

The numeric-comp style

This style is similar to `numeric` except that a list of multiple citations is sorted and any sequence of more than two consecutive numbers is formatted as a range. This style will implicitly enable the `sortcites` package option at load time.

Additional package options

The subentry option

The option `subentry` affects the handling of citations referring to members of a reference set. If this option is enabled, such citations get an extra letter which identifies the member (it is also printed in the bibliography): [4a,c, 5, 7b,c]. This option is disabled by default, but it has been enabled in this example. If disabled, citations referring to a set member will point to the entire set, i.e., the above citations would come out as [4, 5, 7].

The subentrycomp option

The option `subentrycomp` controls whether or not citations to subentries of the same sets are compressed as well. It only becomes relevant if `subentry` is set to `true`, with `subentry=false` it has no effect. If `subentrycomp` is enabled, subentries that belong to the same set are shown in a more compact form: [4a,c, 5, 7a–c].

If the option is disabled, subentries of sets are shown as in the `numeric` style: [4a, 4c, 5, 7a, 7b, 7c].

This option is implemented for backwards compatibility, earlier versions of `biblatex` behaved like `subentrycomp=false`, current versions have `subentrycomp=true` enabled.

Multiple citations

[1, 2]

[1–3, 5, 8]

[1–3, 6–9]

[1–9]

[4b, 7c]

Multiple citations with \supercite

This is just filler text.^{1,2}

This is just filler text.^{1–3,5,8}

This is just filler text.^{1–3,6–9}

This is just filler text.^{1–9}

This is just filler text.^{4b,7c}

References

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