro*{altrportvolume}{%
3295   \iffieldundef{parvolume}{}{%
3296     \printfield{parvolume}}}
3297 \newbibmacro*{altjournaltitle}{%
3298   \iffieldundef{parreporter}{}{%
3299     \printfield{parreporter}}}
3300 \newbibmacro*{altseries}{%
3301   \iffieldundef{parseries}{}{%
3302     \printfield{parseries}}}
3303 \newbibmacro*{altjurisdictionpages}{%
3304   \iffieldundef{parpages}{}{%
3305     \printfield{parpages}}}

```

Legislation

Legislation tends to have a more consistent format, though European entries need special handling.

```

3306 \newcommand*{\subtypcourrules}[1]{\procedure{rule}}
3307 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{legislation}{%
3308   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
3309   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
3310   \iffieldequals{entrysubtype}{\subtypcourrules}{%
3311     \usebibmacro{courrules}%
3312   }%
3313   \ifkeyword{draft}{%
3314     \usebibmacro{legislation:bill}%
3315   }%
3316   \ifkeyword{eu}{%
3317     \usebibmacro{eulegislation}%
3318   }%
3319     \printfield[default]{title}%
3320     \setunit{\addspace}%
3321     \printfield[default]{year}%
3322     \setunit{\addspace}%
3323     \usebibmacro{legnumber}%
3324     \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3325     \usebibmacro{legsupp}%
3326     \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
3327     \printfield{note}%
3328     \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
3329     \usebibmacro{pageref}%
3330     \usebibmacro{finentry}%
3331 \newbibmacro*{courrules}{%
3332   \restorefield{prenote}\postnotes{second}%
3333   \iffieldequalstr{shorttitle}{PD}{%
3334     \printfield{postnote}%
3335     \clearfield{postnote}%
3336     \setunit{\addspace}%
3337   }%
3338   \iffieldundef{shorttitle}{%
3339     \printfield[default]{title}%
3340   }%
3341     \printfield[default]{shorttitle}%
3342     \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3343   \iffieldundef{postnote}{%
3344     \toggletrue{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}%
3345   }%
3346   \iffieldequalstr{shorttitle}{CPR}{%
3347     \printfield{postnote}%

```

```

3348     \setunit{\addspace}%
3349   }%
3350     \printtext{%
3351       \bibstring{order}\space
3352       \printfield{postnote}%
3353       \setunit{\addcomma\space}}}}%
3354   \restorefield{postnote}{\postnotesesond}%
3355   \usebibmacro{postnote}%
3356   \clearfield{postnote}%
3357   \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3358 \newcommand*{\subtypenewblock}{\subtypenewblock}
3359 \newbibmacro*[legislation:bill]{%
3360   \printfield[draftleg]{title}%
3361   \setunit{\addspace}%
3362   \printlist[institution]%
3363   \setunit{\addspace}%
3364   \iffieldequals{entrysubtype}{\subtypenewblock}{%
3365     \bibcpstring{bill}%
3366     \setunit{\addspace}%
3367     \printtext[parens]{\usebibmacro{sessionyear}}%
3368     \setunit{\addspace}%
3369     \iffieldundef{number}{}{%
3370       \printlist[billprinting]{institution}}%
3371   }%
3372   \printtext[parens]{%
3373     \bibstring{draft}\space
3374     \printdate}%
3375   \setunit{\addspace}%
3376 \newbibmacro*[sessionyear]{%
3377   \iffieldundef{year}{}{%
3378     \printfield{year}%
3379     \iffieldundef{endyear}{}{%
3380       \bibdaterangesep
3381       \blx@ox@compyear{\thefield{year}}{\thefield{endyear}}}}%
3382 \newbibmacro*[eulegistration]{%
3383   \printfield[default]{title}%
3384   \setunit{\addspace}\newblock%
3385   \usebibmacro{eulegref}}%
3386 \newcommand*{\ojspecedtitle}{OJ Spec Ed}
3387 \newbibmacro*[eulegref]{%
3388   \iffieldequals{journaltitle}{\officialjournaltitle}{%
3389     \printfield[brackets]{year}%
3390     \setunit{\addspace}%
3391     \printfield{journaltitle}%
3392     \setunit{\addspace}%
3393     \iffieldundef{series}{}{%
3394       \printtext{L}%
3395     }%
3396     \printfield[default]{series}%
3397     \usebibmacro{issue/volume}%
3398     \setunit{\addspace}%
3399     \printfield{pages}%
3400     \togglefalse{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}%
3401   }%
3402   \usebibmacro{year+vol+report}%
3403   \setunit{\addspace}%
3404   \printfield{pages}}%
3405 \newbibmacro*[legnumber]{%
3406   \iffieldequals{entrysubtype}{\subtypenewblock}{%
3407     \ifboolexpr{%
3408       test {\iffieldundef{number}}%
3409       or

```

```

3410      not test {\iffieldundef{title}} )
3411      and not (
3412          test {\ifkeyword{cy}}
3413          or
3414          test {\ifkeyword{sc}}
3415          or
3416          test {\ifkeyword{ni}} )
3417      }{%
3418          \printtext[parens]{\printfield{number}}%
3419          \togglertrue{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}%
3420      }%
3421      \iffieldundef{number}{}{%
3422          \setunit{\addcomma\addspace}%
3423          \printfield{number}%
3424          \togglerfalse{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}}}%

```

This adds additional material for Welsh statutory instruments.

```

3425      \newbibmacro*{legsupp}{%
3426          \ifkeyword{cy}
3427              {\iffieldundef{userb}
3428                  {}
3429                  {\printtext{\mkbibparens{\printfield{userb}}}\togglertrue{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}}}
3430              {}}

```

Treaties, explanatory notes and Hansard

```

3431      \newcommand*{\explanatorynote}{explanatory note}
3432      \newcommand*{\parliamentarytype}{parliamentary}
3433      \newcommand*{\treatysubtype}{piltreaty}
3434      \DeclareBibliographyDriver{legal}{%
3435          \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
3436          \usebibmacro{begentry}%
3437          \iffieldequals{entrysubtype}{\explanatorynote}{%
3438              \printfield[default]{title}%
3439              \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3440          }%
3441          \iffieldequals{entrysubtype}{\parliamentarytype}{%
3442              \usebibmacro{legal:parliamentary}%
3443          }%
3444              \usebibmacro{treatycitation}%
3445          \setunit{\addcomma\space}\newblock
3446          \printfield[default]{note}
3447          \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3448          \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}%
3449          \usebibmacro{pageref}%
3450          \usebibmacro{finentry}%
3451      \newbibmacro{legal:parliamentary}{%
3452          \printfield[default]{title}%
3453          \newunit\newblock
3454          \printfield{type}%
3455          \setunit{\addspace}%
3456          \iffieldundef{series}{}{%
3457              \printtext[parens]{%
3458                  \biblstring{jourser}\space
3459                  \printfield{series}}%
3460              \setunit{\addspace}%
3461              \printfield{volume}%
3462              \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
3463              \usebibmacro{hansard-ref}%

```

```

3464 \setunit{\addspace}%
3465 \iffieldundef{year}{}{%
3466   \printtext[parens]{\usebibmacro{date}}}%
3467 \togglefalse{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}%
3468 \newbibmacro*[hansard-ref]{%
3469   \iffieldundef{postnote}{}{%
3470     \iffieldundef{pages}{}{%
3471       \printfield{pages}}%}
3472   }{}%
3473 \newbibmacro{treatycitation}{%
3474   \printfield[default]{title}}%
3475   \setunit{\addspace}\newblock%
3476   \printlist[treaty]{institution}%
3477   \setunit{\addspace}\newblock%
3478   \usebibmacro{treatyinfo}%
3479   \setunit{\addspace}\newblock%
3480   \usebibmacro{treaty:year+vol+report}}%
3481 \newbibmacro{treatyinfo}{%
3482   \iflistundef{lista}{% execution
3483     \iffieldundef{year}{}{%
3484       \iffieldundef{volume}{}{%
3485         \printtext[parens]{\printdate}}}%
3486   }{%
3487     \printtext[parens]{\printlist[treatydates]{lista}}}%
3488 \newbibmacro{treaty:year+vol+report}{%
3489   \iffieldequals{journaltitle}{\officialjournaltitle}{%
3490     \usebibmacro{eulegref}}%
3491   }{%
3492     \usebibmacro{treaty:date}%
3493     \setunit{\addspace}%
3494     \printfield[default]{volume}}%
3495     \setunit{\addspace}%
3496     \printfield{journaltitle}%
3497     \setunit*{\addspace}%
3498     \iffieldundef{series}{}{%
3499       \setunit{\addspace}%
3500       \printfield{series}}%
3501       \setunit{\addspace}%
3502       \printfield{pages}}}%
3503 \newbibmacro*[treaty:date]{%
3504   \ifboolexpr{
3505     test {\iffieldundef{volume}}
3506     or
3507     bool {bbx@year-essential}
3508   }{%
3509     \ifboolexpr{
3510       test {\ifkeyword{sc}}
3511       or
3512       test {\iftoggle{bbx:scotstyle}}
3513     }{%
3514       \printfield{year}}%
3515     }{%
3516       \printfield[brackets]{year}}%
3517   }{}}

```

We don't really deal with commentaries as distinct from books.

```
3518 \DeclareBibliographyAlias{commentary}{book}
```

2.1.16 MANUSCRIPTS

In the spirit of compatibility, this code is adapted from biblatex-manuscripts-philology by Maïeul Rouquette.

Here are the additional punctuation commands.

```
3519 \newcommand{\locationlibrarypunct}{\addcomma\addspace}
3520 \newcommand{\collectionshelfmarkpunct}{\addspace}
3521 \newcommand{\datingpagespunct}{\addcomma\addspace}
3522 \newcommand{\librarycollectionpunct}{\addcomma\addspace}
3523 \newcommand{\pagetotalpagespunct}{\addcomma\addspace}
3524 \newcommand{\columnslayerpunct}{\addsemicolon\addspace}%
```

Here are the configurable macros for the two sides of a folio.

```
3525 \def\recto{r}
3526 \def\verso{v}
3527 \NumCheckSetup{\def\recto{}\def\verso{}}
```

Here are some special field formats for the manuscript driver. Note that the title is transformed into a descriptor by means of an annotation, rather than using a dedicated field. This greatly simplifies the code used elsewhere.

```
3528 \DeclareFieldFormat[manuscript,unpublished]{title}{%
3529   \def\currentfield{title}%
3530   \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{#1}{\mkbibquote{#1\isdot}}%
3531   \undef\currentfield}
3532 \DeclareFieldFormat{columns+layer}{\mkbibparens{#1}}
3533 \DeclareFieldFormat{columns}{\mkbibparens{#1}}
3534 \DeclareFieldFormat{layer}{\mkbibparens{#1}}
3535 \DeclareFieldFormat{dating}{#1\isdot}%
3536 \DeclareFieldFormat{support}{\ifbibstring{#1}{\bibstring{#1}}{#1}}
```

Here are the unique bibmacros used by the manuscripts driver. We hide the date if there is no author or title to prevent it appearing as the first element in the reference. Similarly, we hide the (vague) dating field if the (exact) date is displayed.

```
3537 \newbibmacro{manuscript:date}{%
3538   \ifboolexpr{
3539     test {\ifnameundef{author}}
3540     and
3541     test {\iffieldundef{title}}
3542     and
3543     test {\iffieldundef{label}}
3544   }{\usebibmacro{date}}
3545 \newbibmacro{dating}{%
3546   \ifboolexpr{
3547     test {\ifnameundef{author}}
3548     and
3549     test {\iffieldundef{title}}
3550     and
3551     test {\iffieldundef{label}}
3552   } or
3553   test {\iffieldundef{year}}
3554 }%
3555   \printfield{dating}%
3556 }
```

We follow the structure of the biblatex-manuscripts-philology approach to allow special formatting to be applied to the collection and shelfmark, but we do not actually apply any.

```

3557 \newbibmacro{location+library+collection+shelfmark}{%
3558   \printfield{library}%
3559   \setunit{\locationlibrarypunct}%
3560   \printlist{location}%
3561   \setunit{\librarycollectionpunct}%
3562   \usebibmacro{collection+shelfmark}%
3563 \newbibmacro{collection+shelfmark}{%
3564   \ifboolexpr{%
3565     test {\iffieldundef{collection}}%
3566     and%
3567     test {\iffieldundef{shelfmark}}%
3568   }{}{%
3569     \printtext{collection+shelfmark}{%
3570       \printfield{collection}%
3571       \setunit*\collectionshelfmarkpunct}%
3572       \printfield{shelfmark}}}}
```

Again, following biblatex-manuscripts-philology, we allow different formatting to be applied to columns and layers according to whether they occur adjacently or not, as they might be separated by a page specification.

```

3573 \newbibmacro{manuscript:pages}{%
3574   \printfield{pagetotal}%
3575   \setunit{\addspace}%
3576   \iffieldundef{pages}{%
3577     \usebibmacro{manuscript:columns+layer}%
3578   }{%
3579     \usebibmacro{manuscript:columns}%
3580     \setunit{\pagetotalpagespunct}%
3581     \printfield{pages}%
3582     \setunit{\addspace}%
3583     \usebibmacro{manuscript:layer}%
3584   }%
3585 \newbibmacro{manuscript:columns}{%
3586   \iffieldundef{columns}{%
3587     \printtext{columns}{\bibstring{\strfield{columns}column}}}%
3588 \newbibmacro{manuscript:layer}{%
3589   \iffieldundef{layer}{%
3590     \printtext{layer}{\bibstring{\strfield{layer}layer}}}%
3591 }%
3592 \newbibmacro{manuscript:columns+layer}{%
3593   \ifboolexpr{%
3594     test {\iffieldundef{columns}}%
3595     or%
3596     test {\iffieldundef{layer}}%
3597   }{%
3598     \usebibmacro{manuscript:columns}%
3599     \usebibmacro{manuscript:layer}%
3600   }{%
3601     \printtext{columns+layer}{%
3602       \bibstring{\strfield{columns}column}%
3603       \setunit*\columnslayerpunct}%
3604       \bibstring{\strfield{layer}layer}}}}
```

Putting it all together, here is the `manuscript` driver.

```

3605 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{manuscript}{%
3606   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
3607   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
3608   \usebibmacro{author}%
3609   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
3610   \usebibmacro{title}%
3611   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
3612   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
3613   \newunit\newblock
3614   \printfield{howpublished}%
3615   \newunit\newblock
3616   \printfield{note}%
3617   \newunit\newblock
3618   \usebibmacro{manuscript:date}%
3619   \newunit\newblock
3620   \usebibmacro{location+library+collection+shelfmark}%
3621   \newunit
3622   \printfield{support}%
3623   \newunit
3624   \usebibmacro{dating}%
3625   \setunit{\datingpagespunct}
3626   \usebibmacro{manuscript:pages}%
3627   \newunit\newblock%
3628   \iftoggle{bbx:url}{%
3629     \usebibmacro{url+urldate}%
3630   }{}%
3631   \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
3632     \usebibmacro{related:init}%
3633     \usebibmacro{related}%
3634   }{}%
3635   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
3636   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
3637   \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

We provide an alternative bibmacro for doing much the same but with the regular biblatex fields.

```

3638 \newbibmacro*{library+location+series+number}{%
3639   \printfield{library}%
3640   \setunit{\locationlibrarypunct}%
3641   \printlist{location}%
3642   \setunit{\librarycollectionpunct}%
3643   \ifboolexpr{
3644     test {\iffieldundef{series}}
3645     and
3646     test {\iffieldundef{number}}}
3647 }{}%
3648   \printtext[collection+shelfmark]{%
3649     \printfield{series}%
3650     \setunit*{\collectionshelfmarkpunct}%
3651     \printfield{number}}}

```

Lastly, we adapt the unpublished driver to allow it to do a similar thing but with the regular biblatex fields. The presence of the library field is what triggers ‘manuscript mode’.

```

3652 \newtoggle{blx@ox@ms}
3653 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{unpublished}{%
3654   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
3655   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
3656   \iffieldundef{library}{\togglefalse{blx@ox@ms}}{\togglettrue{blx@ox@ms}}%
3657   \usebibmacro{author}%
3658   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock

```

```

3659 \usebibmacro{title}%
3660 \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
3661 \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
3662 \newunit\newblock
3663 \printfield{note}%
3664 \newunit\newblock
3665 \printfield{howpublished}%
3666 \newunit\newblock
3667 \iftoggle{blx@ox@ms}{%
3668   \usebibmacro{manuscript:date}%
3669   \newunit\newblock
3670   \usebibmacro{library+location+series+number}%
3671   \newunit
3672   \printfield{support}%
3673   \newunit
3674   \usebibmacro{dating}%
3675   \setunit{\datingpagespunct}
3676   \usebibmacro{manuscript:pages}%
3677 }%
3678   \usebibmacro{location+date}%
3679 }%
3680 \newunit\newblock
3681 \iftoggle{bbx:url}%
3682   {\usebibmacro{url+urldate}}%
3683   {}%
3684 \newunit\newblock
3685 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
3686 \iftoggle{bbx:related}%
3687   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
3688     \usebibmacro{related}}%
3689   {}%
3690 \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
3691 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
3692 \usebibmacro{finentry}%

```

2.1.17 LETTERS

The driver for letters is similar to the one for other unpublished materials.

```

3693 \DeclareBibliographyAlias{letter}{unpublished}
3694 \DeclareFieldFormat[letter]{title}{%
3695   \def\currentfield{title}%
3696   \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{\#1}{\mkbibquote{\#1\isdot}}%
3697   \undef\currentfield}
3698 \DeclareFieldFormat[letter]{date}{%
3699   \iffieldundef{url}{\#1}{\mkbibparens{\#1}}}

```

2.1.18 RELATED ENTRIES

We make the punctuation before related items configurable in remaining drivers inherited from the standard style, and move the pageref macro to the end.

```

3700 \xpatchbibdriver{booklet}{%
3701   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
3702   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
3703   \newunit\newblock
3704   \iftoggle{bbx:related}%
3705     {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
3706      \usebibmacro{related}}%

```

```

3707   {}%
3708 }{%
3709   \iftoggle{bbx:related}%
3710     {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
3711      \usebibmacro{related}%
3712    }%
3713   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
3714   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
3715 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch booklet}}

```

```

3716 \xpatchbibdriver{misc}{%
3717   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
3718   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
3719   \newunit\newblock
3720   \iftoggle{bbx:related}%
3721     {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
3722      \usebibmacro{related}%
3723    }%
3724 }{%
3725   \iftoggle{bbx:related}%
3726     {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
3727      \usebibmacro{related}%
3728    }%
3729   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
3730   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
3731 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch misc}}

```

We provide an option for setting the relatedtype punctuation.

```

3732 \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelimequals}{\addspace}
3733 \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelimin}{\addcomma\space}
3734 \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelimincludes}{\addcomma\space}
3735 \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelimreprintfrom}{\addperiod\space}
3736 \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelimreviewof}{\newunitpunct}
3737 \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelimtranslationof}{\addspace}
3738 \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelimmultivolume}{\newunitpunct}
3739 \DeclareDelimFormat{relateddelimmultivolume}{\newunitpunct}
3740 \newtoggle{blx@ox@success}
3741 \DeclareBiblatexOption[global,type][string]{relationpunct}[semicolon]{%
3742   \bgroup\blx@blkinit
3743   \ifcsdef{add#1}{\global\toggletrue{blx@ox@success}}{%
3744     \global\togglefalse{blx@ox@success}%
3745     \PackageError{biblatex-oxref}{%
3746       Invalid option 'relationpunct=#1'%
3747     }%
3748     Valid values are 'dot', 'comma', 'semicolon', 'colon', \MessageBreak
3749     'period', 'exclam', 'question', and 'space'.}%
3750   \egroup
3751   \iftoggle{blx@ox@success}{\ifstreq{#1}{space}{%
3752     \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelim}{\addspace}%
3753   }{%
3754     \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelim}{\csuse{add#1}\space}%
3755   }}%
3756 \DeclareEntryOption[string]{relationpunct}[semicolon]{%
3757   \bgroup\blx@blkinit
3758   \ifcsdef{add#1}{\global\toggletrue{blx@ox@success}}{%
3759     \global\togglefalse{blx@ox@success}%
3760     \PackageError{biblatex-oxref}{%
3761       Invalid option 'relationpunct=#1'%
3762     }%

```

```

3763     Valid values are 'dot', 'comma', 'semicolon', 'colon', \MessageBreak
3764     'period', 'exclam', 'question', and 'space'. } } %
3765 \egroup
3766 \iftoggle{blx@ox@success}{\ifstrelational{\#1}{space}{%
3767   \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelim}{\addspace}%
3768   \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelimequals}{\addspace}%
3769   \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelimin}{\addspace}%
3770   \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelimincludes}{\addspace}%
3771   \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelimreprintfrom}{\addspace}%
3772   \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelimreviewof}{\addspace}%
3773   \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelimtranslationof}{\addspace}%
3774   \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelimmultivolume}{\addspace}%
3775 } %
3776   \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelim}{\csuse{add#1}\space}%
3777   \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelimequals}{\csuse{add#1}\space}%
3778   \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelimin}{\csuse{add#1}\space}%
3779   \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelimincludes}{\csuse{add#1}\space}%
3780   \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelimreprintfrom}{\csuse{add#1}\space}%
3781   \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelimreviewof}{\csuse{add#1}\space}%
3782   \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelimtranslationof}{\csuse{add#1}\space}%
3783   \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelimmultivolume}{\csuse{add#1}\space}%
3784 } }%
3785 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions{relationpunct}
3786 \newcounter{blx@ox@relitem}
3787 \xapptobibmacro{begrelated}{%
3788   \setcounter{blx@ox@relitem}{0}%
3789 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to append to begrelated}}

```

We provide an option to prevent a related item beginning with "in".

```

3790 \newtoggle{blx@ox@norelin}
3791 \DeclareBibliateXOption{global,type,entry}{norelatedin}[true]{%
3792   \settoggle{blx@ox@norelin}{#1}%
3793 \xapptobibmacro{begrelatedloop}{%
3794   \iftoggle{blx@ox@norelin}{%
3795     \renewbibmacro*{in}{%
3796       \ifboolexpr{%
3797         test {\ifnameundef{author}}%
3798         and%
3799         test {\ifnameundef{translator}}%
3800         and%
3801         test {\iffieldundef{title}}%
3802       }{}{%
3803         \bibstring{in}%
3804         \printunit{\intitlepunct}%
3805       }%
3806     }{}%
3807   }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblateX-oxref failed to append to begrelatedloop}}}

```

Translations

Where related item is the translation, the related string is prefaced with the language.

```

3807 \newbibmacro*{rellanguage}{%
3808   \def\do##1{%
3809     \entrydata{##1}{%
3810       \printlist{language}}}%
3811   \docsfield{related}%
3812 }%
3813 \DeclareFieldFormat{relatedstring:translationof}{%
3814   \usebibmacro{rellanguage}\space

```

```

3815 \bibstring{original}\addcomma\space}
3816
3817 \DeclareFieldFormat[related:translationof]{%
3818   \mkbibbrackets{#1}}

```

Co-publications

This relation simply prints what would go in the publication block.

```

3819 \newbibmacro*[related:copub][1]{%
3820   \entrydata*{#1}{%
3821     \usebibmacro{publisher+location+date}%
3822     \setunit{\relateddelim}}}

```

Reprints

The standard styles define a special driver for the `reprintfrom` relation. For `oxref`, the standard generic driver is sufficient, so this code reverts the specialization.

```

3823 \renewbibmacro*[related:reprintfrom][1]{%
3824   \entrydata*{#1}{%
3825     \nopunct
3826     \usedriver{%
3827       \ifnameundef{savedauthor}{%
3828         \ifnameundef{savededitor}{%
3829           \ifnamesequal{editor}{savededitor}{%
3830             \clearname{editor}%
3831           }%
3832         }%
3833         \ifnamesequal{author}{savedauthor}{%
3834           \clearname{author}%
3835         }%
3836       \iffieldundef{savedtitle}{%
3837         \iffieldsequal{savedtitle}{title}{%
3838           \clearfield{title}%
3839         }%
3840       \renewbibmacro*[related:init]{%
3841         \DeclarnNameAlias{sortname}{default}%
3842         \ifbibmacroundef{date+extradate}{%
3843           \renewbibmacro*[date+extradate]{%
3844             \renewbibmacro*[date]{\printdate}%
3845           \renewbibmacro*[pageref]{%
3846             }%
3847             \thefield{entrytype}}}}

```

Articles that span issues

If an article spans several issues of a journal, we print the second reference after the first, omitting any information in common.

```

3848 \newbibmacro*[related:serialarticle][1]{%
3849   \entrydata*{#1}{%
3850     \iffieldundef{savedjournaltitle}{%
3851       \iffieldsequal{journaltitle}{savedjournaltitle}{%
3852         \clearfield{journaltitle}%
3853       }%
3854     \iffieldundef{savedjournalsubtitle}{%

```

```

3855 \iffieldsequal{journalsubtitle}{savedjournalsubtitle}%
3856   \clearfield{journalsubtitle}%
3857   }{}%
3858 \iffieldundef{savedseries}{}{%
3859   \iffieldsequal{series}{savedseries}%
3860     \clearfield{series}%
3861   }{}%
3862 \iffieldundef{savedyear}{}{%
3863   \iffieldsequal{year}{savedyear}%
3864     \clearfield{year}%
3865   }{}%
3866 \usebibmacro{journal+issuetitle}%
3867 \newunit
3868 \usebibmacro{note+pages}%
3869 \newunit\newblock
3870 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
3871 \newunit\newblock
3872 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}}}

```

Reviews

We ensure that the field formatting for review entries matches that for article entries.

```

3873 \DeclareFieldFormat[review]{title}{\mkbibquote{\#1\isdot}}
3874 \DeclareFieldFormat[review]{volume}{\#1% volume of a journal}
3875 \DeclareFieldFormat[review]{number}{\#1% number of a journal}
3876 \DeclareFieldFormat[review]{series}{% series of a journal
3877   \ifinteger{\#1}
3878   {\mkbibordseries{\#1}\~\bibstring{jourser}}
3879   \ifbibstring{\#1}{\bibstring{\#1}{\#1}}}

```

We take advantage of the Biber-specific mechanism of relating items in order to handle reviews. Compared to the default code, this is simpler in that we don't check for repeated authors/editors (it would be a rather biased review!), we directly set the author format, and we don't nullify the date+extradate macro.

```

3880 \newbibmacro*{related:reviewof}[1]{%
3881   \entrydata*{\#1}{%
3882     \usedriver{%
3883       \renewbibmacro*{related:init}{}%
3884       \DeclarnNameAlias{author}{given-family}%
3885       \renewbibmacro*{pageref}{}%
3886     }{\thefield{entrytype}}%
3887   }%
3888 }

```

Since a review is a special kind of journal article, the review driver is based on the article one, the difference being that the related macro comes just before journal+issuetitle. Oxford style links the two with 'in'.

```

3889 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{review}{%
3890   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
3891   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
3892   \usebibmacro{author/translator+others}%
3893   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
3894   \usebibmacro{title}%
3895   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
3896   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
3897   \newunit\newblock

```

```

3898 \usebibmacro{bytranslator+others}%
3899 \newunit\newblock
3900 \printfield{version}%
3901 \newunit\newblock
3902 \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
3903   \usebibmacro{related:init}%
3904   \usebibmacro{related}%
3905 }{}%
3906 \newunit\newblock
3907 \usebibmacro{in:}%
3908 \setunit{\addspace}%
3909 \usebibmacro{journal+issuetitle}%
3910 \newunit
3911 \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
3912 \iffieldundef{note}{%
3913   {\newunit}%
3914   {\setunit{\addsemicolon\addspace}}%
3915 \usebibmacro{note+pages}%
3916 \newunit\newblock
3917 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}{%
3918   {\printfield{issn}}%
3919 }{}%
3920 \newunit\newblock
3921 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
3922 \newunit\newblock
3923 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
3924 \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
3925 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
3926 \usebibmacro{finentry}%

```

Multiple volumes

Standard biblatex provides the `multivolume` relation for different volumes of the same work that have slightly different publication details, but it doesn't quite work for Oxford style. This works better.

```

3927 \DeclareFieldFormat{related:multivolume}{#1}
3928 \renewbibmacro*{related:multivolume}[1]{%
3929   \entrydata*{#1}{%
3930     \printtext{%
3931       \printfield{volume}%
3932       \printfield{part}%
3933       \iffieldsequal{savedtitle}{title}{}{%
3934         \setunit{\addcolon\space}%
3935         \usebibmacro{title}}% 
3936     }%
3937     \setunit{\addspace}%
3938     \iffieldsequal{savedseries}{series}{\clearfield{series}}{}%
3939     \iffieldsequal{savednumber}{number}{\clearfield{number}}{}%
3940     \iffieldsequal{savededition}{edition}{\clearfield{edition}}{}%
3941     \ifboolexpr{%
3942       test {\iflistsequal{savedpublisher}{publisher}}%
3943       and%
3944       test {\iflistsequal{savedlocation}{location}}%
3945     }{\clearlist{publisher}\clearlist{location}}{}%
3946     \iffieldsequal{saveddate}{date}{\clearfield{date}}{}%
3947     \usebibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}%
3948   }%

```

Related editions

This macro is based on the ‘bytranslator’ one, but more general. Note that `\mkrelatedstringtext` was introduced in biblatex v3.16, so we backport it if an earlier version is used.

```

3949 \providecommand*\mkrelatedstringtext[1]{{{\mainlang #1}}}
3950 \newbibmacro*[related:editedas][1]{%
3951   \entrydata{#1}{%
3952     \renewbibmacro*[name:hook][1]{%
3953       \ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{1}%
3954         {\mkrelatedstringtext{\lbx@initnamehook{#1}}}
3955         {}%}
3956     \printfield{edition}%
3957     \setunit{\addspace}%
3958     \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
3959     \setunit*{\addcomma\space\bibstring[\mkrelatedstringtext]{astitle}\space}%
3960     \usebibmacro{maintitle+title}%
3961     \setunit{\addspace}%
3962     \printfield{note}%
3963     \newunit\newblock
3964     \printfield{volumes}%
3965     \newunit
3966     \usebibmacro{series+number+publisher+location+date}{}}
3967 \renewbibmacro*[related:bytranslator][1]{%
3968   \entrydata{#1}{%
3969     \renewbibmacro*[name:hook][1]{%
3970       \ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{1}%
3971         {\mkrelatedstringtext{\lbx@initnamehook{#1}}}
3972         {}%}
3973     \printnames[bytranslator]{translator}%
3974     \setunit*{\addspace\bibstring[\mkrelatedstringtext]{astitle}\space}%
3975     \usebibmacro{maintitle+title}%
3976     \setunit{\addspace}%
3977     \printfield{note}%
3978     \newunit\newblock
3979     \printfield{volumes}%
3980     \newunit
3981     \usebibmacro{series+number+publisher+location+date}{}}

```

Joint releases

We provide support for CDs (for example) which contain more than one work.

```

3982 \newbibmacro*[related:includes][1]{%
3983   \stepcounter{blx@ox@relitem}%
3984   \ifnumequal{\value{blx@ox@relitem}}{\value{bbx:relatedtotal}}{%
3985     {\bibstring{and}\addspace}{}%
3986   \entrydata{#1}{%
3987     \ifbibmacroundef{date+extradate}{}{%
3988       \renewbibmacro*[date+extradate]{}%}
3989     \usebibmacro{author}%
3990     \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
3991     \usebibmacro{title}}}

```

Subitems

We provide support for items in items in items. The outer two layers should be taken care of with an `incollection` entry or equivalent. The innermost item should be a `misc` entry. While we’re at it, we provide descriptor support for `misc` entries.

```

3992 \DeclareFieldFormat[misc]{title}{%
3993   \def\currentfield{title}%
3994   \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{#1}{%
3995     \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{in}{%
3996       \mkbibquote{#1\isdot}%
3997     }{%
3998       \mkbibemph{#1}%
3999     }%
4000   \undef\currentfield}
4001   \newbibmacro*[related:in][1]{%
4002     \entrydata*{#1}{%
4003       \usedriver
4004       {\ifnameundef{savedauthor}%
4005         {\ifnameundef{savededitor}%
4006           {}%
4007           {\ifnamesequal{editor}{savededitor}%
4008             {\clearname{editor}}%
4009           }%
4010           {\ifnamesequal{author}{savedauthor}%
4011             {\clearname{author}}%
4012           }%
4013         \renewbibmacro*[related:init]{%
4014           \DeclareNameAlias{sortname}{default}%
4015           \ifbibmacroundef{date+extradate}%
4016             {}%
4017             {\renewbibmacro*[date+extradate]{%
4018               \renewbibmacro*[date]{\printdate}}%
4019             \renewbibmacro*[pageref]{}}%
4020             {\thefield{entrytype}}%
4021           \ifboolexpr{%
4022             test {\iffieldundef{pages}}%
4023             or
4024             test {\iffieldundef{savedpages}}%
4025           }{%
4026             \newunit\newblock
4027           }%
4028             \setunit{\addspace}%
4029             \bibstring{thiscite}%
4030             \printunit{\addspace}%
4031           }%
4032         }%
4033         \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
4034       }%
4035     }%
4036   }%
4037 }
```

2.1.19 SOURCE MAPS

We use the source mapping capabilities of Biber to fix the following issues.

```

4035 \DeclareStyleSourcemap{%
4036   \maps[datatype=bibtex]{%
```

Sort order

`proceedings` and `mvproceedings` entries allow an organization to be printed in the author position.

```

4037 \map{
4038   \pertype{proceedings}
4039   \pertype{mvproceedings}
```

```

4040   \step[notfield=author,
4041     fieldsource=organization,
4042     fieldtarget=author]
4043 }
```

Descriptors

This map provides a helpful descriptor field that can simplify the provision of descriptors, being notes that can act as titles.

```

4044 \map[overwrite=false]{
4045   \step[fieldsource=descriptor, final]
4046   \step[notfield=title,
4047     fieldset=title+an,
4048     fieldvalue={:=descriptor}]
4049   \step[notfield=title,
4050     fieldsource=descriptor,
4051     fieldtarget=title]
4052   \step[fieldsource=descriptor,
4053     fieldtarget=note]
4054 }
```

Pseudonyms and inferred authorship

These help ensure compatibility with biblatex-realauthor.

```

4055 \map[overwrite=false]{
4056   \step[fieldsource=realauthor, final]
4057   \step[notfield=author,
4058     fieldset=author+an,
4059     fieldvalue={:=inferred}]
4060   \step[notfield=author,
4061     fieldsource=realauthor,
4062     fieldtarget=author]
4063   \step[fieldsource=realauthor,
4064     fieldtarget=authoraddon]
4065 }
4066 \map[overwrite=false]{
4067   \step[fieldsource=realeditor, final]
4068   \step[notfield=editor,
4069     fieldset=editor+an,
4070     fieldvalue={:=inferred}]
4071   \step[notfield=editor,
4072     fieldsource=realeditor,
4073     fieldtarget=editor]
4074   \step[fieldsource=realeditor,
4075     fieldtarget=editoraddon]
4076 }
```

Editors as joint authors

This map provides a more portable interface for declaring a translator or revisor to be a joint author.

```

4077 \map[overwrite=false]{
4078   \step[fieldsource=editor+an,
4079     match=\regexp{=jointauthor},
4080     final]
```

```

4081   \step[fieldsource=editor,
4082     fieldtarget=jointauthor]
4083   \step[fieldsource=editortype,
4084     fieldtarget=jointauthortype]
4085 }
4086 \map[overwrite=false]{
4087   \step[fieldsource=translator+an,
4088     match=\regexp{=jointauthor},
4089     final]
4090   \step[fieldsource=translator,
4091     fieldtarget=jointauthor]
4092   \step[fieldset=jointauthortype,
4093     fieldvalue={=translator}]
4094 }
```

Standards

The purpose of this map is to move the number to the head of the reference in the absence of an author, and try to fix the sorting accordingly.

```

4095 \map[overwrite=false]{
4096   \pertype{standard}
4097   \step[notfield=author,
4098     fieldsource=number,
4099     final]
4100   \step[fieldset=sortkey,
4101     origfieldval]
4102 }
```

Audiovisual materials

For audiovisual materials, origdatatype defaults to ‘recorded’.

```

4103 \map[overwrite=false]{
4104   \pertype{audio}
4105   \pertype{music}
4106   \pertype{movie}
4107   \pertype{video}
4108   \pertype{inaudio}
4109   \pertype{inmusic}
4110   \pertype{inmovie}
4111   \pertype{invideo}
4112   \step[fieldset=origdatatype,fieldvalue={recorded}]
4113 }
```

Legal references

These help ensure compatibility with oscola.

```

4114 \map[overwrite=false]{
4115   \pertype{jurisdiction}
4116   \step[fieldsource=reporter,
4117     fieldtarget=journaltitle]
4118   \step[fieldsource=court,
4119     fieldtarget=institution]
4120   \step[fieldsource=additionalreports,
4121     fieldtarget=listb]
4122   \step[fieldsource=ecli,
```

```

4123           fieldtarget=verba]
4124       }%
4125   \map[overwrite=false]{
4126     \pertype{legal}
4127     \step[fieldsource=reporter,
4128           fieldtarget=journaltitle]
4129   }
4130   \map[overwrite=true]{
4131     \pertype{legal}
4132     \step[fieldsource=parties,
4133           fieldtarget=institution]
4134     \step[fieldsource=execution,
4135           fieldtarget=lista]
4136   }

```

This is how oscola removes dots from entries.

```

4137   \map[overwrite=true]{
4138     \pertype{jurisdiction}
4139     \pertype{legislation}
4140     \pertype{legal}
4141     \step[fieldsource=title,
4142           match=\regexp{(\d)\.(\d)},
4143           replace=\regexp{\$1.\$2}]
4144     \step[fieldsource=title,
4145           match=\regexp{(\D)\.(\d)},
4146           replace=\regexp{\$1 \$2}]
4147     \step[fieldsource=title,
4148           match=\regexp{\.(\\D)},
4149           replace=\regexp{\$1}]
4150     \step [fieldsource=title,
4151           match=\regexp{(\D)\.},
4152           replace=\regexp{\$1}]
4153     \step[fieldsource=shorttitle,
4154           match=\regexp{(\d)\.(\d)},
4155           replace=\regexp{\$1.\$2}]
4156     \step[fieldsource=shorttitle,
4157           match=\regexp{(\D)\.(\d)},
4158           replace=\regexp{\$1 \$2}]
4159     \step[fieldsource=shorttitle,
4160           match=\regexp{\.(\\D)},
4161           replace=\regexp{\$1}]
4162     \step [fieldsource=shorttitle,
4163           match=\regexp{(\D)\.},
4164           replace=\regexp{\$1}]
4165     \step[fieldsource=parreporter,
4166           match=\regexp{(\d)\.(\d)},
4167           replace=\regexp{\$1.\$2}]
4168     \step[fieldsource=parreporter,
4169           match=\regexp{(\D)\.(\d)},
4170           replace=\regexp{\$1 \$2}]
4171     \step[fieldsource=parreporter,
4172           match=\regexp{\.(\\D)},
4173           replace=\regexp{\$1}]
4174     \step [fieldsource=parreporter,
4175           match=\regexp{(\D)\.},
4176           replace=\regexp{\$1}]
4177     \step[fieldsource=journaltitle,
4178           match=\regexp{(\d)\.(\d)},
4179           replace=\regexp{\$1.\$2}]
4180     \step[fieldsource=journaltitle,

```

```
4181      match=\regexp{(\D)\.(\d)},
4182      replace=\regexp{$1 $2}]
4183 \step[fieldsource=journaltitle,
4184     match=\regexp{(.(\D)},
4185     replace=\regexp{$1}]
4186 \step [fieldsource=journaltitle,
4187     match=\regexp{(\D)\.},
4188     replace=\regexp{$1}]
4189 \step[fieldsource=institution,
4190     match=\regexp{(\d)\.(\d)},
4191     replace=\regexp{$1.$2}]
4192 \step[fieldsource=institution,
4193     match=\regexp{(\D)\.(\d)},
4194     replace=\regexp{$1 $2}]
4195 \step[fieldsource=institution,
4196     match=\regexp{(.(\D)},
4197     replace=\regexp{$1}]
4198 \step[fieldsource=institution,
4199     match=\regexp{(\D)\.},
4200     replace=\regexp{$1}]
4201 \step[fieldsource=publisher,
4202     match=\regexp{(\d)\.(\d)},
4203     replace=\regexp{$1.$2}]
4204 \step[fieldsource=publisher,
4205     match=\regexp{(\D)\.(\d)},
4206     replace=\regexp{$1 $2}]
4207 \step[fieldsource=publisher,
4208     match=\regexp{(.(\D)},
4209     replace=\regexp{$1}]
4210 \step [fieldsource=publisher,
4211     match=\regexp{(\D)\.},
4212     replace=\regexp{$1}]
4213 \step[fieldsource=location,
4214     match=\regexp{(\d)\.(\d)},
4215     replace=\regexp{$1.$2}]
4216 \step[fieldsource=location,
4217     match=\regexp{(\D)\.(\d)},
4218     replace=\regexp{$1 $2}]
4219 \step[fieldsource=location,
4220     match=\regexp{(.(\D)},
4221     replace=\regexp{$1}]
4222 \step [fieldsource=location,
4223     match=\regexp{(\D)\.},
4224     replace=\regexp{$1}]
4225 \step[fieldsource=series,
4226     match=\regexp{(\d)\.(\d)},
4227     replace=\regexp{$1.$2}]
4228 \step[fieldsource=series,
4229     match=\regexp{(\D)\.(\d)},
4230     replace=\regexp{$1 $2}]
4231 \step[fieldsource=series,
4232     match=\regexp{(.(\D)},
4233     replace=\regexp{$1}]
4234 \step [fieldsource=series,
4235     match=\regexp{(\D)\.},
4236     replace=\regexp{$1}]
4237 \step[fieldsource=indextitle,
4238     match=\regexp{(\d)\.(\d)},
4239     replace=\regexp{$1.$2}]
4240 \step[fieldsource=indextitle,
4241     match=\regexp{(\D)\.(\d)},
4242     replace=\regexp{$1 $2}]
```

```

4243   \step[fieldsource=indextitle,
4244     match=\regexp{.(.\D)},
4245     replace=\regexp{$1}]
4246   \step [fieldsource=indextitle,
4247     match=\regexp{(\D).},
4248     replace=\regexp{$1}]
4249 }
```

If casenumber is given, it is converted to number or, if the number is already set, userb.

```

4250   \map[overwrite=false]{
4251     \step[fieldsource=casenumber, final]
4252     \step[notfield=number, fieldsource=casenumber, fieldtarget=number]
4253     \step[fieldsource=casenumber, fieldtarget=userb]
4254   }
4255 }
```

2.1.20 SORTING SCHEMES

We adjust the sort order to take into account some other fields that might end up at the front (library, collection, series).

```

4257 \DeclareSortingTemplate{nty}{
4258   \sort{
4259     \field{presort}
4260   }
4261   \sort[final]{
4262     \field{sortkey}
4263   }
4264   \sort{
4265     \field{sortname}
4266     \field{author}
4267     \field{editor}
4268     \field{translator}
4269     \field{sorttitle}
4270     \field{title}
4271     \field{library}
4272   }
4273   \sort{
4274     \field{sorttitle}
4275     \field{title}
4276   }
4277   \sort{
4278     \field{sortyear}
4279     \field{year}
4280   }
4281   \sort{
4282     \field{volume}
4283     \literal{0}
4284   }
4285   \sort{
4286     \field{location}
4287   }
4288   \sort{
4289     \field{collection}
4290     \field{series}
4291   }
4292 }
```

```
4294 \DeclareSortingTemplate{nyt}{  
4295   \sort{  
4296     \field{presort}  
4297   }  
4298   \sort[final]{  
4299     \field{sortkey}  
4300   }  
4301   \sort{  
4302     \field{sortname}  
4303     \field{author}  
4304     \field{editor}  
4305     \field{translator}  
4306     \field{sorttitle}  
4307     \field{title}  
4308     \field{library}  
4309   }  
4310   \sort{  
4311     \field{sortyear}  
4312     \field{year}  
4313   }  
4314   \sort{  
4315     \field{sorttitle}  
4316     \field{title}  
4317   }  
4318   \sort{  
4319     \field{volume}  
4320     \literal{0}  
4321   }  
4322   \sort{  
4323     \field{location}  
4324   }  
4325   \sort{  
4326     \field{collection}  
4327     \field{series}  
4328   }  
4329 }  
4330  
4331 \DeclareSortingTemplate{anyt}{  
4332   \sort{  
4333     \field{presort}  
4334   }  
4335   \sort{  
4336     \field{labelalpha}  
4337   }  
4338   \sort[final]{  
4339     \field{sortkey}  
4340   }  
4341   \sort{  
4342     \field{sortname}  
4343     \field{author}  
4344     \field{editor}  
4345     \field{translator}  
4346     \field{sorttitle}  
4347     \field{title}  
4348     \field{library}  
4349   }  
4350   \sort{  
4351     \field{sortyear}  
4352     \field{year}  
4353   }  
4354   \sort{  
4355     \field{sorttitle}
```

```

4356      \field{title}
4357  }
4358  \sort{
4359    \field{volume}
4360    \literal{0}
4361  }
4362  \sort{
4363    \field{location}
4364  }
4365  \sort{
4366    \field{collection}
4367    \field{series}
4368  }
4369 }
```

The following entry types never put editors first.

```

4370 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions
4371   [proceedings, report, artwork, audio, image, music, movie, performance, video, %
4372   manuscript, unpublished, review]{useeditor=false}
```

2.2 Notes style: oxnotes.bbx

2.2.1 PRELIMINARIES

First we load the common oxref features.

```
20 \RequireBibliographyStyle{oxref}
```

2.2.2 NAMES

We apply our special name format to names likely to appear at the start of an entry.

```

21 \DeclareNameAlias{author}{bib-family-given/cite-given-family}
22 \DeclareNameAlias[related:reviewof]{author}{given-family}
23 \DeclareNameAlias{editor}{bib-family-given/cite-given-family}
24 \DeclareNameAlias[related:reviewof]{editor}{given-family}
```

We ensure the printing of the anon localization string matches.

```

25 \xpatchbibmacro{author}{%
26   \iftoggle{blx@ox@abbranon}{\bibcpsstring{anon}}{\bibcplstring{anon}}%
27 }{%
28   \iftoggle{blx@ox@abbranon}{%
29     \iftoggle{blx@ox@scnames}{\bibcpsstring[\textsc]{anon}}{\bibcpsstring{anon}}%
30   }{%
31     \iftoggle{blx@ox@scnames}{\bibcplstring[\textsc]{anon}}{\bibcplstring{anon}}%
32   }%
33 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxnotes) failed to patch author}}
```

2.2.3 MULTIVOLUME DATES

For the very particular use case of breaking down multivolume works into their constituent volumes, we remove the overall date, assuming that the individual volume dates will be used instead.

```

34 \xpretobibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}{%
35   \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{multivolume}{%
36     \clearfield{year}\clearfield{month}\clearfield{day}%
37   }{}{}{%

```

2.2.4 SOURCE MAPS

```

38 \DeclareStyleSourcemap{%
39   \maps[datatype=bibtex]{%

```

Sort order

For entry types that print the `maintitle` and `volume` before the `title`, we need to make sure this is reflected in the sort order.

```

40   \map{%
41     \pertype{mvbook}%
42     \pertype{mvcollection}%
43     \pertype{mvreference}%
44     \pertype{proceedings}%
45     \pertype{mvproceedings}%
46     \pertype{report}%
47     \step[fieldsource=maintitle]{%
48       \step[fieldset=sorttitle, origfieldval]{%
49         \step[fieldsource=volume]{%
50           \step[fieldset=sorttitle, append, origfieldval]{%
51             \step[fieldsource=title]{%
52               \step[fieldset=sorttitle, append, origfieldval]{%
53                 }%
54               }%
55             }%

```

2.3 Numeric style: oxnum.bbx

2.3.1 PRELIMINARIES

First we load the common `oxref` features.

```

20 \RequireBibliographyStyle{oxref}

```

2.3.2 NAMES

We apply our special name format to names likely to appear at the start of an entry.

```

21 \DeclareNameAlias{author}{bib-family-given/cite-given-family}%
22 \DeclareNameAlias[related:reviewof]{author}{given-family}%
23 \DeclareNameAlias{editor}{bib-family-given/cite-given-family}%
24 \DeclareNameAlias[related:reviewof]{editor}{given-family}%

```

We ensure the printing of the `anon` localization string matches.

```

25 \xpatchbibmacro{author}{%
26   \iftoggle{blx@ox@abbranon}{\bibcpsstring{anon}}{\bibcplstring{anon}}%
27 }{%
28   \iftoggle{blx@ox@abbranon}{%

```

```

29     \iftoggle{blx@ox@scnames}{\bibcpsstring[\textsc]{anon}}{\bibcpsstring{anon}}%
30     }%
31     \iftoggle{blx@ox@scnames}{\bibcplstring[\textsc]{anon}}{\bibcplstring{anon}}%
32     }%
33     }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxnum) failed to patch author}}

```

2.3.3 MULTIVOLUME DATES

For the very particular use case of breaking down multivolume works into their constituent volumes, we remove the overall date, assuming that the individual volume dates will be used instead.

```

34 \xpretobibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}{%
35   \iffielddequalstr{relatedtype}{multivolume}{%
36     \clearfield{year}\clearfield{month}\clearfield{day}%
37   }{}{}}

```

2.3.4 LABEL NUMBERS

This next code is extracted from the standard numeric style.

```

38 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions{labelnumber}
39
40 \providebool{bbx:subentry}
41
42 \DeclareBibliographyOption{subentry}[true]{%
43   \setbool{bbx:subentry}{#1}}
44
45 \DeclareFieldFormat{bibentrysetcount}{\mkbibparens{\mknumalph{#1}}}
46 \DeclareFieldFormat{labelnumberwidth}{\mkbibbrackets{#1}}
47 \DeclareFieldFormat{shorthandwidth}{\mkbibbrackets{#1}}
48
49 \defbibenvironment{bibliography}
50   {\list
51     {\printtext[labelnumberwidth]{%
52       \printfield[labelprefix]{%
53         \printfield[labelnumber]{}}}
54     {\setlength{\labelwidth}{\labelnumberwidth}%
55      \setlength{\leftmargin}{\labelwidth}%
56      \setlength{\labelsep}{\biblabelsep}%
57      \addtolength{\leftmargin}{\labelsep}%
58      \setlength{\itemsep}{\bibitemsep}%
59      \setlength{\parsep}{\bibparsep}}%
60     \renewcommand*{\makelabel}[1]{\hss##1}}
61   {\endlist}
62   {\item}
63
64 \defbibenvironment{shorthand}
65   {\list
66     {\printfield[shorthandwidth]{shorthand}%
67      {\setlength{\labelwidth}{\shorthandwidth}%
68       \setlength{\leftmargin}{\labelwidth}%
69       \setlength{\labelsep}{\biblabelsep}%
70       \addtolength{\leftmargin}{\labelsep}%
71       \setlength{\itemsep}{\bibitemsep}%
72       \setlength{\parsep}{\bibparsep}}%
73     \renewcommand*{\makelabel}[1]{\hss##1}}
74   {\endlist}
75   {\item}

```

```

76
77 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{set}{%
78   \entryset
79   {\ifbool{bbx:subentry}
80     {\printfield[bibentrysetcount]{entrysetcount}%
81      \printunit*\{\addnbspace\}}
82     {}%
83   }%
84   \newunit\newblock
85   \usebibmacro{setpageref}%
86   \finentry

```

2.4 Author–year style: `oxyear.bbx`

2.4.1 PRELIMINARIES

First we load the common `oxref` features.

```
20 \RequireBibliographyStyle{oxref}
```

Here we set some defaults different to the standard ones. The author can still override them.

```
21 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions{giveninits,labeldateparts,sorting=nyt,pagetracker,maxcitenames=2}
```

2.4.2 DATE MERGING OPTION

We provide the `mergedate` option from the `authoryear` style. In case it isn't clear from the standard documentation, the purpose of this option is twofold: it determines whether the date printed at the head of the reference is the same as or different from `labeldate` as used in the citations, and to what extent the date information at the head of the reference is repeated later on. The OGS and NHR consistently use a variant that is between the basic and compact options, in that the year is always moved to the head of the reference (matching `labeldate`) but the month and day are never moved; this is implemented as the `year` value.

```

22 \DeclareBiblatexOption{global,type,entry}{mergedate}[true]{%
23   \ifcsdef{bbx@opt@mergedate@#1}
24     {\csuse{bbx@opt@mergedate@#1}}
25     {\PackageError{biblatex-oxref}%
26       {Invalid option 'mergedate=#1'}%
27       {Valid values are 'maximum', 'compact', 'basic', 'minimum', \MessageBreak
28        'year', 'true' (=year), and 'false'.}}}

```

The various values affect the definition of the following macro, used at the head of the reference, for which we coin the `datelabel` field format.

```

29 \providebibmacro*{date+extradate}{}
30 \DeclareFieldFormat{datelabel}{\mkbibparens{#1}}
31 \DeclareFieldFormat{labeldate}{%
32   \iflabeldateisdate{%
33     \def\currentfield{date}%
34   }%
35   \iflabeldateisanydate{%
36     \def\currentfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}date}%
37   }%
38   \def\currentfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}}%
39   \iffielddownload{inferred}{\mkbibbrackets{#1}{#1}}{%
40     \undef\currentfield

```

On a related note, the `labeldate` uses the `origdate` if provided in preference to `date`, and falls back to `pubstate` if provided.

```
41 \DeclareLabeldate{%
42   \field{origdate}
43   \field{date}
44   \field{year}
45   \field{eventdate}
46   \field{pubstate}
47   \literal{nodate}
48 }
```

The `extradate` string should be printed bare.

```
49 \DeclareFieldFormat{extradate}{%
50   \iffieldundef{\thefield{labeldatesource}}{%
51     \iffieldnums{\thefield{labeldatesource}year}{~}{%
52       \iffieldnums{\thefield{labeldatesource}}{~}{%
53         \mkbibemph{\mknumalph{#1}}}}}}{%
54       \mkbibemph{\mknumalph{#1}}}}{%
55       \mkbibemph{\mknumalph{#1}}}}{%
```

We provide tests similar to `\labeldateisdate` to tell if the `labeldate` is (a) any type of date, and (b) neither a date nor `pubstate`.

```
56 \def\iflabeldateisanydate{%
57   \ifboolexpr{%
58     \togg{blx@labeldateparts}
59     and not test {\iffieldundef{labeldatesource}}
60     and (
61       test {\iffieldequalstr{labeldatesource}{year}}
62       or not test {\iffieldundef{\thefield{labeldatesource}year}}
63     )}}
64 \def\iflabeldateispubstate{%
65   \ifboolexpr{%
66     not test {\iffieldundef{labeldatesource}}
67     and test {\iffieldequalstr{labeldatesource}{pubstate}}}}
```

We also provide a wrapper around `\printlabeldateextra` that does nothing if the label date is the ‘`nodate`’ literal *and* `sentyear` is defined. Sadly `sentyear` is consumed before we get to this point, so we need a proxy toggle.

```
68 \newtoggle{blx@ox@nonodate}
69 \DeclareBiblatexOption{global,type,entry}{nonodate}[true]{%
70   \settoggle{blx@ox@nonodate}{#1}}
71 \newbibmacro*{labeldate}{%
72   \ifboolexpr{%
73     test {\iffieldequalstr{labeldatesource}{nodate}}
74     and
75     \togg{blx@ox@nonodate}
76   }{}{\printtext[date]{\printlabeldateextra}}}
```

Here we provide the various possible definitions. The `authoryear` implementation does it by clearing, changing or restoring the normal definitions of the `date` and `issue+date` macros. This is not so great for us as our versions of those macros are quite complex (too much to keep repeating). There are additional complications that arise from us using `origdate` in preference to `date` for the label year, and from our option that requires us to print some dates without years. Conceptually it is more straightforward to clear the data fields instead.

- true is the same as year (see below).

```
77 \def\bbx@opt@mergedate@true{\bbx@opt@mergedate@year}
```

- maximum merges the issue and the whole date with the date label. Therefore, we clear year, month, and day from the date used for the label, as well as the issue field.

```
78 \def\bbx@opt@mergedate@maximum{%
79   \renewbibmacro*{date+extradate}{%
80     \iftfieldundef{labelyear}{%
81       \iflabeldateisdate{%
82         \printtext[datelabel]{%
83           \printfield[issue]\clearfield[issue]\%
84           \setunit*\{\addspace\}%
85           \printdateextra\%
86           \clearfield[year]\clearfield[season]\clearfield[month]\clearfield[day]\%
87         }%
88       \iflabeldateisanydate{%
89         \printtext[datelabel]{%
90           \csuse{print\thefield{labeldatesource}dateextra}\%
91           \clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}year}\%
92           \clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}season}\%
93           \clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}month}\%
94           \clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}day}\%
95         }%
96         \usebibmacro{labeldate}\%
97       \iflabeldateispubstate{}{\clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}}}}}}}}
```

- compact merges the whole date (but not issue) with date label. Therefore, we clear year, month, and day from the date used for the label, but leave the issue field alone.

```
98 \def\bbx@opt@mergedate@compact{%
99   \renewbibmacro*{date+extradate}{%
100     \iftfieldundef{labelyear}{%
101       \iflabeldateisdate{%
102         \printtext[datelabel]{\printdateextra}\%
103         \clearfield[year]\clearfield[season]\clearfield[month]\clearfield[day]\%
104       }%
105       \iflabeldateisanydate{%
106         \printtext[datelabel]{%
107           \csuse{print\thefield{labeldatesource}dateextra}\%
108           \clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}year}\%
109           \clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}season}\%
110           \clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}month}\%
111           \clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}day}\%
112         }%
113         \usebibmacro{labeldate}\%
114       \iflabeldateispubstate{}{\clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}}}}}}}}
```

- year always merges the year, and only the year, with the label date. Other date and time components are displayed later in the reference. Therefore we clear the year from the date used for the label, but leave the month and day alone.

```
115 \def\bbx@opt@mergedate@year{%
116   \renewbibmacro*{date+extradate}{%
117     \iftfieldundef{labelyear}{%
118       \usebibmacro{labeldate}\%
```

```

119   \iflabeldateisdate{%
120     \clearfield{year}
121   }{%
122     \iflabeldateisanydate{%
123       \clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}year}%
124     }{%
125       \iflabeldateispubstate{}{\clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}}}%
126     }}}}%

```

- `basic` will merge a year-only date with the date label, but will otherwise display the label year at the head of the reference and the full date later. Therefore we clear the year if and only if there is no month component *and* (if this is the regular date) no issue.

```

127 \def\bbx@opt@mergedate@basic{%
128   \renewbibmacro*[date+extradate]{%
129     \iffieldundef{labelyear}{%
130       \usebibmacro{labeldate}%
131       \iflabeldateisdate{%
132         \ifboolexpr{%
133           test {\ifdateshavedifferentprecision{label}{}}
134         or
135           not test {\iffieldundef{issue}}}
136       }{%
137         \clearfield{year}}%
138     }{%
139       \iflabeldateisanydate{%
140         \ifdateshavedifferentprecision{label}{\thefield{labeldatesource}}{%
141           \clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}year}}%
142         }{%
143           \iflabeldateispubstate{}{\clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}}}%
144         }}}}}

```

- `minimum` will only merge the date with the label date if the two are identical, that is, a bare year with no month or disambiguating suffix. Therefore we clear the year if and only if there is no month component, no extradate, *and* (if this is the regular date) no issue.

```

145 \def\bbx@opt@mergedate@minimum{%
146   \renewbibmacro*[date+extradate]{%
147     \iffieldundef{labelyear}{%
148       \usebibmacro{labeldate}%
149       \iflabeldateisdate{%
150         \ifboolexpr{%
151           test {\ifdateshavedifferentprecision{label}{}}
152           or
153             not test {\iffieldundef{extradate}}}
154           or
155             not test {\iffieldundef{issue}}}
156         }{%
157           \clearfield{year}}%
158     }{%
159       \iflabeldateisanydate{%
160         \ifboolexpr{%
161           test {\ifdateshavedifferentprecision{label}{\thefield{labeldatesource}}}
162           or
163             not test {\iffieldundef{extradate}}}
164         }{%
165           \clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}year}}%
166         }{%
167           \iflabeldateispubstate{}{\clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}}}%
168         }}}}}

```

168 }}}} }

- false suppresses any merging. We only clear the label date source if it is a non-date field other than pubstate.

```
169 \def\bbx@opt@mergedate@false{%
170   \renewbibmacro*{date+extradate}{%
171     \iffieldundef{labelyear}{%
172       \usebibmacro{labeldate}{%
173         \iflabeldateisanydate{%
174           \iflabeldateispubstate{}{\clearfield{\thefield{labeldate}}}}%
175         }}}}
```

We set the default to be true/year.

176 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions{mergedate}

The problem with moving years but leaving months and days behind is that the regular date range macros in `biblatex.sty` do nothing at all if no year is printed. We therefore need to patch the macros with extra routines for printing year-free date ranges: the rather extravagantly named `\mknoyeardaterangefull` and `\mknoyeardaterangetrunc`.

```
177 \newrobustcmd*{\mknoyeardaterangefull}[2]{%
178   \iffieldundef{#2month}{%
179     \datecircaprint
180     \printtext[#2date]{%
181       \iffieldundef{#2season}{%
182         \csuse{mkbibdate#1}{}{#2month}{#2day}{%
183           \blx@printtime{#2}{}}%
184         }%
185         \csuse{mkbibseasondate#1}{}{#2season}{%
186         \dateuncertainprint
187         \iffieldundef{#2endmonth}{%
188           \iffieldequalstr{#2endmonth}{%
189             \mbox{\bibdaterangesep}%
190           }%
191             \bibdaterangesep
192             \enddatecircaprint
193             \iffieldundef{#2season}{%
194               \csuse{mkbibdate#1}{}{#2endmonth}{#2endday}{%
195                 \blx@printtime{#2}{end}{}}%
196               }%
197               \csuse{mkbibseasondate#1}{}{#2endseason}{%
198                 \enddateuncertainprint}}}}
```

There is a potential problem for `\mknoyeardaterangetrunc`, in that if the year and endyear are missing, it cannot tell if they are the same, so if the months are the same but the years are different, the range would be erroneously compressed. However, the only reason the year should be missing is that it is in the label, so we test `labelyear` instead.

```
199 \newrobustcmd*{\mknoyeardaterangetrunc}[2]{%
200   \iffieldundef{#2month}{%
201     \datecircaprint
202     \printtext[#2date]{%
203       \iffieldundef{#2season}{%
204         \ifboolexpr{%
205           test {\iffieldequal{labelyear}{labelendyear}}}}
```

```

206     and
207     test {\iffieldsequal{#2month}{#2endmonth}}
208     }%
209     {\csuse{mkbibdate#1}{}{}{#2day}%
210     }%
211     {\csuse{mkbibdate#1}{}{#2month}{#2day}}%
212     }%
213     {\csuse{mkbibseasondate#1}{}{#2season}}%
214     \dateuncertainprint
215     \iffieldundef{#2endmonth}{}{%
216     \iffieldequalstr{#2endmonth}{}{%
217     \mbox{\bibdate range sep}}%
218     }%
219     \bibdate range sep
220     \enddatecircaprint
221     \iffieldundef{#2season}{}{%
222     \csuse{mkbibdate#1}{}{#2endmonth}{#2endday}}%
223     }%
224     \csuse{mkbibseasondate#1}{}{#2endseason}}%
225     \enddateuncertainprint}}}}}

```

Now we patch the four date range commands. The extra commands, which print disambiguating labels as well, should only print those labels if the year is present, so they can use the same non-year date range functions as the non-extra commands.

```

226 \xpatchcmd{\mkdaterangefull}{%
227   \iffieldundef{#2year} {\blx@nouit}%
228 }{%
229   \iffieldundef{#2year} {\mknoyeardaterangefull{#1}{#2}}%
230 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch mkdaterangefull}}
231 \xpatchcmd{\mkdaterangetrunc@i}{%
232   \iffieldundef{#2year} {\blx@nouit}%
233 }{%
234   \iffieldundef{#2year} {\mknoyeardaterangetrunc{#1}{#2}}%
235 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch mkdaterangetrunc@i}}
236 \xpatchcmd{\mkdaterangefullext}{%
237   \iffieldundef{#2year} {\blx@nouit}%
238 }{%
239   \iffieldundef{#2year} {\mknoyeardaterangefull{#1}{#2}}%
240 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch mkdaterangefullext}}
241 \xpatchcmd{\mkdaterangetruncextra@i}{%
242   \iffieldundef{#2year} {\blx@nouit}%
243 }{%
244   \iffieldundef{#2year} {\mknoyeardaterangetrunc{#1}{#2}}%
245 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch mkdaterangetruncextra@i}}

```

2.4.3 BIBLIOGRAPHY FORMATTING

We let biblatex measure shorthands so we can use `\shorthandwidth` later.

```
246 \DeclareFieldFormat{shorthandwidth}{#1}
```

We enhance the family-given name format to handle the pseudo and inferred annotations.

```

247 \xpretonameformat{family-given}{%
248   \iffieldannotation{inferred}{\ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{1}{\bibopenbracket}{}}{%
249     \ifitemannotation{inferred}{\bibopenbracket}{}{%
250   }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to prepend to family-given}}%
251   \xpatchnameformat{family-given}}{%

```

```

252 \usebibmacro{name:andothers}%
253 }{%
254   \ifitemannotation{pseudo}{%
255     \addspace\printtext[parens]{\bibsstring{pseudo}}%
256   }{%
257     \ifitemannotation{inferred}{\bibclosebracket}{}%
258     \usebibmacro{name:andothers}%
259     \iffieldannotation{inferred}{%
260       \ifboolexpr{%
261         test {\ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{\value{maxnames}}}%
262         or
263         test {\ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{\value{listtotal}}}%
264         or (
265           test {\ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{\value{minnames}}}%
266           and
267           test {\ifnumgreater{\value{listtotal}}{\value{maxnames}}} )%
268         }\bibclosebracket{}%
269     }{%
270     }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyyear) failed to patch family-given}}%
271     \DeclareNameAlias{shortauthor}{family-given}%
272     \DeclareNameAlias{shorteditor}{family-given}%

```

Names at the head of the reference are family-given, but names elsewhere are given-family.

```

273 \DeclareNameAlias{sortname}{family-given}%
274 \DeclareNameAlias{author}{family-given}%
275 \DeclareNameAlias{editor}{family-given}%
276 \DeclareNameAlias{translator}{family-given}%

```

The bibliography formatting is just like authoryear except we do not eliminate item separation by default.

```

277 \defbibenvironment{bibliography}%
278   {\list
279    {}%
280    {\setlength{\leftmargin}{\bibhang}%
281     \setlength{\itemindent}{-\leftmargin}%
282     \setlength{\itemsep}{\bibitemsep}%
283     \setlength{\parsep}{\bibparsep}}%
284   {\endlist}%
285   {\item}%

```

The shorthand formatting is just like authoryear.

```

286 \defbibenvironment{shorthand}%
287   {\list
288    {\printfield[shorthandwidth]{shorthand}}%
289    {\setlength{\labelwidth}{\shorthandwidth}%
290     \setlength{\leftmargin}{\labelwidth}%
291     \setlength{\labelsep}{\biblabelsep}%
292     \addtolength{\leftmargin}{\labelsep}%
293     \setlength{\itemsep}{\bibitemsep}%
294     \setlength{\parsep}{\bibparsep}%
295     \renewcommand*{\makelabel}[1]{##1\hss}}%
296   {\endlist}%
297   {\item}%

```

2.4.4 NAME AND DATE FORMATTING

We set up hashing just as in authoryear.

```
298 \InitializeBibliographyStyle{\global\undef\bbx@lasthash}
```

We ensure related entries do not interfere with the hashing.

```
299 \xapptobibmacro{begrelated}{%
300   \booltrue{bbx@inset}}%
301 {}{\wlog{[WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to append to begrelated]}%
302 \xapptobibmacro{endrelated}{%
303   \usebibmacro*{bbx:savehash}}%
304 {}{\wlog{[WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to append to endrelated]}}
```

We patch the author macro so that the date label information appears at the end (as in authoryear).

```
305 \xpatchbibmacro{author}{%
306   \iffieldundef{authortype}{%
307 }{%
308   \usebibmacro{date+extradate}}%
309   \setunit*{\addspace}%
310   \iffieldundef{authortype}{%
311 }{}{\wlog{[WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch author (authortype)]}}%
312 \xpatchbibmacro{author}{%
313   \global\undef\bbx@lasthash
314 }{%
315   \global\undef\bbx@lasthash
316   \usebibmacro{labeltitle}}%
317   \setunit*{\addspace}%
318   \usebibmacro{date+extradate}}%
319 }{}{\wlog{[WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch author (lasthash)]}}%
```

We patch it further so that, where an author name has a corresponding (different) short author name, the short name is given first and the long name given in parentheses. Note that this only affects cases where authoraddon has not been provided.

```
320 \xpatchbibmacro{namepairs}{%
321   \printnames[by#1]%
322 }{%
323   \printnames[#1]%
324 }{}{\wlog{[WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch namepairs]}%
325 \xpatchbibmacro{author+altauthor}{%
326   \printnames{author}}%
327 }{%
328   \ifboolexpr{%
329     ( not test {\ifnameundef{shortauthor}} )
330     and
331     test {\ifnumequal{\value{shortauthor}}{\value{author}}}%
332   }{%
333     \usebibmacro{namepairs}{author}{shortauthor}%
334   }{%
335     \printnames{author}%
336   }%
337 }{}{\wlog{[WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch author+altauthor]}}%
```

We apply the same patches to bbx:editor, but also move the editor string to after the date label.

```
338 \xpatchbibmacro{bbx:editor}{%
339   \usebibmacro{#1}}%
340 }{%
341   \usebibmacro{date+extradate}}%
342 \setunit*{\addspace}%
```

```

343   \usebibmacro{#1}%
344 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch bbx:editor}}%
345 \xpatchbibmacro{bbx:editor}{%
346   \global\undef\bbx@lasthash
347 }{%
348   \global\undef\bbx@lasthash
349   \usebibmacro{labeltitle}%
350   \setunit*\{\addspace}%
351   \usebibmacro{date+extradate}%
352 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch bbx:editor (lasthash)}}%
353 \xpatchbibmacro{editor+altereditor}{%
354   \printnames[byeditor]%
355 }{%
356   \printnames[editor]%
357 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch editor+altereditor}}%
358 \xpatchbibmacro{editor+altereditor}{%
359   \printnames[editor]%
360 }{%
361   \ifboolexpr{%
362     ( not test {\ifnameundef{shorteditor}} )
363     and
364     test {\ifnumequal{\value{shorteditor}}{\value{editor}}}%
365   }{%
366     \usebibmacro{namepairs}{editor}{shorteditor}%
367   }{%
368     \printnames[editor]%
369   }%
370 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch editor+altereditor (shorteditor)}}%

```

We apply the same patches to bbx:translator as we do for bbx:editor, except for the shortening one.

```

371 \xpatchbibmacro{bbx:translator}{%
372   \global\undef\bbx@lasthash
373 }{%
374   \global\undef\bbx@lasthash
375   \usebibmacro{labeltitle}%
376   \setunit*\{\addspace}%
377   \usebibmacro{date+extradate}%
378 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch bbx:translator (lasthash)}}%
379 \xpatchbibmacro{bbx:translator}{%
380   \usebibmacro{#1}%
381 }{%
382   \usebibmacro{date+extradate}%
383   \setunit*\{\addspace}%
384   \usebibmacro{#1}%
385 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch bbx:translator}}%

```

The labeltitle macro differs from the one from authoryear in that it also includes the subtitle. We record the fact that we have cleared the title.

```

386 \newtoggle{blx@ox@clearedtitle}
387 \newbibmacro*{labeltitle}{%
388   \iffieldundef{label}{%
389     \iffieldundef{shorttitle}{%
390       \ifboolexpr{%
391         test {\iffieldundef{title}}%
392         and
393         test {\iffieldundef{subtitle}}%
394       }{%
395         \printfield{library}%

```

```

396     \clearfield{library}%
397 }{%
398     \printtext[title]{%
399         \printfield[titlecase]{title}%
400         \setunit{\subtitlepunct}%
401         \printfield[titlecase]{subtitle}}%
402     \clearfield{title}%
403     \clearfield{subtitle}%
404     \toggletrue{blx@ox@clearedtitle}%
405     \setunit{\addspace}%
406 }%
407 }{%
408     \printtext[title]{\printfield[titlecase]{shorttitle}}%
409 }%
410 }{%
411     \printfield{label}%
412 }%
413 }

```

If the `labeltitle` pulls the title from a `maintitle+title` macro, we flick a switch to make the driver use `maintitle+volume` instead.

```

414 \xpretobibmacro{maintitle+title}{%
415     \iftoggle{blx@ox@clearedtitle}{%
416         \usebibmacro{maintitle+volume}%
417         \clearfield{maintitle}%
418         \clearfield{volume}%
419     }%
420 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to prepend to maintitle+title}}
421 \DeclareFieldFormat[mvbook,mvcollection,mvreference,mvproceedings]{maintitle+volume}{#1}

```

The date of `online` entries is printed in parentheses; as the year is moved after the author, this can lead to empty parentheses unless a month is printed, so we change the test accordingly.

```

422 \xpatchbibdriver{online}{%
423     \iffieldundef{year}%
424 }{%
425     \ifboolexpr{%
426         test {\iffieldundef{season}}%
427         and%
428         test {\iffieldundef{month}}%
429     }%
430 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch online}}

```

We ensure the label title in citations matches the formatting used for the equivalent information in the bibliography entry.

```

431 \DeclareFieldFormat[bookinbook]{citetitle}{%
432     \ifboolexpr{%
433         test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{poem}}%
434         or%
435         test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{play}}%
436     }%
437     \mkbibemph{#1}%
438 }{%
439     \mkbibquote{#1\isdot}}}
440 \DeclareFieldFormat[supperperiodical,inaudio,inmusic,inmovie,invideo,online,%
441     image,manuscript,unpublished]{citetitle}{%
442     \def\currentfield{title}%
443     \ifboolexpr{

```

```

444     test {\iffieldannotation{descriptor}}
445     or (
446         test {\iffieldundef{shorttitle}}
447         and
448             test {\iffieldundef{title}}
449     )
450     }{\mkbibquote{\#1\isdot}}%
451     \undef\currentfield
452 \DeclareFieldFormat[upperperiodical,inaudio,inmusic,inmovie,invideo,online,%
453   image,manuscript,unpublished]{citetitle}{%
454   \def\currentfield{title}%
455   \ifboolexpr{%
456     test {\iffieldannotation{descriptor}}
457     or (
458       test {\iffieldundef{shorttitle}}
459       and
460           test {\iffieldundef{title}}
461     )
462   }{\mkbibquote{\#1\isdot}}%
463   \undef\currentfield
464 \DeclareFieldFormat[audio,music]{citetitle}{%
465   \def\currentfield{title}%
466   \ifboolexpr{%
467     test {\iffieldannotation{descriptor}}
468     or (
469       test {\iffieldundef{shorttitle}}
470       and
471           test {\iffieldundef{title}}
472     )
473   }{%
474     \iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{podcast}{%
475       \mkbibquote{\#1\isdot}}%
476     }{%
477       \mkbibemph{\#1}}}}%
478   \undef\currentfield
479 \DeclareFieldFormat[movie,video]{citetitle}{%
480   \def\currentfield{title}%
481   \ifboolexpr{%
482     test {\iffieldannotation{descriptor}}
483     or (
484       test {\iffieldundef{shorttitle}}
485       and
486           test {\iffieldundef{title}}
487     )
488   }{%
489     \ifboolexpr{%
490       test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{episode}}%
491       or
492       test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{clip}}%
493       or
494       test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{webcast}}%
495     }{%
496       \mkbibquote{\#1\isdot}}%
497     }{%
498       \mkbibemph{\#1}}}}%
499   \undef\currentfield
500 \DeclareFieldFormat[legislation,legal]{citetitle}{#1}
501 \DeclareFieldFormat[misc]{%
502   {citetitle}}%
503   \def\currentfield{title}%
504   \ifboolexpr{%
505     test {\iffieldannotation{descriptor}}}
```

```

506     or (
507         test {\iffieldundef{shorttitle}}
508         and
509         test {\iffieldundef{title}}
510     )
511     }{%
512     \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{in}{%
513         \mkbibquote{\#1\isdot}%
514     }{%
515         \mkbibemph{\#1}%
516     }%
517     \undef\currentfield}

```

2.4.5 JOURNAL DIVISION FORMATTING

Oxyear uses a colon to demarcate page numbers in journal articles.

```

518 \renewcommand*{\bibpagespunct}{%
519 \ifboolexpr{
520     test {\ifentrytype{article}}
521     or
522     test {\ifentrytype{suppperiodical}}
523     or
524     test {\ifentrytype{review}}
525 }{%
526     \addcolon\space
527 }{%
528     \addcomma\space
529 }%
530 }

```

2.4.6 MANUSCRIPTS

Since we clear the title, we need a more sophisticated test for whether to suppress the date.

```

531 \renewbibmacro{manuscript:date}{%
532 \ifboolexpr{
533     test {\ifnameundef{author}}
534     and
535     not toggl {blx@ox@clearedtitle}
536     and
537     test {\iffieldundef{label}}%
538 }{\usebibmacro{date}}}

```

We include the library field as a fallback title.

```

539 \DeclareLabeltitle{%
540     \field{shorttitle}
541     \field{title}
542     \field{maintitle}
543     \field{library}
544 }

```

2.4.7 SOURCE MAPS

We use the source mapping capabilities of Biber to fix the following issues.

```
545 \DeclareStyleSourcemap{%
546   \maps[datatype=bibtex]{%
```

Suppressing a ‘nodate’ label

Unless already set, the `nonodate` option is inserted if `sortyear` is used. We accomplish this with source maps; the first one works where options (not including `nonodate`) have been set, the second where no options have been set.

```
547   \map[overwrite=true]{%
548     \step[notmatch=\regexp{nonodate}, fieldsource=options, final]
549     \step[fieldsource=sortyear, final]
550     \step[fieldset=options, append, fieldvalue={,nonodate}]
551   }
552   \map[overwrite=true]{%
553     \step[notfield=options, final]
554     \step[fieldsource=sortyear, final]
555     \step[fieldset=options, fieldvalue={nonodate}]
556   }
```

Standards

The purpose of this map is to change the number into a label in the absence of an author, so that the citations come out right and the date is positioned correctly.

```
557   \map[overwrite=false]{%
558     \pertype{standard}
559     \step[notfield=author,
560           fieldsource=number,
561           fieldtarget=label]
562   }
563 }
```

2.5 Alphabetic style: `oxalph.bbx`

2.5.1 PRELIMINARIES

This style is based on `oxyear`.

```
20 \RequireBibliographyStyle{oxyear}
```

2.5.2 SUPPRESSING LABELEXTRA

Since the label codes do all the disambiguation, it is not necessary for the date at the head of the reference to have a disambiguation component.

```
21 \xpatchcmd{\bbx@opt@mergedate@maximum}{%
22   \printdateextra
23 }{%
24   \printdate
25 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxalph) failed to patch bbx@opt@mergedate@maximum
26   \rightarrow (print)}}
27 \xpatchcmd{\bbx@opt@mergedate@maximum}{%
28   \csuse{print\thefield{labeldatesource}dateextra}}{%
29 }
```

```

29   \csuse{print\thefield{labeldate@source}date}%
30 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxalph) failed to patch bbx@opt@mergedate@maximum
31   \hookrightarrow (label)}}
32 \xpatchcmd{\bbx@opt@mergedate@compact}{%
33   \csuse{print\thefield{labeldate@source}dateextra}%
34 }{%
35   \csuse{print\thefield{labeldate@source}date}%
36 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxalph) failed to patch bbx@opt@mergedate@compact}}
37 \xpatchbibmacro{labeldate}{%
38   \printlabeldateextra
39 }{%
40   \printlabeldate
41 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxalph) failed to patch labeldate}}
42 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions{mergedate}

```

2.5.3 LABEL CODES: PRINTING

This next code is extracted from the standard alphabetic style, and among other things ensures the citation labels are printed in the bibliography.

```

42 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions{labelalpha,sorting=anyt}
43
44 \DeclareFieldFormat{labelalphawidth}{\mkbibbrackets{#1}}
45 \DeclareFieldFormat{shorthandwidth}{\mkbibbrackets{#1}}
46
47 \defbibenvironment{bibliography}
48   {\list
49     {\printtext[labelalphawidth]{%
50       \printfield{labelprefix}%
51     \printfield{labelalpha}%
52       \printfield{extraalpha}}%
53     \setlength{\labelwidth}{\labelalphawidth}%
54     \setlength{\leftmargin}{\labelwidth}%
55     \setlength{\labelsep}{\biblabelsep}%
56     \addtolength{\leftmargin}{\labelsep}%
57     \setlength{\itemsep}{\bibitemsep}%
58     \setlength{\parsep}{\bibparsep}%
59     \renewcommand*{\makelabel}[1]{\hss##1\hss}}}
60   {\endlist}
61   {\item}
62
63 \defbibenvironment{shorthand}
64   {\list
65     {\printfield[shorthandwidth]{shorthand}%
66     \setlength{\labelwidth}{\shorthandwidth}%
67     \setlength{\leftmargin}{\labelwidth}%
68     \setlength{\labelsep}{\biblabelsep}%
69     \addtolength{\leftmargin}{\labelsep}%
70     \setlength{\itemsep}{\bibitemsep}%
71     \setlength{\parsep}{\bibparsep}%
72     \renewcommand*{\makelabel}[1]{\hss##1\hss}}}
73   {\endlist}
74   {\item}

```

2.5.4 LABEL CODES: GENERATING

The standard labels are generated from the `labelname` and `year`. We widen the net a bit, so that if there is no `labelname`, we fall back to the `shortlabeltitle` or `labeltitle`; also we use `labelyear` in place of `year`. The `shortlabeltitle` is generated from all the capital letters in the title and subtitle, with the help of a source map.

```
75 \DeclareStyleSourcemap{%
76   \maps[datatype=bibtex]{%
77     \map[overwrite=false]{%
78       \step[fieldsource=title, final]
79       \step[fieldset=shortlabeltitle, origfieldval]
80       \step[fieldsource=subtitle]
81       \step[fieldset=shortlabeltitle, origfieldval, append=true]
82       \step[fieldsource=shortlabeltitle,
83         match=\regexp{[^\\p{Lu}]},
84         replace=\regexp{}]
85     }}}
```

```
86 \DeclareLabelalphaTemplate{%
87   \labelelement{
88     \field[final]{shorthand}
89     \field{label}
90     \field[strwidth=3,strside=left,ifnames=1]{labelname}
91     \field[strwidth=1,strside=left]{labelname}
92     \field[strwidth=3,strside=left]{shortlabeltitle}
93     \field[strwidth=4,strside=left]{labeltitle}
94   }
95   \labelelement{
96     \field[strwidth=2,strside=right]{labelyear}
97   }
98 }
```

Citation styles

3.1 Notes style: `oxnotes.cbx`

The standard verbose style is a close match for what we need.

```
20 \RequireCitationStyle{verbose}
```

Variants are also provided that load the respective variant of verbose at this point.

The main difference is that the `citepages` option from these styles needs to be `separate` by default, and the `\postnotedelim` before the bibliography string `thiscite` ('at') is replaced by a simple space.

```
21 \newbibmacro*{cite:postnote:pages}{%
22   \setunit{\addspace}%
23   \bibstring{thiscite}%
24   \setunit{\addspace}%
25   \printfield{postnote}%
26   \ExecuteBibliographyOptions{citepages=separate}}
```

3.2 Numeric style: `oxnum.cbx`

The standard numeric style works, needing only a little configuration.

```
20 \RequireCitationStyle{numeric-comp}
```

Compressed citations are delimited with a semicolon, just like non-compressed citations.

```
21 \renewcommand*{\multicitedelim}{\addsemicolon\space}
22 \renewcommand*{\compcitedelim}{\addsemicolon\space}
```

The page reference postnote is given after a colon.

```
23 \renewcommand*{\postnotedelim}{\addcolon\space}
```

3.3 Author–year style: `oxyear.cbx`

The standard authoryear-comp style is a close match for what we need.

```
20 \RequireCitationStyle{authoryear-comp}
```

This sets `uniquename` to `full`, but that conflicts with `giveninits` set by the bibliography style, so we set it to `init` instead. If left alone, biblatex would do this anyway, but if we do it explicitly, we avoid the warning message.

```
21 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions{uniquename=init}
```

We provide a slightly different `labeldate` macro that obeys the `nonodate` option.

```
22 \renewbibmacro*{cite:labeldate+extradate}{%
23   \ifboolexpr{%
24     test {\iffieldundef{labelyear}}%
25     or%
26     ( test {\iffieldequalstr{labeldatesource}{nodate}}%
27       and%
28       \togl {blx@ox@nonodate} )%
29   }{\printtext[bibhyperref]{\printlabeldateextra}}}
```

We insert anonymous author handling into `cite`.

```
30 \xpatchbibmacro{cite}{%
31   \printnames{labelname}%
32 }{%
33   \ifboolexpr{%
34     test {\iffieldequalstr{labelnamesource}{author}}%
35     and%
36     \togl {blx@ox@autoanon}%
37     and%
38     test {\iffieldquals{rawauthor}{\oxrefanon}}%
39   }{%
40     \iftoggle{blx@ox@abbranon}{\bibcpsstring{anon}}{\bibcplstring{anon}}%
41   }{%
42     \printnames{labelname}%
43   }%
44 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch cite}}
```

The name and year are usually separated by a space, but if the date is replaced by a word (e.g. ‘forthcoming’, ‘n.d.’), they are separated by a comma.

```
45 \DeclareDelimFormat{nameyeardelim}{%
46   \iflabeldateisanydate{%
47     {\addspace}%
48     {\addcomma\space}}}
49 \DeclareDelimFormat{nonameyeardelim}{%
50   \iflabeldateisanydate{%
51     {\addspace}%
52     {\addcomma\space}}}
```

Compressed citations are delimited with a semicolon, just like non-compressed citations.

```
53 \renewcommand*{\multicitedelim}{\addsemicolon\space}
54 \renewcommand*{\compcitedelim}{\addsemicolon\space}
```

The page reference postnote is given after a colon.

```
55 \renewcommand*{\postnotedelim}{\addcolon\space}
```

3.4 Alphabetic style: oxalph.cbx

The standard alphabetic style works, needing only a little configuration.

```
20 \RequireCitationStyle{alphabetic}
```

Compressed citations are delimited with a semicolon, just like non-compressed citations.

```
21 \renewcommand*{\multicitedelim}{\addsemicolon\space}
22 \renewcommand*{\compcitedelim}{\addsemicolon\space}
```

The page reference postnote is given after a colon.

```
23 \renewcommand*{\postnotedelim}{\addcolon\space}
```

3.5 Common citation fixes

This code is appended to all the citation style files.

Just in case someone loaded this without loading `oxref.bbx`, we ensure the necessary definitions are in place.

```
1 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
2 \RequirePackage{xpatch}
3 \providetoggle{blx@ox@autoanon}
4 \providetoggle{blx@ox@abbranon}
```

We fix the `textcite` macro so if the `anon` option is set to `long` or `short`, a value of ‘Anonymous’ is replaced by the bibliography string `anon`.

```
5 \xpatchbibmacro{textcite}{%
6   \printnames{labelname}%
7 }{%
8   \ifboolexpr{
9     test {\iffieldequalstr{labelname/source}{author}}%
10    and
11    \toggleset{blx@ox@autoanon}
12    and
13    test {\iffieldequals{rawauthor}{\oxrefanon}}%
14  }{%
15    \iftoggle{blx@ox@abbranon}{\bibcpsstring{anon}}{\bibcplstring{anon}}%
16  }{%
17    \printnames{labelname}%
18  }%
19 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch textcite}}
```

Data model adjustments

4.1 oxnotes.dbx, oxyear.dbx, oxnum.dbx, and oxalph.dbx

We provide an additional name part for handling titles.

20 `\DeclareDatamodelConstant[type=list]{nameparts}{prefix,family,suffix,given,title}`

The datatype and origdatatype fields are used for prefixing the date with a description.

21 `\DeclareDatamodelFields[type=field,datatype=literal]{datatype,origdatatype}`

We add the inaudio entry type and friends.

22 `\DeclareDatamodelEntrytypes{inaudio,inmusic,inmovie,invideo}`

The authoraddon and editoraddon fields are used for handling pseudonyms. The serieseditor field is used for the editor of a book series, as opposed to the editor of the particular cited work.

23 `\DeclareDatamodelFields[type=list,datatype=name]{authoraddon,editoraddon,serieseditor}`

The jointauthor and jointauthortype fields are used for internally for handling editors/translators who can be considered joint authors.

24 `\DeclareDatamodelFields[type=list,datatype=name]{jointauthor}`
 25 `\DeclareDatamodelFields[type=field,datatype=literal]{jointauthortype}`

The rawauthor field is used internally for checking whether an the name given in the author field is a keyword meaning ‘anonymous’.

26 `\DeclareDatamodelFields[type=field,datatype=literal]{rawauthor}`
 27 `\DeclareDatamodelEntryfields{datatype,origdatatype,authoraddon,editoraddon,%`
 `serieseditor,jointauthor,jointauthortype,rawauthor}`

We provide a shortlabeltitle field to contain our custom reduction of the labeltitle.

29 `\DeclareDatamodelFields[type=field,datatype=literal]{shortlabeltitle}`

This data model is borrowed from biblatex-manuscripts-philology.

```
30 \DeclareDatamodelEntrytypes{manuscript}
31 \DeclareDatamodelFields[type=field,datatype=literal]{catalog,dating,%
32   shortlibrary,columns, collection,shortcollection,usualtitle,shelfmark,%
33   sortshelfmark,support,columns,layer}
34 \DeclareDatamodelFields[type=list,datatype=name]{scribe,owner}
35 \DeclareDatamodelFields[type=list,datatype=literal]{origin}
36 \DeclareDatamodelEntryfields[manuscript]{catalog,dating,shortlibrary,%
37   shortcollection,columns,languages,collection,usualtitle,shelfmark,%
38   sortshelfmark,support,columns,origin,scribe,owner}
```

This data model helps with legal citations.

```
39 \DeclareDatamodelFields[type=field,datatype=date]{pardate}
40 \DeclareDatamodelFields[type=field,datatype=literal]{parreporter,parserseries}
41 \DeclareDatamodelFields[type=field,datatype=integer]{parvolume}
42 \DeclareDatamodelFields[type=field,datatype=range]{parpages}
43 \DeclareDatamodelEntryfields[jurisdiction]{pardate,parreporter,parserseries,%
44   parvolume,parpages}
```

Localization modules

5.1 English: english-oxref.lbx

Here we set some language-specific punctuation and date formatting.

```

20 \InheritBibliographyExtras{english}
21 \DeclareBibliographyExtras{%
22   \def\finalandcomma{\addcomma}%
23   \protected\def\mkusbibordinal#1{%
24     \begingroup
25       \tempcnta#1\relax\number\tempcnta
26       \whilenum{\tempcnta>100}{\do{\advance\tempcnta-100\relax}%
27       \ifnum\tempcnta>20
28         \whilenum{\tempcnta>9}{\do{\advance\tempcnta-10\relax}%
29       \fi
30       \ifcase\tempcnta th\or st\or d\or d\else th\fi
31     \endgroup}%
32   }

```

We load the standard set of localization strings, then add our adjustments.

```

33 \DeclareBibliographyStrings{%
34   inherit      = {english},

```

These are new strings defined by oxref:

- Roles expressed as functions

```

35   director      = {{director}{dir\adddot}},
36   directors     = {{directors}{dirs\adddot}},
37   performer     = {{}}{ },
38   performers    = {{}}{ },
39   reader        = {{reader}{reader}},
40   readers       = {{readers}{readers}},
41   conductor    = {{conductor}{cond\adddot}},
42   conductors   = {{conductors}{cond\adddot}},
43   serieseditor = {{series editor}{ser\adddotspace ed\adddot}},
44   serieseditors= {{series editors}{ser\adddotspace eds\adddot}},
45   holder        = {{holder}{holder}},
46   holders       = {{holders}{holders}},
47   editorcm      = {{editor and compiler}{ed\adddotspace and comp\adddot}},
48   editorcms     = {{editors and compilers}{eds\adddotspace and comp\adddot}},

```

- Roles expressed as actions

```

49 byperformer      = {{}},,
50 bydirector       = {{directed by}{dir\adddot}},,
51 byreader         = {{read by}{read by}},,
52 byconductor      = {{conducted by}{cond\adddot}},,
53 byserieseditor   = {{edited by}{ed\adddot}},,
54 byholder         = {{held by}{held by}},,
55 byeditorcm       = {{edited and compiled by}{ed\adddotspace and comp\adddot}},,

```

- Publication details

```

56 facsimile        = {{facsimile edition}{facs\adddotspace edn\adddot}},,
57 revised          = {{revised edition}{rev\adddotspace edn\adddot}},,
58 revisedenlarged  = {{revised and enlarged edition}{rev\adddotspace and enl\adddotspace
→ edn\adddot}},,
59 revisedreprint    = {{revised reprint}{rev\adddotspace repr\adddot}},,
60 suppto           = {{Supplement to}{Supplement to}},,
61 equals           = {{=}{=}}},,
62 original         = {{original}{orig\adddot}},,

```

- Publication state

```

63 impressin        = {{to be published in}{to be published in}},,

```

- Pagination

```

64 book             = {{book}{bk\adddot}},,
65 books            = {{books}{bks\adddot}},,
66 canto            = {{canto}{canto}},,
67 cantos           = {{cantos}{cantos}},,
68 stanza           = {{stanza}{stanza}},,
69 stanzas          = {{stanzas}{stanzas}},,
70 act               = {{Act}{Act}},,
71 acts              = {{Acts}{Acts}},,
72 scene             = {{Scene}{Scene}},,
73 scenes            = {{Scenes}{Scenes}},,
74 folio             = {{folio}{fo\adddot}},,
75 folios            = {{folios}{fos\adddot}},,
76 article           = {{article}{art\adddot}},,
77 articles          = {{articles}{arts\adddot}},,
78 clause            = {{clause}{cl\adddot}},,
79 clauses           = {{clauses}{cls\adddot}},,
80 regulation         = {{regulation}{reg\adddot}},,
81 regulations        = {{regulations}{regs\adddot}},,
82 rule              = {{rule}{r\adddot}},,
83 rules              = {{rules}{rr\adddot}},,
84 booktotal         = {{book}{bk\adddot}},,
85 booktotals         = {{books}{bks\adddot}},,
86 cantototal        = {{canto}{canto}},,
87 cantototals        = {{cantos}{cantos}},,
88 stanzatotal        = {{stanza}{stanza}},,
89 stanzatotals        = {{stanzas}{stanzas}},,
90 acttotal           = {{Act}{Act}},,
91 acttotals          = {{Acts}{Acts}},,
92 scenetotal         = {{Scene}{Scene}},,
93 scenetotals         = {{Scenes}{Scenes}},,
94 foliototal         = {{folio}{fo\adddot}},,
95 foliototals         = {{folios}{fos\adddot}},,
96 articletotal        = {{article}{art\adddot}},,
97 articletotals        = {{articles}{arts\adddot}},,

```

```

98 clausetotal      = {{clause}{cl\adddot}},
99 clausestotals    = {{clauses}{cls\adddot}},
100 regulationtotal = {{regulation}{reg\adddot}},
101 regulationstotals = {{regulations}{regs\adddot}},
102 ruletotal        = {{rule}{r\adddot}},
103 ruletotals       = {{rules}{rr\adddot}},

```

- Types

```

104 facebook        = {{Facebook post}{Facebook post}},
105 tweet           = {{Twitter post}{Twitter post}},
106 podcast          = {{podcast}{podcast}},
107 clip             = {{video}{video}},
108 webcast          = {{webcast}{webcast}},
109 poster           = {{poster}{poster}},

```

- Miscellaneous

```

110 nolocation      = {{no place}{n\adddot p\adddot}},
111 modified         = {{last modified}{last modified}},
112 recorded         = {{recorded}{recorded}},
113 uploaded         = {{uploaded}{uploaded}},
114 filed            = {{filed}{filed}},
115 issued           = {{issued}{issued}},

```

- Labels

```

116 anon              = {{Anonymous}{Anon\adddot}},
117 pseudo            = {{Pseudo-}{Ps\adddot-}},
118 urldown           = {{downloaded}{downloaded}},

```

- Country names, patents, and patent requests,

```

119 countryjp        = {{Japan}{JP}},
120 patentjp         = {{Japanese patent}{Japanese pat.\adddot}},
121 patreqjp         = {{Japanese patent request}{Japanese pat.\adddot req.\adddot}},

```

- These are borrowed from other styles.

```

122 1column           = {{one column}{1\addnbspace col\adddot}},
123 2column           = {{two columns}{2\addnbspace col\adddot}},
124 inflayer          = {{inferior layer}{inf\addotspace lay\adddot}},
125 suplayer          = {{superior layer}{sup\addotspace lay\adddot}},
126 paper             = {{paper}{pap\adddot}},
127 papyrus           = {{papyrus}{papy\adddot}},
128 parchment         = {{pergament}{perg\adddot}},
129 eucase             = {{Case}{Case}},
130 eujoinedcases     = {{Joined Cases}{Joined Cases}},
131 commissiondecision = {{Commission Decision}{Commission Decision}},
132 application        = {{Application}{App\adddot}},
133 order              = {{Order}{Ord\adddot}},
134 bill               = {{Bill}{Bill}},
135 draft              = {{draft}{draft}},
136 opened             = {{opened for signature}{opened for signature}},
137 signed             = {{signed}{signed}},
138 adopted            = {{adopted}{adopted}},

```

139 inforce = {{entered into force}}{entered into force},

The rest of these strings are the standard ones, overridden to match the examples in the *Oxford Guide to Style* and *New Hart's Rules*. Many of these are guesses extrapolated from what is given.

The roles expressed as functions do not need adjusting. The roles expressed as actions do not typically end in 'by' when abbreviated; the 'with' parts go first when abbreviated if there is more than one editorial role (at least, that is one way of interpreting the examples).

```

140   byeditor      = {{edited by}}{ed\adddot},
141   bycompiler    = {{compiled by}}{comp\adddot},
142   byfounder     = {{founded by}}{found\adddot},
143   bycontinuator = {{continued by}}{cont\adddot},
144   byredactor    = {{redacted by}}{red\adddot},
145   byreviser     = {{revised by}}{rev\adddot},
146   byreviewer    = {{reviewed by}}{rev\adddot},
147   bycollaborator= {{in collaboration with}}{in collab\addotspace with}},
148   bytranslator   = {{translated \lbox@lfromlang\ by}}{trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang}},
149   bycommentator  = {{commented by}}{comm\adddot},
150   byannotator   = {{annotated by}}{annot\adddot},
151   byeditortr    = {{edited and translated \lbox@lfromlang\ by}}%
152           {ed\addotspace and trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang}},
153   byeditorco    = {{edited and commented by}}%
154           {ed\addotspace and comm\adddot},
155   byeditoran    = {{edited and annotated by}}%
156           {ed\addotspace and annot\adddot},
157   byeditorin    = {{edited, with an introduction, by}}%
158           {ed.\addotspace with introduction}},
159   byeditorfo    = {{edited, with a foreword, by}}%
160           {ed.\addotspace with foreword}},
161   byeditoraf    = {{edited, with an afterword, by}}%
162           {ed.\addotspace with afterword}},
163   byeditortrco  = {{edited, translated \lbox@lfromlang\finalandcomma\ and commented by}}%
164           {ed.,\addabrvspace trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang\finalandcomma\ and%
165           \rightarrow comm\adddot}},
166   byeditortran  = {{edited, translated \lbox@lfromlang\finalandcomma\ and annotated by}}%
167           {ed.,\addabrvspace trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang\finalandcomma\ and%
168           \rightarrow annot\adddot}},
169   byeditortrin  = {{edited and translated \lbox@lfromlang, with an introduction, by}}%
170           {with introduction, ed\addotspace and trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang}},
171   byeditortrfo  = {{edited and translated \lbox@lfromlang, with a foreword, by}}%
172           {with foreword, ed\addotspace and trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang}},
173   byeditortraf = {{edited and translated \lbox@lfromlang, with an afterword, by}}%
174           {with afterword, ed\addotspace and trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang}},
175   byeditorcoin  = {{edited and commented, with an introduction, by}}%
176           {with introduction, ed\addotspace and comm\adddot},
177   byeditorcofo  = {{edited and commented, with a foreword, by}}%
178           {with foreword, ed\addotspace and comm\adddot},
179   byeditorcoaf  = {{edited and commented, with an afterword, by}}%
180           {with afterword, ed\addotspace and comm\adddot},
181   byeditoranin  = {{edited and annotated, with an introduction, by}}%
182           {with introduction, ed\addotspace and annot\adddot},
183   byeditoranfo  = {{edited and annotated, with a foreword, by}}%
184           {with foreword, ed\addotspace and annot\adddot},
185   byeditoranaf  = {{edited and annotated, with an afterword, by}}%
186           {with afterword, ed\addotspace and annot\adddot},
186   byeditortrcoin= {{edited, translated \lbox@lfromlang\finalandcomma\ and commented, with%
           \rightarrow an introduction, by}}%
           {with introduction, ed.,\addabrvspace trans\adddot\%
           \rightarrow \lbox@sfromlang\finalandcomma\ and comm\adddot}},

```

```

187 byeditortrcofo = {{edited, translated \lbox@lfromlang\finalandcomma} and commented, with a
188   ↵ foreword, by}%
189   {with foreword, ed.,\addabbrvspace trans\adddot\
190     ↵ \lbox@sfromlang\finalandcomma and comm\adddot},,
191 byeditortrcoaf = {{edited, translated \lbox@lfromlang\finalandcomma} and commented, with
192   ↵ an afterword, by}%
193   {with afterword, ed.,\addabbrvspace trans\adddot\
194     ↵ \lbox@sfromlang\finalandcomma and comm\adddot},,
195 byeditortranin = {{edited, translated \lbox@lfromlang\finalandcomma} and annotated, with
196   ↵ an introduction, by}%
197   {with introduction, ed.,\addabbrvspace trans\adddot\
198     ↵ \lbox@sfromlang\finalandcomma and annot\adddot},,
199 byeditortranfo = {{edited, translated \lbox@lfromlang\finalandcomma} and annotated, with a
200   ↵ foreword, by}%
201   {with foreword, ed.,\addabbrvspace trans\adddot\
202     ↵ \lbox@sfromlang\finalandcomma and annot\adddot},,
203 byeditortranaf = {{edited, translated \lbox@lfromlang\finalandcomma} and annotated, with
204   ↵ an afterword, by}%
205   {with afterword, ed.,\addabbrvspace trans\adddot\
206     ↵ \lbox@sfromlang\finalandcomma and annot\adddot},,
207 bytranslatorco = {{translated \lbox@lfromlang\ and commented by}%
208   {trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang\ and comm\adddot},,
209 bytranslatoran = {{translated \lbox@lfromlang\ and annotated by}%
210   {trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang\ and annot\adddot},,
211 bytranslatorin = {{translated \lbox@lfromlang, with an introduction, by}%
212   {trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang\ with introduction},,
213 bytranslatorfo = {{translated \lbox@lfromlang, with a foreword, by}%
214   {trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang\ with foreword}},,
215 bytranslatoraf = {{translated \lbox@lfromlang, with an afterword, by}%
216   {trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang\ with afterword}},,
217 bytranslatorcoin = {{translated \lbox@lfromlang\ and commented, with an introduction, by}%
218   {with introduction, trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang\ and comm\adddot}},,
219 bytranslatorcofo = {{translated \lbox@lfromlang\ and commented, with a foreword, by}%
220   {with foreword, trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang\ and comm\adddot}},,
221 bytranslatorcoaf = {{translated \lbox@lfromlang\ and commented, with an afterword, by}%
222   {with afterword, trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang\ and comm\adddot}},,
223 bytranslatorinan = {{translated \lbox@lfromlang\ and annotated, with an introduction, by}%
224   {with introduction, trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang\ and annot\adddot}},,
225 bytranslatoranfo = {{translated \lbox@lfromlang\ and annotated, with a foreword, by}%
226   {with foreword, trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang\ and annot\adddot}},,
227 bytranslatoranaf = {{translated \lbox@lfromlang\ and annotated, with an afterword, by}%
228   {with afterword, trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang\ and annot\adddot}},,

```

The roles expressed as objects and terms for supplementary material are not abbreviated.

```

219 withinintroduction = {{with an introduction by}{with an introduction by}},
220 withcommentator = {{with a commentary by}{with a commentary by}},
221 withannotator = {{with annotations by}{with annotations by}},
222 withinintroduction = {{with an introduction by}{with an introduction by}},
223 withforeword = {{with a foreword by}{with a foreword by}},
224 withafterword = {{with an afterword by}{with an afterword by}},
225 introduction = {{introduction}{introduction}},,

```

The abbreviations for some publication details are different.

```

226 newseries = {{new series}{\mkbibacro{NS}}},
227 oldseries = {{old series}{\mkbibacro{OS}}},
228 edition = {{edition}{edn\adddot}},
229 reprint = {{reprint\nopunct}{repr\adddot\nopunct}},,
230 reviewof = {{review of}{review of}},,
231 reprintas = {{reprinted as}{repr\adddot\nospace as}},,

```

```

232 reprintfrom      = {{from}{from}},
233 translationas   = {{English translation as}{Eng\addotspace trans\addotspace as}},
234 origpubin       = {{originally published in}{originally pub\adddot}},

```

There is also a different abbreviation for ‘paragraph’.

```

235 paragraph        = {{paragraph}{para\adddot}},
236 paragraphs       = {{paragraphs}{paras\adddot}},

```

New Hart’s Rules uses ‘accessed’ for URL dates.

```

237 urlseen          = {{accessed}{accessed}},

```

Scholarly citation terms are abbreviated. Oxford style is to use ‘henceforth’ for shorthands and ‘at’ to cite a page within a range.

```

238 idem              = {{idem}{id\adddot}},
239 idemsm            = {{idem}{id\adddot}},
240 idemsf            = {{eadem}{ead\adddot}},
241 idemsn            = {{idem}{id\adddot}},
242 idempm            = {{eidem}{eid\adddot}},
243 idempf            = {{eaedem}{eaed\adddot}},
244 idempn            = {{eadem}{ead\adddot}},
245 idempp            = {{eidem}{eid\adddot}},
246 citedas          = {{henceforth}{henceforth}},
247 thiscite          = {{at}{at}},

```

Languages are abbreviated.

```

248 langamerican     = {{English}{Eng\adddot}},
249 langbrazilian    = {{Brazilian}{Braz\adddot}},
250 langcatalan      = {{Catalan}{Catal\adddot}},
251 langcroatian     = {{Croatian}{Croat\adddot}},
252 langczech         = {{Czech}{Czech}},
253 langdanish        = {{Danish}{Dan\adddot}},
254 langdutch         = {{Dutch}{Dutch}},
255 langenglish       = {{English}{Eng\adddot}},
256 langestonian      = {{Estonian}{Eston\adddot}},
257 langfinnish       = {{Finnish}{Finn\adddot}},
258 langfrench         = {{French}{Fr\adddot}},
259 langgerman        = {{German}{Ger\adddot}},
260 langgreek          = {{Greek}{Gr\adddot}},
261 langitalian        = {{Italian}{It\adddot}},
262 langlatin          = {{Latin}{Lat\adddot}},
263 langnorwegian     = {{Norwegian}{Norw\adddot}},
264 langpolish         = {{Polish}{Pol\adddot}},
265 langportuguese    = {{Portuguese}{Port\adddot}},
266 langrussian        = {{Russian}{Russ\adddot}},
267 langslovene        = {{Slovene}{Slov\adddot}},
268 langspanish         = {{Spanish}{Sp\adddot}},
269 langswedish        = {{Swedish}{Swed\adddot}},
270 }

```

5.2 British English: british-oxref.lbx

Here we set some language-specific punctuation and date formatting.

```
20 \InheritBibliographyExtras{british}
21 \DeclareBibliographyExtras{%
```

The only difference from the standard British date format is that we print it ‘clean’, with a cardinal instead of an ordinal day.

```
22 \protected\def\mkbibdatelong#1#2#3{%
23   \iffieldundef{#3}{}
24     {}
25     {\stripzeros{\thefield{#3}}%
26      \iffieldundef{#2}{}{\nobreakspace}}%
27   \iffieldundef{#2}{}
28     {}
29     {\mkbibmonth{\thefield{#2}}%
30      \iffieldundef{#1}{}{\space}}%
31   \iffieldbibstring{#1}{%
32     {\bibstring{\thefield{#1}}%
33      {\dateeraprintpre{#1}\stripzeros{\thefield{#1}}}}%
```

As you’d expect from an Oxford style, we use the Oxford comma, and use a period as the time separator.

```
34 \def\finalandcomma{\addcomma}%
35 \def\bibtimesep{\addperiod}%
36 }
```

We use the British abbreviations for 12-hour clock times.

```
37 \DeclareBibliographyStrings{%
38   inherit      = {english},
39   am           = {{a}\adddot m\adddot}{a\adddot m\adddot},%
40   pm           = {{p}\adddot m\adddot}{p\adddot m\adddot},%
41 }
```

5.3 American English: american-oxref.lbx

```
20 \InheritBibliographyExtras{english}
21 \DeclareBibliographyExtras{\uspunctuation}
22 \InheritBibliographyStrings{english}
```

5.4 Other languages

Currently oxref only supports British and American English explicitly, but if there is demand more languages may be added. If you would like to contribute support for your language, a list of the non-standard bibliography strings requiring definition may be found in section 2.1.1.